

U. S. SENATOR GEO. W. McBRIDE.



George Washington McBride is a native son of Oregon, having been born in Yamhill county in 1854. He is a son of Dr. James McBride who was well known as one of the earliest and sturdiest pioneers of this State. Senator McBride was educated in the common schools and at Willamette University, Salem, and the Christian College, (now the State Normal School) at Monmouth. In 1867 his parents left Yamhill county and located at St. Helens, Columbia county, which

place he has made his home ever since. In 1882 he was elected to the Oregon House of Representatives, and was subsequently chosen speaker of that body. In 1886 Mr. McBride was nominated by the Republicans for Secretary of State, and was elected. His popularity is attested by the fact that the two principal nominees on the ticket with him—Governor and Treasurer—were defeated. Mr. McBride performed the duties of his office so satisfactorily that he was renominated by acclamation in 1890, and re-elected by a handsome majority. He served out the full term and retired January 14, 1895, to give way to his successor. He was elected U. S. Senator by the Oregon Legislature on February 23, 1895, at 11:55 p. m., five minutes before its adjournment, as a compromise candidate, receiving the full Republican vote: the vote on that memorable evening stood as follows:

	1	2	3	5	9	11	13	15	16	17	18	19	20	23
McBride	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	2	3	72
Hare	10	10	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Raley	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Weatherford ..	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dolph	38	38	37	37	37	36	37	37	37	37	36	36	32	0
Lord	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	30	0
Tongue	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	31	31	32	31	32	2	0
Lowell	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	0
Waldo	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fulton	2	2	2	32	32	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Williams	30	29	31	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
George	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Senator McBride comes from an old and very well known Oregon family. He has several brothers who have achieved leading positions in the law and in medicine. One brother is Judge T. A. McBride, of the fifth judicial district. Another brother is John R. McBride, formerly Congressman from this State, and now a prominent lawyer of Spokane. A third, Dr. McBride, is a leading physician of Wisconsin.

It was Senator McBride's early purpose to become a lawyer, and with that end in view, after leaving school, he entered the law office of Judge S. C. Moorland, of Portland. He remained three years, but during a great part of the time he suffered much from bad health and did not make the progress he desired. Senator McBride did not, however, give up his design until his physical condition rendered it absolutely necessary. He then engaged in mercantile pursuits in Columbia county, where he had large property interests. During much of the time he was Secretary of State Mr. McBride battled with physical weakness, but his will was strong and he was able to be almost constantly at his post of duty and personally to administer the manifold duties of his office. It is well known that the office of Secretary of State has never been conducted more satisfactorily to the people than during Mr. McBride's two terms. Recently he made a journey to New York for the purpose—so it was stated at the time—of placing himself in the hands of eminent physicians, it appears with very satisfactory results.

Senator McBride is often called an "Oregon Boy." With the exception of two years spent in San Francisco, he has always lived in Oregon. Personally he possesses a charming address, which has doubtless had much to do with his political success. Senator McBride is not married.

REPRESENTATIVES TO U. S. CONGRESS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—Benton, Clackamas. Coast Indian Reservation, Coos. Curry, Douglas, Jackson. Josephine, Klamath, Lake, Lane. Linn. Marion, Polk, Tillamook, Washington, and Yamhill—16 counties; population. 155,562.

HON. BINGER HERMAN, of Roseburg, was born at Lonaconing, Allegany county, Maryland, February 19, 1843; was educated in the rural schools of Western Maryland and at the Independent Academy (afterwards Irving College), near Baltimore City; removed to Oregon, taught country schools, studied law, was admitted to the Supreme Court of Oregon in 1866, and has practiced law continuously since; was elected to the Oregon Legislature (lower house) in 1866, and was State Senator in 1868; was Deputy Collector of United States Internal Revenue for Southern Oregon, 1868-71; was Receiver of Public Moneys at the United States Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, under appointment by President Grant, 1871-73; was Judge-Advocate, with the rank of Colonel, in the Oregon State Militia, 1882-84; was elected to the Forty-ninth, Fiftieth, Fifty-first, and Fifty-second Congresses, and was re-elected to the Fifty-third Congress as a Republican, receiving 18,929 votes, against 13,019 votes for Veatch, Democrat, 7,518 votes for Rork, People's, and 1,285 votes for Rigdon, Prohibitionist.

SECOND DISTRICT.

COUNTIES.—Baker, Crook, Clatsop, Columbia, Gillman. Grant, Harney. Malheur, Morrow, Multnomah, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, and Wasco—15 counties; population, 158,205.

HON. WILLIAM R. ELLIS, of Heppner, was born near Waveland, Montgomery county, Indiana, April 23, 1850; removed to Guthrie county, Iowa, in 1855; worked on farm and attended district school until he was eighteen years of age; divided his time between teaching country schools and working on farms until after arriving at majority; attended school for a while at the Iowa State Agricultural College, at Ames, Iowa; graduated from the Law Department of the Iowa State University, at Iowa City, in June, 1874; practiced law and engaged in newspaper work at Hamburg, Iowa; served two years as City Attorney and one term as Mayor of that city; removed to Oregon in 1883; has lived in Heppner since 1884; served one term as County Superintendent of Schools, and three terms as District Attorney of the Seventh Judicial District of Oregon; was elected to the Fifty-third Congress as a Republican, receiving 15,659 votes, against 12,120 votes for ex-United States Senator James H. Slater, Democrat, and 5,940 votes for John C. Luce, Farmer's Alliance and People's, and 1,178 votes for Cornelius J. Bright, Prohibitionist.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM P. LORD.

Governor Lord (whose portrait appears opposite the title page) was born at Dover, Del., in 1838; he is descended from one of the old Delaware families, and graduated from Fairfield College, N. Y., in 1860, with the highest honors of his class. Immediately upon finishing his college course he began the study of law in the office of Judge Fisher, who won fame in the trial of Mrs. Surratt, and later filled the important position of First Auditor of the Treasury during President Harrison's administration. The commencement of the civil war came when young Lord had been engaged in his studies but six months, and he immediately abandoned them to enter the First Delaware cavalry. For the two succeeding years he was with this command, and was then detailed on the staff of Gen. Lew Wallace, and ordered to Baltimore to discharge the duties of Judge Advocate on a military commission. Although the youngest officer in the service filling so responsible a position, Judge Lord displayed such signal ability that for eighteen consecutive months he continued to discharge the onerous duties of that office to the entire satisfaction of the War Department and President Lincoln. The road was just opening for his promotion to the post of Judge Advocate General, when the assassination of President Lincoln changed the entire conduct of the Government. During the interval between the close of the war and his acceptance of a commission in the army in 1866, he graduated at the law school at Albany and was admitted to the bar of New York. Upon the close of the war Major Lord was transferred to the regular artillery, and ordered to the Pacific Slope, the next few years being spent in this service. Becoming profoundly impressed with the future of Oregon, then just opening, he resigned his commission in 1868, settling down at Salem, and here formed a law-partnership with an old war comrade, Col. N. B. Knight. He served as City Attorney for several years, representing the city in many important cases, particularly the celebrated court house case, which he conducted in such a masterly manner as to win success for the city. He was elected State Senator in 1878, and in 1880 was elected to the Supreme Bench. Drawing the short term he was for two years Chief Justice, and was elected for a full term. In 1888 he was re-elected for the term expiring January 1, 1895. His decisions were characterized by a profundity of knowledge of the law, fearless declaration of the right regardless of the personality of litigants, broadness of view and cogency of thought and logic. In June, 1894, he was elected Governor on the Republican ticket, receiving the grand total of 41,034 votes, giving him a plurality of more than 15,000. Governor Lord assumed executive control of the State on January 16, 1895, and the experience gained by him when on the Supreme Bench fits him most admirably for the duties as Chief Executive of this State.

HON. HARRISON R. KINCAID.—SECRETARY OF STATE.



