

Title: **Influence of Climate Change and Natural Disasters for Fishing Communities and Propose Appropriate Policies**

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Abstract: Data were collected and investigated on 33 communes, 86 villages with a total area of 22,000 ha lagoon. The research are applied with quantitative and qualitative applications. The results were conducted in stable livelihood in the long-term, ensuring life. The results were showed the thousand of residents, the socio-economic situation, education level, working age, income. The age and education level influenced on the exploitation and aquatuc resources. General characteristics of the sampan inhabitants to live on the water facilities for fishing activities, living simply eating, bathing, washing is done on water and water carried in all, they also are not interested in the problems. They accepted with an unstable and moving and regional and fishing gears. The climate change influenced on aquaculture activities and sampan communities, more than 60% changed in fishing capture for livelihood. There were 59.2% and too many fluctuations in climate weather. In addition, up to 81.6% of respondents said that the typhoon in the last 5 years is worse evolutions. There were 42.9% of people were problems by water level changes 75% live are being gradually exhausted. The results have shown clearly that the chemical in fresh or salt chemical lagoons ongoing serious. There were 85.7% for those situation salty/sweet goods affect lives and their livelihoods. Understanding and forecasting on climate change for a good solution to responsible to climate and resources change, 81.9% of respondents. In particularly, a highest of 89.1% in 2 districts. The respondents in all three districts.