Harrison R. Kincaid, was born in Indiana, eighteen miles northeast of Indianapolis, January 3, 1836. From his eighth to tenth year he traveled with his father and mother with a team, camping out in summer and housing up in winter, through Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky. The remainder of the time up to his seventeenth birthday was spent in working upon the farm, and in attending country schools a small portion of the time. In 1853, in his eighteenth year, he came with his parents to Oregon. He drove an ox team all the way from Indiana to the Willamette valley. They crossed the Mississippi river at Burlington on the ice and the Missouri river at Council Bluffs on a steamboat. There was not a house then where the city of Omaha now stands, and no settlements along the emigrant trail west of the Missouri river until they arrived at Foster's near Oregon City. In October, 1853, they settled near Eugene, where Mr. Kincaid has resided ever

since. He cut and split rails and fenced a part of his father's donation claim, worked at digging in the mill race at Springfield, near Eugene, and in the harvest field. In the spring of 1855 he went to Southern Oregon on foot, and worked in the mines on Althouse creek during that summer. When work in the mines was stopped by the Indians killing a good many miners, he went on foot, carrying his blankets and cooking utensils, over the Coast mountains to Crescent City, California, and spent the winter there in making rails and cutting cordwood in spruce and redwood timber. In the spring of 1856 he went to San Francisco by steamer, and spent nearly two years working in the mines and on ranches, in the Sierra Nevada mountains and in the Sacramento valley. He returned to Oregon by steamer from San Francisco to Portland in December, 1857, and arrived home in Eugene by steamboat to Corvallis and on foot the remainder of the distance about January 1, 1858. He worked on the farm near Eugene for some time. Then spent a year or two attending Columbia College at Eugene. Among his classmates were Joaquin Miller, J. F. Watson, (since Judge of the Second Judicial District and U. S. District Attorney), W. H. Byars, (since State Printer and now U. S. Surveyor General), J. J. Walton, J. D. Matlock, and others who have since been prominent in public affairs. In the summer of 1860 he commenced learning to set type in the *People's Press* office in Eugene, then the leading Republican paper of the State, and while its editor, B. J. Pengra, was canvassing the State for Lincoln and Hamlin, along with T. J. Dryer and Dr. Watkins, the three Republican nominees for Presidential electors, Kincaid, the young printer, wrote nearly all the editorials for the paper during that exciting Presidential campaign. In 1861 he made several trips over the Cascade mountains by the McKenzie trail with pack animals, crossing snow ten feet deep a distance of twenty miles the first trip, supplying provisions to the miners at Canyon City. In 1862 and 1863 he worked as a printer and editorial writer on the *State Republican*, and later on the *Union Crusader*, in Eugene. The first named paper was moved to Salem in April or May, 1863, and consolidated with the *Argus* from Oregon City. March 12, 1864, H. R. Kincaid issued the first number of the *Oregon State Journal* at Eugene, which he has continued to edit ever since, now for a period of over thirty years continuously. It has been remarkable for the candor, independence, consistency and uniform good judgment and fairness of its editorials, always expressing decided opinions on all important questions as they came up for discussion and decision, from time to time, and never waiting to ascertain what direction public opinion would take or what any other paper or person might say.

He served as a clerk in the U. S. Senate eleven years, terminating in June, 1879. In 1868 he was one of the six delegates from Oregon in the Republican National Convention at Chicago that nominated U. S. Grant for President and Schuyler Col-

fax for Vice-President, and was also a delegate in the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia in 1872, when Grant was nominated for President the second time, with Henry Wilson for Vice-President. In 1877 when the agitation in favor of remonetizing silver was first started he took sides promptly in favor of silver, and in editorials and in Washington correspondence in his paper vigorously supported silver, at a time when the only Republican in the Senate from Oregon opposed the measure, and when no other paper in Oregon supported it. He has been a firm and consistent supporter of silver money and bimetallism ever since for a period of seventeen years, until now public sentiment, as well as the public welfare, clearly demands it all over the Pacific Coast. He took a leading part in opposing, through editorials in his paper, the repeal by the legislature of the laws taxing mortgages and exempting indebtedness, last year, on the ground that it was class legislation favoring the wealthy at the expense of the laboring, enterprising people, who produce everything of value and frequently borrow and pay interest on all the capital they use, and by the repeal of those laws are now required by law to pay taxes in addition to interest on all their debts. On the other hand, he has vigorously opposed in the columns of his paper all schemes to rob people of their capital, whether it be much or little, by class legislation, calculated to confiscate the lands, houses, money, or property of any person, whether it be by the issuance of fiat money, the adoption of a single tax on land, or any other scheme to enable some of the people to live for a time without work on the accumulated savings of others, who have been more industrious, more frugal, or more successful than themselves. And in doing this, he has criticised the public acts and statements of Governor Penoyer as tending to demoralize the American people, and lead to anarchy, poverty and ruin, by destroying all property rights and all incentives to labor and accumulate property, leading down to murder, famine and savagery. While he was a clerk in the Senate at Washington he was nominated, without solicitation or desire on his part, by the Republican State Convention held at Portland in 1870, for State Printer. The Republicans were in a minority at that time and none of their State candidates were elected, but Mr. Kincaid came nearer being elected than any other candidate on the State ticket, being defeated by a majority of only 493 votes in a total of 22,809. His name has often been suggested by friends for county and State offices but he always declined to be a candidate. When his name was first suggested for Secretary of State by a Salem paper he published an editorial in his paper at Eugene saying he was not a candidate for that or any other office. He did not consent to allow his name to be used until many other favorable expressions had voluntarily appeared in the papers—Republican, Democratic and Populist—and many private letters had been received urging him to be a candidate. The unanimous support of the 163 delegates in the Lane county Republican Convention was entirely voluntary on their part, not a man in the county having been asked by Mr. Kincaid to support him, and his nomination by the Republican State Convention was in the same manner, the free and unbiased choice of a majority of the delegates. In June, 1894, Mr. Kincaid was elected to the office of Secretary of State on the Republican ticket by 41,125 votes, giving him the astounding plurality of 22,124 over Hon. Chas. Nickell, the Democratic candidate. Secretary of State Kincaid entered upon the duties of his department January 16, 1895. He has always been industrious, temperate, economical, careful, accurate, and prompt in all things. He has performed a vast amount of physical and mental labor, and is capable of doing more hard work now than the average man of half his age. Having managed his own business successfully, often under very unfavorable circumstances, he is a safe man to trust with public business, and is peculiarly well qualified to discharge the responsible and important duties of Secretary of State.

HON. CICERO M. IDLEMAN.—ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Hon. C. M. Idleman was born in the Buckeye State 37 years ago, and his early education and initiation into practical affairs of life were had in that State. His first start was made in the railway mail service on the Baltimore & Ohio line. He devoted all the time at his disposal to the study of law, and in 1883 was admitted to practice in the courts of Ohio.

Mr. Idleman came to Oregon in 1885, and in copartnership with two well-known jurists established the firm of Johnson, McCowan & Idleman. This firm immediately took high rank in the profession, and Mr. Idleman has personally conducted many important cases with distinguished success. Professionally and socially Mr. Idleman is regarded as one of the brightest and most talented men of the State. He was elected to the office of Attorney General, in June, 1894, on the Republican ticket, receiving 40,549 votes, giving him an overwhelming majority.

HON. WILLIAM H. LEEDS.—STATE PRINTER.

Hon. W. H. Leeds, State Printer, was born in New Jersey, and is still under 40 years of age. In 1877 Mr. Leeds moved to Tacoma, Wash., where he engaged in the newspaper and printing business until 1878, when he took up a permanent abode at Ashland, establishing the *Ashland Tidings*, which stands to-day among the leading journals of Southern Oregon. Not only in that section, but throughout the entire State, the *Tidings* has become a household word as a strong, brainy journal. Until his nomination for State Printer by the Republicans in 1894 Mr. Leeds had always refused to run for any office. He is well equipped for the position to which he was elected, and will bring the result of years of practical experience to bear in the discharge of his duties. Through his journal Mr. Leeds has for many years been the mainstay of his party in Jackson, Josephine, Lake and Klamath counties, and his selection for the office of State Printer by the Republicans is only a well-deserved reward for his work.

HON. GEORGE M. IRWIN—SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.



George M. Irwin was born in Zanesville, Ohio, and while a boy of six years his then widowed mother removed with him and her older children, a brother and sister, to Illinois. His opportunities for education were very limited, being only about three months a year. At the age of 18 he went to Ohio and entered the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delavan. Returning to Illinois, he entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, in the Central Illinois Conference. After serving several charges, he was by Bishop Bowman appointed presiding elder, and was the youngest man who had at that time ever been advanced to that responsible office. He held this office the full length of time allowed, and then returned

to the pastorate of some of the most important charges of the church in

that part of the State. During the entire term of his ministerial service he was definitely associated with the progressive educational enterprises of the church, being a member of the Board of Trustees both for the Illinois Wesleyan University and Hedding College. Of the latter he was for a number of years the Secretary of the Board, and an active member of the Executive Board. When the war of the Rebellion broke out he was among the first to offer his services, and in August, 1861, was elected Chaplain of the 44th Illinois Volunteers. Being too active in disposition to serve merely in the routine of the duties of chaplain, he became Volunteer Aid on the Brigade Staff, in which capacity he served for some time. In about fifteen months his health failed so much by the exposure to which he was subject, that he was compelled to resign, and returned again to the ministry. Though really at no time thereafter physically able to enter again into the regular service, yet so anxious was he to assist, that he volunteered his services without compensation for use in the Christian and Sanitary Commissions, and spent the winter of '64 and '65 with the army in front of Richmond.

In 1880, his health becoming so impaired, he was induced by Bishop Bowman to transfer and try the high and dry atmosphere of Eastern Washington, and he was stationed at Walla Walla. In coming to that place he immediately saw the need of higher education, and believing that his church should be instrumental in the work he set himself to work to awaken an interest which developed in the founding of two institutions, one at Lewistown, Idaho, and the other at Spokane. In 1882 he was elected president of the Blue Mountain University, located at La Grande, Oregon, and immediately entered upon his work. For three years he prosecuted the work under great embarrassments and difficulties, realized in the fact of the country being new and the institution having no endowment. At the end of three years he found himself unable longer to continue the institution for the want of financial help, and therefore he resigned. Many evidences of the effectual nature of his work may be seen in the class of young men and women who in that part of the country attest to the effectiveness of his labors. Being a student of political economy, he saw the drift of political affairs during the first presidential term of Grover Cleveland, and when Harrison was nominated could not refrain from entering the arena of the political campaign, and through his efforts, largely, was Eastern Oregon redeemed from the control of Democracy. He was rewarded for his services by being appointed Superintendent of the Salem Indian Training School, which office he held for nearly three years, when harassed by criticisms, as such officers often unjustly are, he resigned; but the history of that institution will show as one of its most successful periods the one of which he was superintendent. In 1892 he was nominated an Elector on the Republican ticket and made a vigorous campaign. In April, 1894, he was nominated by the Republican convention to the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, and to his campaign efforts through Oregon, East of the Cascades, where he did most vigorous work for the entire month preceding the election, may be attributed the largely increased Republican majority, and the saving of several counties to the Republican party.

He entered on his work as Superintendent of Public Instruction on January 15, 1895, with the principles of thorough Republicanism attending him, believing they are the principles that can satisfy the demand for prosperity and build up the country. He seems to be at home in the pulpit or on the rostrum, and whenever he speaks or lectures he moves the people toward the goal of progress.

HON PHIL. METSCHAN—STATE TREASURER.



Hon. Philip Metschan was born in Germany 53 years ago, and when 12 years of age came to America, locating at Cincinnati, and has since resided at different times in Kansas, Colorado and California. He commenced life as a butcher, but has since been engaged in extensive mercantile pursuits, and is today looked upon as a leader in public affairs. In 1862 he journeyed to Oregon, and the following year settled in Grant county, where he afterwards filled many important offices with great credit. In 1865 he was elected county

treasurer and held that office four years; from 1876-78, he was county clerk; from 1882-86 county judge; and afterwards again county clerk. As Grant county was Democratic and Mr. Metschan a Republican, the enjoyment of these political honors shows in what high esteem he was held by his fellow-citizens. It was no wonder that nine years ago they enthusiastically pressed him for nomination for Secretary of State, nor that, after being defeated by Geo. W. McBride (now U. S. Senator) and espousing the cause of his successful opponent, they four years later urged his nomination for State Treasurer. In this they were successful, and he was elected in 1889 by Republican majorities unprece-

dented in Eastern Oregon. He served as State Treasurer from 1890-94. The Republican party recognized his sterling ability and purity of character, and the administration of his office made him so popular that he was re-nominated for a second term, and in June, 1894, was elected by a large majority over his Democratic and Populist opponents. He received 41,645 votes, giving him a plurality of 23,521 over the Democratic candidate. Hon. Phil. Metschan numbers his friends by the thousands from one end of the State to the other, irrespective of their nationality, and no American of native birth is a better American than he.

MEMBERS OF THE EIGHTEENTH BIENNIAL SESSION
OF THE
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
OF THE
STATE OF OREGON.
SENATORS.

Name.	Postoffice Address.	County.
Alley, B. F*—Rep	Florence	Lane
Bancroft, F. A*—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Beckley, Henry*—Dem-Pop	Elkton	Douglas
Brownell, Geo. C—Rep	Oregon City	Clackamas
Butler, N. L*—Dem	Monmouth	Polk
Calbreath, J. F—Rep	McMinnville	Yamhill
Carter, Tolbert—Rep	Wells	Benton
Cogswell, C. A*—Dem	Lakeview	Lake
Dawson, S. A—Rep	Albany	Linn
Denny, O. N*—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Gesner, Alonzo—Rep	Salem	Marion
Gowan, A. W—Rep	Burns	Harney
Hobson, W. H—Rep	Stayton	Marion
Holt, S. H—Pop	Medford	Jackson
Huston, S. B*—Dem	Hillsboro	Washington
Johnson, A. J—Rep	Scio	Linn
King, Will R—Pop	Baker City	Baker
Maxwell, J. W*—Rep	Tillamook	Tillamook
McAlister, D. A*—Dem	La Grande	Union
McClung, J. H—Rep	Eugene	Lane
McGinn, H. E*—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Patterson, I. L—Rep	Salem	Marion
Price, A. R—Rep	Weston	Umatilla
Raley, J. H*—Dem	Pendleton	Umatilla
Simon, Joseph—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Smith, J. A*—Dem	Moro	Sherman
Smith, John H—Dem	Astoria	Clatsop
Steiner, W. W*—Rep	Fossil	Gilliam
Vanderburg, W. S*—Peo	Marshfield	Coos
Woodard, C. H*—Rep	Portland	Multnomah

*Elected in 1892.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Name.	Postoffice Address.	County.
Baker, C. H—Rep.	Walterville	Lane
Barkley, Henry L—Rep	Woodburn	Marion
Beach, S. C—Rep.	Portland	Multnomah
Blundell, J. E—Rep	Canyonville	Douglas
Boothby, J. S—Rep	Lexington	Morrow
Bridges, J. T—Rep	Drain	Douglas
Buckman, Thos—Pop	Marshfield	Coos
Burke, W. E—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Burleigh, J. A—Pop	Joseph	Wallowa
Calvert, J. L—Rep	Hubbard	Marion
Cardwell, B. P—Rep.	Portland	Multnomah
Cleeton, T. J—Rep	St. Helens.	Columbia
Cole, Clarence—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Conn, Virgil—Rep	Paisley	Klamath
Coon, T. R—Rep	Hood River	Wasco
Cooper, T. H—Rep	Corvallis	Benton
Craig, David—Rep	Macleay	Marion
Curtis, C. J—Rep	Astoria	Clatsop
Daly, John D—Rep.	Toledo	Lincoln
David, J. E—Rep	Croy	Gilliam
Davis, E. J—Rep	Milton	Umatilla
Dunn, Geo. W—Rep	Ashland	Jackson
Gates, H. V—Rep	Hillsboro	Washington
Gowdy, J. T—Rep	Dayton	Yamhill
Guild, H. G—Rep	Sheridan	Yamhill
Gurdane, J. S—Rep	Ridge	Umatilla
Hillegas, M. J—Rep	Camp Creek	Lane
Hofer, E—Rep	Salem	Marion
Hope, I. W—Rep	Vale	Malheur
Huffman, C. D—Pop	La Grande	Union
Jeffrey, J. A—Pop	Herling	Jackson
Keyt, D. L—Rep	Perrydale	Polk
Lester, C. F—Rep	Astoria.	Clatsop
Long, J. M—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Lyle, A. R—Rep.	Cross Keys	Crook
McCraken, John—Rep.	Portland	Multnomah
McGreer, T. H—Rep	Antelope	Wasco
Mintie, F. L—Rep.	Oswego.	Clackamas
Moorhead, S. L—Rep	Junction City.	Lane
Moores, C. B—Rep	Salem	Marion
Myers, Geo. T—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Nealon, S. M—Pop	Table Rock.	Jackson
Patterson, Orin. L—Rep	Long Creek.	Grant
Paxton, O. F—Rep	Portland	Multnomah
Rinearson, G. O—Rep	Oregon City.	Clackamas
Scott, J. H—Rep	Tangent	Linn
Schlbrede, C. A—Rep.	Roseburg.	Douglas
Shutrum, Geo—Rep	Pendleton	Umatilla
Stanley, Calvin—Rep	Newberg	Yamhill
Stewart, Frank A—Pop	Ophir	Curry
Smith, C. B—Rep	Eagle Creek.	Clackamas
Smith, Ira S—Rep.	Monmouth	Polk
Smith, R. G—Rep	Grants Pass.	Josephine
Smith, T. Fleming—Rep	Halsey	Linn
Templeton, W. A—Rep	Brownsville	Linn
Thompson, E. H—Rep	Brower	Multnomah
Tigard, Chas. F—Rep	Tigardville	Washington
Wright, J. A—Rep	Sparta	Union
Yates, C. P—Rep	Manning	Washington
Young, John C—Pop	Baker City	Baker

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

President, Joseph Simon; Chief Clerk, Walter Sinclair, Coos; Assistant Clerk, A. W. Severance, Tillamook; Calendar Clerk, J. M. Stott, Multnomah; Reading Clerk, J. B. Huntington, Harney; Sergeant-at-Arms, C. B. Crosno, Lincoln; Doorkeeper, J. D. Irvine, Linn; Assistant Doorkeeper, J. L. Swafford, Clackamas; Mailing Clerk, L. H. Arneson, Multnomah; Pages, Thos. M. Dunn, and Newman W. Kellaway.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Agriculture and Forestry—Carter, Allen, and Denny.
 Assessment and Taxation—Woodard, Hobson, Steiwer, Price, Butler.
 Claims—Hobson, Carter, and Vanderburg.
 Commerce and Navigation—Alley, Hobson, and Smith of Clatsop.
 Counties—Maxwell, Woodard, Gesner, Johnson, and Smith of Sherman.
 Education—McClung, Steiwer, and Dawson.
 Engrossed Bills—McGinn, Maxwell, and Raley.
 Enrolled Bills—Calbreath, McClung, and Holt.
 Federal Relations—Hobson, Brownell, and Holt.
 Fishing Industries—Patterson, Bancroft, and Cogswell.
 Horticulture—Maxwell, McClung, and King.
 Insurance and Banking—Johnson, McGinn, and King.
 Irrigation—Denny, Steiwer, and Price.
 Judiciary—Denny, Brownell, Gowan, Huston, and Cogswell.
 Medicine, Pharmacy and Dentistry—Calbreath, Woodard, and Brownell.
 Military Affairs—Gowan, Gesner, and Beckley.
 Mining—Johnson, Patterson, and Vanderburg.
 Municipal Corporations—Price, Calbreath, and McAlister.
 Penal Institutions—Woodard, Patterson, and Johnson.
 Privileges and Elections—Bancroft, Patterson, and McAlister.
 Printing—Alley, Bancroft, and Raley.
 Public Buildings—Gesner, McGinn, and Beckley.
 Public Lands—Steiwer, Gesner, Gowan, Huston, and Price.
 Railroads—Brownell, Gowan, Maxwell, Raley, and Cogswell.
 Revision of Laws—McGinn, Carter, Alley, Smith of Clatsop, and Butler.
 Roads and Highways—Dawson, Carter, Denny, Price, Smith of Sherman.
 Ways and Means—Patterson, Bancroft, Calbreath, Dawson, and Raley.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

Speaker of the House, C. B. Moores, Marion; Chief Clerk, R. E. Moody, Multnomah; Assistant Clerk, A. V. R. Snyder, Polk; Calendar Clerk, H. T. McClallen, Douglas; Reading Clerk, Geo. R. Hughes, Washington; Sergeant-at-Arms, M. L. Wilmot, Lane; Doorkeeper, C. L. Parmenter, Marion; Gallery Doorkeeper, C. Eisenberg, Wasco; Mailing Clerk, J. A. Peckham, Multnomah; Pages, Gussie Russell, Paul Vandersol, and John Porter.

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Agriculture—Craig, Dunn, and Keyt.
 Alcoholic Traffic—Tigard, Hope, and Nealon.
 Assessment and Taxation—Long, Conn, Patterson, Burke, and David.
 Banking and Insurance—Hofer, Templeton, and Paxton.
 Claims—Smith of Linn, Cooper, and Hillegas.
 Capitol Building and Grounds—Blundell, Calvert, and Buckman.
 Commerce—McCracken, Lester, Daly, Cardwell, and Templeton.
 Counties—Lyle, Templeton, Hope, McGreer, and Shutrum.
 Corporations—Bridges, Cardwell, and Tigard.
 Education—Barkley, Blundell, Cleeton, Conn, and Jeffrey.
 Elections—Beach, Baker, Smith of Clackamas, Patterson, Buckman.
 Engrossed Bills—Sehlbrede, Moorhead, and Smith of Linn.
 Enrolled Bills—Gates, Hofer, and Stanley.
 Federal Relations—Smith of Polk, McCracken, and Huffman.
 Fisheries and Game—Lester, Myers, Coon, Bridges, and Stewart.
 Food and Dairy Products—Yates, Rinearson, and Smith of Polk.
 Horticulture—Coon, Yates, and Rinearson.
 Indian Affairs—Cooper, Gowdy, and Gurdane.
 Internal Improvements—Cleeton, Mintie and McGreer.
 Irrigation—Davis, Wright, and Conn.
 Judiciary—Paxton, Long, Sehlbrede, Smith of Josephine, and Cole.
 Labor—Stanley, Curtis, and Mintie.
 Manufacturers—Scott, Davis, and Nealon.
 Medicine and Pharmacy—Smith of Clackamas, Calvert, and Smith of Linn.
 Military Affairs—Baker, Mintie, and Yates.
 Mining—Dunn, Scott, and Young.
 Penal, Reformatory and Charitable Institutions—Myers, Gurdane, Burleigh.
 Printing—Curtis, Beach, and Guild.
 Public Lands—Thompson, Blundell, Cardwell, Shutrum, and Stewart.
 Public Morals—Boothby, Barkley, and Burleigh.
 Public Library—Keyt, Cole, and Lyle.
 Railways and Transportation—Smith of Josephine, Gates, Daly, Thompson, Guild.
 Reading of Minutes—Hofer, Moorhead, and Young.
 Roads and Highways—David, Craig, and Huffman.
 Rules and Joint Rules—Jeffrey, Hillegas, and Calvert.
 Salaries and Mileage—Moorhead, Patterson, and Gowdy.
 Statistics and Immigration—Young, Boothby, and Burke.
 Ways and Means—Wright, Gates, Paxton, Smith of Polk, and Hofer.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.



HON. JOSEPH SIMON, PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

Foremost among the men who have represented Multnomah county in the State Senate is Hon. Joseph Simon. Mr. Simon came to Oregon with his parents in 1857, and assisted his father in his mercantile business and attended the public schools. He was a close and diligent student and reaped the full benefit of the schools of those days. In 1870 he entered the law office of Mitchell & Dolph, and 1872 was admitted to the bar. He was soon after admitted to partnership with the firm, a tribute to his ability as a lawyer and character as a man that was well deserved. In a few years he established a reputation as a lawyer of pronounced ability and his legal opinions were recognized as reliable and sound. In this respect no attorney of the Oregon Bar ranks higher today than Mr. Simon. While in no degree neglecting his profession, but always giving the full benefit of his learning and energy to his clients, Mr. Simon has

always taken a deep interest in politics, and is an acknowledged leader in the Republican party, owing to his political sagacity and ability as an organizer and executive. In 1877 he was chosen to the city council from the second ward, and for three years served in that capacity, being for a portion of the time President of the Council and Acting Mayor of the city. In 1878 as Secretary of the Republican State Central Committee, he managed the campaign so successfully that in 1880 he was made chairman of the committee. It was at that time that his marked ability as a leader and political general first received recognition. He contributed not a little to republican success. In 1880 he was elected to the State Senate and was made chairman of the committee on railroads and a member of the judiciary committee. He soon gained a wide reputation as a legislator and a hard worker in the practical and necessary detail of legislation. By re-election Mr. Simon remained in the Senate until the session of 1891, during which he served as President of that body, performing his duties thoroughly and so promptly that business was expedited and legislation promoted. In 1893 he was again elected to represent Multnomah county in the Senate, and no sooner had the Legislature opened, on January 14, 1895, than he was at once unanimously re-elected President of the Senate. His prudence, executive ability, sagacity, and marked gentlemanly tact were demonstrated frequently in measures he assisted to pass or was instrumental in defeating. Mr. Simon was police commissioner for the city of Portland for several years, and in that position displayed the same executive ability he has shown in whatever he has undertaken. This ability has constantly been at the service of the Republican party, in whose councils he has displayed great wisdom, and in whose management, when intrusted to him, as it has been frequently, he has exhibited a high degree of generalship. He has not been a political leader so long without making enemies, chiefly of aspirants for office, either petty or great, who have not been able to use him to attain their ends. Positive characters like his always have their negatives. For this reason there is some little opposition to Mr. Simon and to his prominence in party management; it is to be hoped that the State and county will not be deprived of his valuable services, and especially that the Republican party will not lose the benefit of his experience, executive ability, and earnest labor for many years to come.

SENATOR JOHN H. SMITH.

John H. Smith, Senator from Clatsop county, was born in St. Helens, Oregon, in 1862. He received his education at the Willamette University and McMinnville College; of the latter institution he was the first graduate. Mr. Smith studied law at the Washington and Lee College in Virginia, and graduated at the head of his class about seven years ago. He was the only Democrat elected to the Legislature in 1894. Mr. Smith is the attorney of the Columbia River Fishermen's Union, and is justly looked upon as the firm friend and champion of the workingman.

SENATOR BENJAMIN F. ALLEY.

B. F. Alley, hold-over Senator from Lane county, was born in New York State in 1840. His early life was full of hardships and struggles for an education. For a number of years he made his home in Illinois, enlisting in the army in 1861 and marching with Sherman to the sea. In 1874 Mr. Alley moved to California and later in 1883 to Oregon. In 1890 he settled with his wife at Florence, establishing *The West*, a weekly newspaper, of which he has since been sole editor and proprietor. Mr. Alley has twice been elected Mayor of Florence. He was a prominent figure of the Legislature of 1895, and is a free-silver Republican.



SENATOR F. A. BANCROFT.

F. A. Bancroft, Senator from Multnomah county, is the local freight agent of the Southern Pacific railroad. He resides in East Portland, and has always been an ardent believer in the future prosperity of Oregon and Portland. Mr. Bancroft is a Republican, and was elected to the Senate in 1892.

SENATOR HENRY BECKLEY.

Henry Beckley, Senator from Douglas county, was born in Switzerland county, Indiana, January 4, 1833. Moved to Polk county, Missouri, in 1840 with his parents. Crossed the plains in 1853. Went to the mines in 1854 at Randolph, Coos county, Oregon. Went to Yreka, California, in 1855, worked there that summer in the mines. Mr. Beckley was married to Miss Mary M. Woodson in 1864 and is now the happy father of thirteen children, eight boys and five girls, eleven of whom are living and enjoying good health. He was elected County Commissioner of Douglas county in 1870; was elected to the legislature in 1878, and was elected Senator in 1892 as the candidate of the Democratic and



People's party. He bought a farm near Elkton in 1859, and moved to the town of Elkton in 1873, there building the Elkton Saw and Flour Mills, in 1878 and 1879, respectively, and handled merchandise at that place from 1882 to 1890. He has also been in the stock business ever since he came to the State.

SENATOR S. A. DAWSON.

S. A. Dawson, Senator from Linn county, was born in Indiana in 1840. After a temporary residence in Illinois he came to Linn county, Or., in 1861. For several years he engaged in different ventures in Oregon, Washington and Montana, but returned to Linn county in 1866, where he has since made his home. Mr. Dawson has always taken an active interest in politics. He was elected to the House in 1880, and to the Senate in 1886 and again in 1894.



SENATOR J. H. McCLUNG.

J. H. McClung, Senator from Lane county, was born in Ohio in 1837. His parents moved to Indiana when he was a mere child, and in 1856 Mr. McClung came to Oregon by the Isthmus route. He settled at Eugene in June of that year, and has since made his home in that city. From 1869 to 1873 he was United States Deputy Surveyor in Eastern Oregon, and on returning home was elected to the House from Lane county in 1874. In 1883 Mr. McClung formed a partnership with A. J. Johnson to carry on a general merchandise business. Mr. Johnson retired in 1891, and Mr. McClung now conducts alone one of the largest dry goods establishments in Lane county. In June, 1894, he was elected State Senator, as a Republican, for four years, and will have a chance to vote for two United States Senators.



SENATOR W. H. HOBSON.

W. H. Hobson, Senator from Marion county, was born in Missouri in 1846. He came to Oregon with his parents as an infant in 1847. The family settled in Marion county, where Mr. Hobson has since resided. He has been engaged in the mercantile business at Stayton since 1868. Mr. Hobson has always been a Republican.

SENATOR JOHN F. CALBREATH.



Dr. John F. Calbreath, Senator from Yamhill county, was born in West Virginia in 1854. He crossed the plains to Oregon in 1865, and settled in Benton county, where he engaged in farming and attended the Philomath College. At the age of 18 he commenced the study of medicine, graduating from the medical department of the University of California in 1875. After practicing at Lafayette with Dr. H. R. Littlefield from 1876 to 1886 he moved to McMinnville, where he is now engaged in the profession. Dr. Calbreath is a stalwart Republican.

SENATOR TOLBERT CARTER.

Tolbert Carter, Senator from Benton county, was born in Illinois in 1835, and after a youth of hardships came to Oregon as a pioneer of 1846. After mining for a time in California, where he also engaged in mercantile pursuits, Mr. Carter settled upon his Oregon homestead, which has since been his home. He was elected as Representative in 1878 and 1882, and again nominated by the Republicans and elected a member of the present House in 1894.



SENATOR ALONZO GESNER.



Alonzo Gesner represents Marion county in the Senate together with Senators I. L. Patterson and W. H. Hobson. He is a staunch Republican, being elected on that ticket in June, 1894, with a good majority.

SENATOR A. W. GOWAN.



Hon. A. W. Gowan was born in Allegheny county, N. Y. in 1846, but at an early age moved with his parents to Crawford county, Pa., where manhood was attained. At the age of 17 he enlisted in the 12th Pa. Emergency Militia, to repel invasion, and subsequently enlisted and served three years in Light Battery M., 1st U. S. Artillery, being discharged at Fort Hamilton, New York Harbor, in 1866. He married Miss Del-nora J. Pitcher, at Wampa, Wis., in June, 1868, and returned to Cambridgeboro, Pa., and conducted a grocery store for two years, selling out, and moving to Osborne county, Kans., where he assisted in organizing said county, and held various positions, being elected to the Legis-

lature of Kansas in 1880. He came to Oregon in 1882, settled in Union county, at Joseph, where he conducted a law and real estate office, until he was appointed Clerk of U. S. Land Office at Burns in 1890. In 1892 he was elected joint Representative of Grant and Harney counties, and was a member of the 17th regular session of the Legislature. In 1894 he received the nomination for joint Senator of Morrow, Grant and Harney counties, and was elected by a handsome majority. In politics he has always been a consistent and earnest Republican; he was a staunch supporter of Mr. Dolph in the recent senatorial contest. In local legislation he stood for the interests of his constituents without regard to political significance, and is much respected by his colleagues in the Senate for his marked ability and influence.

SENATOR N. L. BUTLER.

N. L. Butler is a hold-over Senator from Polk county, whose residence is at Monmouth; he was elected to the Senate four years ago on the Democratic ticket, and represented his county both in the 1893 and '95 Legislatures.



SENATOR J. W. MAXWELL.



J. W. Maxwell, joint Senator from Tillamook, Washington and Columbia counties, was born in Illinois in 1831, and spent his youth in that State. He served in the Union army during the war, and came to Oregon in 1882, settling a little later in Tillamook county. Senator Maxwell is a man of great strength and vigor, and enjoys the confidence of the community in which he resides, which is proved by the fact that this is his third term in the Oregon Legislature.

SENATOR WILL. R. KING.

Hon. Will. R. King, joint-Senator for Baker and Malheur counties, is a native of Washington, born six miles from Walla Walla, on October 3, 1864. His father, David R. King, was one of the pioneers of the State of Washington, having emigrated to the vicinity of Walla Walla in 1860. Will remained on the farm until he was 18, when he entered the Agricultural college at Corvallis, attending there three years. After this he followed farming in Jordan valley, Malheur county, for a few years. In the fall of 1889 Mr. King began a course in the law department of Central Normal college at Danville, Indiana. He was there two years, and graduated July 28, 1891, having already been admitted to the bar of Indiana in May, just previous. For a few months after graduation Mr. King acted as stenographer in a law office in Indianapolis. He returned to Oregon January 1, 1892, and began practice at Vale, Malheur county.



Mr. King was admitted by the Supreme Court of Oregon in 1892. Being a candidate on the Democratic ticket for the Legislature in June, 1892, he was elected by a good-sized majority. Mr. King went back to Indiana and was married at Danville on December 6, 1892. In 1893 Mr. King left the Democratic party, on account of the position the administration had taken on the silver question, and cast his lot with the People's party of this State. He ran for joint-Senator for Baker and Malheur counties on the Populist ticket, in 1894, and was elected by the handsome majority

of 380 votes. During the 1895 session of the Legislature he succeeded in getting through a very important bill on Irrigation, and also succeeded in having an amendment to the constitution, relating to drainage, mining and irrigation, passed, to be voted upon at the next election. Mr. King resides at Baker City, where he enjoys a lucrative law practice. When upon the floor of the Senate he is a plain but forcible speaker, and makes a good impression.

SENATOR C. A. COGSWELL.

C. A. Cogswell, Senator from Lake county, was born in Vermont in 1844. During the war with the South he fought under General Sherman, and subsequently removed to Goose Lake Valley in Lake county, where he has since resided. He is a lawyer by profession and enjoys a lucrative practice. Mr. Cogswell was elected State Senator in 1888 as a Democrat, and re-elected to the same office in 1892 by double his former majority.



SENATOR S. B. HUSTON.



Hon. S. B. Huston, Senator from Washington county, descended from true American stock. His father was Oliver W. Huston, born in Indiana. His grandfather was Samuel M. Huston, who was born in Nelson county, Kentucky. His great-grandfather was Alexander Huston, who was born in Mifflin county, Penn., and emigrated from there shortly after the Revolutionary war, and from Kentucky to Indiana in 1810. Mr. Huston's great-grandfather was a member of the first Constitutional Convention of Indiana; his grandfather was twice a member of the Legislature of Indiana, elected as a Whig; while his father had enlisted in Co. G, 18th Indiana Volunteers at the outbreak of the Rebellion and remained

in the service of his country until killed at the battle of Stone River. Senator S. B. Huston was born March 16, 1858 at New Philadelphia.

Indiana; he received his education in the common schools, and the Northern Indiana School at Valparaiso, Ind., and afterwards at a private school in Illinois. He then studied law in the offices of Geo. H. Parker, Robinson, Ill., and Heffren & Zaring, Salem, Ind. He went to New Mexico in 1880 and was for three years in the employ of the Atchinson, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad; he came to Oregon in May, 1883, and began the practice of law at Hillsboro in February, 1884, where he has lived ever since. On June 28, 1888, he was married to Miss Ella Geiger, —three children, Blanche, aged nine, and two boys, ages five and seven—are the fruits of the union. In 1892 Mr. Huston was elected to the State Senate on the Democratic ticket, beating Hon. Thos. H. Tongue by 157 majority, although the Republican ticket on that election generally carried by from 500—800 majority. Senator Huston is a Knight of Pythias and an Odd Fellow but does not belong to any church; he is a Democrat in politics but not a strong partisan. At the present time he is a school director, member of the State Senate and Mayor of the city of Hillsboro, to which last office he was elected by an unanimous vote. The Senator is also an enthusiastic whist player, and was recently elected as one of the players to represent the Portland Whist Club at the Second Annual Congress of the North-Pacific Whist League. Senator Huston has a large number of warm personal friends in all parts of the State.

SENATOR GEORGE C. BROWNELL.



George C. Brownell, from Clackamas county, was born in New York State, in 1859. He was admitted to the bar in Kansas, where he held several important public offices. Mr. Brownell came to Oregon in 1891, located at Oregon City, where he speedily acquired a reputation as an able lawyer and became a prominent figure in political affairs. He was a delegate to the Oregon State Republican Conventions in 1892-94, from Clackamas county, and was elected State Senator in 1894, having a good majority over his Democratic and Populist opponents. During the Senatorial "deadlock" of 1895 he was a staunch supporter of Hon. J. N. Dolph for U. S. Senator until the last night of the session, then

he saw that defeat was inevitable for the Dolph forces and he made a brilliant oratorical effort in offering Hon. C. W. Fulton, of Astoria, "the young Republican standard bearer," as a compromise candidate; his speech that night, admonishing the Republicans to unite on some good candidate for U. S. Senator has endeared him to the people, and the thousands of spectators who filled the Legislative halls on that memorable occasion will always remember Senator Brownell's speech for a "united Republican party."

 SENATOR I. L. PATTERSON.



Hon. I. L. Patterson was born September 17, 1859, in Benton county, Oregon. He spent most of his youth until he was 19 years old on a farm in Polk county; he then went to Salem where he clerked in a general merchandise store for over eight years, afterwards engaging in business under the firm name of Gilbert, Patterson & Co., at Salem, this firm being one of the largest houses in the Willamette Valley, handling groceries, paints, oils, glass, lime, building materials, hay, grain and feed. Mr. Patterson was elected State Senator for Marion county by a good majority in 1894, after having served as chairman of the Marion county

Republican Central Committee since 1894. During the 1895 Legislature he was chairman of two important Senate committees, namely the Ways and Means, and Fishing Industry Committees, and through the entire session he proved himself an ardent worker for his constituents.

 SENATOR H. E. MCGINN.

H. E. McGinn, hold over Senator from Multnomah county, is one of Oregon's native sons. He has earned name and fame as a lawyer. Mr. McGinn has served two terms in Multnomah county as Prosecuting Attorney. He is a Republican in politics, and his home is in Portland.

 SENATOR J. A. SMITH.

J. A. Smith, Joint Senator from Sherman and Wasco counties, was born in California in 1862. Upon attaining his majority he came to Oregon, and settled in that part of the State now known as Sherman county. Mr. Smith and his brother now conduct one of the most extensive grain and stock farms in Oregon. It covers 9,000 acres in Sherman and Gilliam counties. Mr. Smith was nominated Joint Senator from Sherman and Wasco by the Democratic Convention of 1892, and elected against an adverse majority of 450, carrying both counties. He has fathered several important measures, and is a firm friend of free silver. Senator Smith's residence and postoffice address is Moro, Sherman county, Ore.



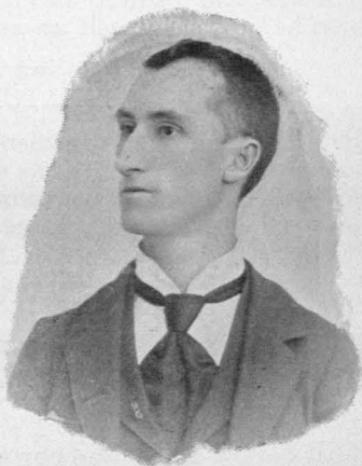
SENATOR C. H. WOODARD.



C. H. Woodard, hold-over Senator from Multnomah county, was elected on the Citizen's ticket in 1892, being the only candidate so elected. He is well known all over the State as a representative business man and a member of the firm of Snell, Heitshu & Woodard. Mr. Woodard is a man of strong convictions, and although a Republican in principle, never hesitates to jump out of party traces if he believes a measure advocated by his party is contrary to public interests. He is sturdy and pronounced in his views, and can always be relied upon to act according to his conscientious conclusion in any matter of legislation.

SENATOR A. J. JOHNSON.

Senator A. J. Johnson was born near Jefferson, in Marion county, Oregon, on September 18, 1867. Moved with parents to a farm near Scio in Linn county soon after where he lived until seven years of age, where with his parents he moved to Scio and attended school until fourteen years of age, when he entered a general merchandise store as clerk and book-keeper, continuing until eighteen years of age, when he attended the Portland Business College from which he graduated and holds a diploma. Returning home to Scio, he re-entered the store as book-keeper, continuing until the year 1888 when he was married to Miss Linnie Young of Scio, Or., and soon after moved temporarily to Seattle, Wash.,



where he invested what means he had accumulated in real estate, remaining there but a short time, however, he returned to Oregon, managing to get to Portland on election day, and casting his first vote for Benjamin Harrison. Since that time he has resided in Scio, except about ten months spent in Salem in the year 1892. He has been in the general merchandise business in Scio from February, 1889 to March 1891 and in the banking business, as cashier of the Bank of Scio, since January 1, 1893, being one of the incorporators of this institution in 1890. He served as Councilman in the city of Scio the year of 1889 and again in 1890, and as Mayor of the city for the year 1891, and again as Councilman for the year 1894. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd

Fellows. and has been an enthusiastic Republican ever since the Garfield-Hancock campaign when but a mere boy. Has attended as delegate every County Convention in Linn county since being old enough to vote; and also has attended every State Convention held in the State since that date; and as delegate to said State Convention in the years 1890-92-94. In 1894 he received the nomination for Senator in Linn county wholly unsolicited on his part, and made the canvas prior to the June election without making a single promise, so that he went to the Legislature in 1895 free to act in behalf of the best interests of his constituents.

SENATOR JAMES H. RALEY.

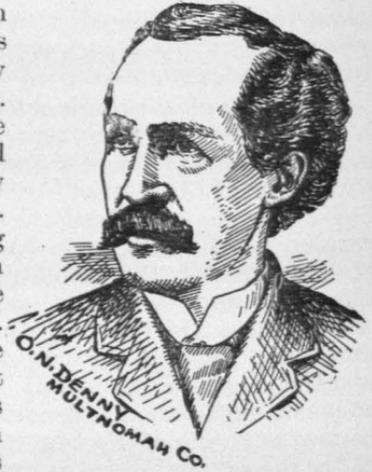


One of the most prominent men of Oregon is Hon. James H. Raley, representing Umatilla county in the State Senate. Mr. Raley's popularity in his district, aside from his sterling worth, acknowledged ability and uniform courtesy to all, rests upon his championship of measures for the benefit of the people he represents and the State generally. Chief among these are the irrigation bill he introduced and pushed through the Legislature, and the portage railroad bill he pushed with so much enthusiasm. Senator Raley is an earnest advocate of the free coinage of silver at the present ratio, and is opposed to any tampering with the Australian ballot law. He has always been a champion of those things he deemed to be right and for the general welfare, and his friends know that he will always continue to be. Mr. Raley was born in Nebraska City, Neb., Jan. 20, 1855. In 1862 the family came to Portland and in a few months settled near Vancouver, Wash. In 1864 they went to Umatilla county and settled at "The Meadows," a large ranch twenty miles from Pendleton. Here Mr. Raley grew to manhood, engaged in farming and stock raising and attending the public school. In 1871 he entered the State University at Eugene and at the end of the year went home to assume control of the ranch, his father having died. In 1878 he entered the drug business in Pendleton and was the same year elected County Surveyor on the Democratic ticket, being again elected in 1880. He also served as Councilman of Pendleton and in 1890 was chosen Mayor of the city. He was elected to the State Senate in 1888, and in 1890 was re-elected for four years. Mr. Raley is to be credited with the passage of the asylum bill, so much desired by Eastern Oregon, and especially by Union county. Few members, under the circumstances, could have worked this piece of legislation through. He is also the author of and prime mover in the irrigation legislation that has been enacted during the last few years, and which promises to be of great benefit to Eastern Oregon in the future. For eight years Senator Raley has succeeded in defeating a division bill, and he leaves the Senate with old Umatilla undivided, which was one of the things for which, regardless of politics, he was twice elected. He has come very near having a bill passed more than once making a large

appropriation for a portage railroad above The Dalles; and has been generally successful in all his local measures. He is a man of business and brains; what he undertakes he generally accomplishes, and what he undertakes is something of benefit to his constituents.

SENATOR O. N. DENNY.

Judge O. N. Denny was born in Ohio in 1838. He came to Oregon with his parents in 1852, locating in Linn county. His early life was full of struggles grandly overcome. In 1862 Judge Denny was admitted to the bar and practiced law at The Dalles, and was shortly afterward appointed County and Probate Judge by Governor Gibbs. After holding several offices and refusing others, he accepted the position of American Consul to Tien Tsin, China, to which he was appointed by President Hayes in 1877. While in China Judge Denny was a close friend of Li Hung Chang, and if that famous statesman had only followed his advice as regards Corea, he would not be in his present dilemma. Judge Denny was elected as State Senator from Multnomah county on the Republican ticket in 1892, and rendered the State great service at the last session of the Legislature.



SENATOR W. W. STEIWER.

W. W. Steiwer, Joint Senator from Gilliam, Sherman and Wasco counties, is a native son of Oregon, and was born near Salem in 1852. His youth was spent alternately in working on a farm and acquiring an education. Upon graduating from the Willamette University Mr. Steiwer taught school for a time, and afterward engaged in the cattle business in Eastern Oregon. He is now a leading merchant of Fossil and one of the mainstays of the town. Beside being elected Senator as a Republican in 1892, Mr. Steiwer has held several other important offices.





SENATOR SAMUEL H. HOLT.

Samuel H. Holt, Senator from Jackson county, was born in East Tennessee. He enlisted in the Federal army in 1861 as a member of the First Regiment, and served for nearly four years. He moved to Indiana in 1866, and came to Oregon in 1881, locating in Jackson county, where he has since resided. Mr. Holt cast his last Republican vote for President Hayes. He is now in the Populist ranks.

SENATOR A. R. PRICE.

A. R. Price, Senator from Umatilla county, was born in Indiana 'n 1837, and moved with his parents to Iowa when a mere infant. After the death of his father Mr. Price crossed the plains with his mother in the spring of 1853, settling in Lewis county, Wash. Three years later he removed to Linn county and later to Weston, Umatilla county, where he still resides. Mr. Price never held office until his election as Senator on the Republican ticket.



SENATOR D. A. McALISTER.

D. A. McAlister, Senator from Union county has resided in the Grand Ronde Valley for thirty-two years. By occupation Mr. McAlister is a farmer and also a breeder of fine blooded horses. He has always been a leader in the Democratic party in his section as well as a good citizen and neighbor. Mr. McAlister was elected State Senator in 1892, and has already made his mark in the Legislative Assembly.



SENATOR W. S. VANDERBURG.

W. S. Vanderburg, Senator from Coos county, was born in Iowa in 1848, and came to Oregon in 1864, settling a year later in Coos county. For fifteen years he has been engaged in the meat and grocery business in Marshfield. Mr. Vanderburg was Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture in the Legislature of 1893. He is an ardent apostle for reform in State and National legislation and in every sense a man of the people.



MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE.

REPRESENTATIVE C. B. MOORES, SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.



Hon. Charles B. Moores comes of a family that has been prominent in the Legislative annals of the State of Oregon. His grandfather, Col. I. R. Moores, Sr., represented Lane county in the Territorial Legislature, and was afterwards a member of the Oregon Constitutional Convention. He was one of the pioneer members of the Republican party and was named by that party in Lane county in 1860 as its candidate for the State Senate. Col. I. R. Moores Jr., represented Marion county several terms in the lower House, and was speaker of the House in 1865. Hon. John H. Moores, the father of the subject of our sketch, represented Marion county for a number of years as a member of the State Senate.

Hon. C. B. Moores was born in Benton, Missouri, August 6, 1849 and with his parents removed to Danville, Illinois, their former home, in 1851. In the spring of 1852 the family removed to Oregon, reaching Portland in December of that year, and removing to Salem in March 1853. Here, with the exception of about six years, the subject of our sketch has since resided. He was educated at Willamette University, graduating in the classical course in 1870. The week following his graduation he accepted a position as draughtsman in the Land Department of the Oregon & California Railroad Company at Portland where he

remained four years. In 1874 he went East and attended one course in the Business College of H. C. Spencer in Washington, D. C. He then went to Philadelphia where he spent one year in the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. In September, 1876, he went to Ann Arbor and there in the ensuing year graduated in the Law Department of the University of Michigan. In 1877 he returned to Salem where he has since resided. In 1880 he was chosen Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives. From 1882 to 1887 he officiated as the Private Secretary of Governor Moody. Mr. Moores was married on November 1, 1881 to Miss Sallie E. Chamberlain and they now have four children. Although never a seeker after office Mr. Moores has always been an earnest Republican, frequently contributing to the press and being active upon the stump in advocacy of the principles of the Republican party. During the campaign of last spring he was named by a practically unanimous vote in the Republican County Convention as a Representative from Marion county, and in June following was elected by a plurality of nearly 1500 votes. At the recent session of the Legislative Assembly he was named by his party associates as their candidate for the speakership of the House, a position to which he was subsequently elected, receiving 53 votes out of a total membership of 60. Mr. Moores has taken an active part in various public enterprises looking to the development of Salem and the central Willamette Valley and is thoroughly identified with the interests of that section. He is one of the managers of the Union Title Abstract Company, is a leading stockholder and President of the Capital Lumbering Company, and is heavily interested in the fruit industry, having a large orchard immediately adjacent to the city limits of Salem where he makes his home. Although still a young man, he can be rated as one of the oldest pioneers of the State, and he yields to no one in his devotion to the State of his adoption, or in the confidence with which he contemplates the certainty of her prosperity in the future, as one of very first in the great sisterhood of States.

REP. THOMAS BUCKMAN.



Hon. Thomas Buckman, Representative from Coos county, was born in Ohio in 1836. His parents moved to Indiana while he was a child, and there he grew to manhood. At the age of 25 Mr. Buckman came to Oregon, and after tempting fortune in Idaho and residing at several points in Oregon moved to Coos Bay in 1890, and now lives near Marshfield. Mr. Buckman, formerly a Republican, now affiliates with the Populists. His life has always been that of a farmer.

 REPRESENTATIVE E. HOFER.



Hon. E. Hofer, Representative from Marion county, is editor of the Salem *Capital Journal*. Mr. Hofer's early life was full of struggles, and his education has been largely acquired in the school of experience. He was born in Iowa in 1854. His life since 1876 has been devoted to journalism, and although admitted to the bar, he has never practiced law. Before coming to Oregon in 1889 Mr. Hofer was Secretary of the Iowa Senate for two terms. He favors economy and simplicity in public affairs and a strict surveillance of the relations between the government and corporations, and is a Republican.

 REPRESENTATIVE JOHN McCRAKEN.

Colonel John McCracken lives in Portland where he has large commercial interests; he represented Multnomah county in the 1895 Legislature, and was Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, also a member of the Committee on Federal Relations. He is a Republican and was a Dolph man.

 REPRESENTATIVE C. F. LESTER.

Hon. C. F. Lester, Representative from Clatsop county, was born in Indiana on September 3, 1862. Soon after the war his parents removed to Kentucky. He received a classical education in Berea College, from which he graduated in 1882. One year later he came to the Northwest, and has successfully followed the profession of civil engineer on various railroads and public works. In the pursuit of his profession he came to Astoria in 1889, and pinned his fate and fortune to that thriving city. He afterwards married the daughter of P. C. Warren, an Oregon pioneer. Mr. Lester has always been a Republican, but on account of the unsettled life incident to his profession, has never until recently taken an active part in politics. He was a member of the last Republican State Convention, and was nominated by that party in Clatsop county as candidate for Representative, to which position he was elected by a good majority over the fusion candidate. During the 1895 session Mr. Lester made many friends.



REP. J. L. CALVERT.



Hon. J. L. Calvert, Representative from Marion county, was born in the adjoining county of Clackamas in 1856. Mr. Calvert's early life was chiefly spent on a farm, and his education was derived from the public schools. He has been engaged in the drug business at Hubbard for the past fifteen years, and was postmaster at that town for five years preceding 1894. Mr. Calvert is a Republican.

REPRESENTATIVE S. M. NEALON.

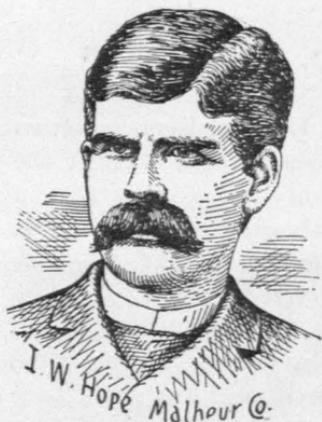
Hon. S. M. Nealon, Representative from Jackson county, was born in Connecticut in 1841. He went to Georgia with an uncle at the age of 15, where he remained clerking until 1862. Then to avoid conscription into the Confederate army he made his escape on foot and reached the Union army in Tennessee ragged and hungry. He served in the Connecticut volunteers until the close of the war. Mr. Nealon came to Oregon in 1883, and has since resided in Jackson county. Originally a Republican. Mr. Nealon joined the Populists in 1891. He was defeated as Representative in 1892, but elected in 1894.

REP. HENRY GRANT GUILD.

Hon. H. G. Guild, Representative from Yamhill and Tillamook counties, was born in Illinois in 1855. In early life Mr. Guild pursued the vocation of a printer in Iowa. He came to Oregon in 1873, and since his arrival here has been one of the best known newspaper men in the State. He has published successively the *Grant County Times*, the *Hillsboro Independent* and the *Silverton Appeal*. Mr. Guild is now editor and proprietor of the *Sheridan Sun*. He comes of sturdy Scotch-English stock, and is well equipped by training and education for newspaper work. Mr. Guild is a Republican.



REPRESENTATIVE I. W. HOPE.



Hon. I. W. Hope, Representative from Malheur county, was born in Wisconsin in 1861. He has been self-supporting from the age of 14. After temporary residence in several Western States, Mr. Hope settled in the Malheur Valley in 1883, where he and his brother are now engaged in the merchandise business and also interested in farming and stock raising. This is Mr. Hope's initiation to public life. By political faith he is a Republican.

REPRESENTATIVE FRANK A. STEWART.

Hon. Frank A. Stewart, Joint Representative from Coos and Curry counties, was born in Illinois in 1843. He crossed the plains to Oregon with his parents in 1854. Mr. Stewart resided for three years at Dallas, receiving an education at the La Creole Academy, afterward teaching school in Marion county, and following the same profession later at Gold Beach. During his busy life Mr. Stewart has been Treasurer of his county, School Superintendent, Joint Representative in 1882, Deputy Collector and Collector of Customs for Southern Oregon, and in 1894 was elected Joint Representative from Coos and Curry counties as a Populist.

REPRESENTATIVE VIRGIL CONN.

In 1854, at the age of seven, Virgil Conn with his father's family moved to the Pacific Coast from Indiana, his native State, settling in Douglas county, and has been a resident of this State for more than forty years. He received his education at Willamette University where he formed the acquaintance of many men now in public life. After leaving school in 1867 he abandoned the study of law, and has engaged in mercantile pursuits since 1868, locating at Roseburg. Douglas county, where he remained fourteen years. In 1882 he removed to Paisley, Lake county, where he now resides, and has built up a large and successful business, now being the firm of V. Conn at that place, and is also a partner in the mercantile house of V. & J. C. Conn, of Silver Lake, Oregon. He has



always been a Republican, and was elected to the 1895 Legislature from a strong Democratic District, defeating Bernard Daly, a member of the 1893 House.

REPRESENTATIVE S. C. BEACH.



Hon. S. C. Beach, Representative from Multnomah county, was born in Iowa in 1860. He commenced life as a printer in 1874. He established the following newspapers: The Waco (Neb.) *Star* in 1870; the Stromburg (Neb.) *Republican* in 1880; in 1884 Mr. Beach came to Oregon and conducted the Lake county *Examiner* for six years. He moved to Portland in 1891, where he succeeded E. A. Swope & Co. in the printing business. The office was destroyed by fire in 1894. Mr. Beach has been active in politics since the age of 19, but never a candidate until the last election, when he received as a Republican the highest vote on the legislative ticket. At the present time he is superintendent of the Portland Street-Cleaning Department.

REPRESENTATIVE J. A. BURLEIGH.

Hon. J. A. Burleigh, Representative from Wallowa county was born in West Virginia in 1869. He came to Oregon in 1888, and has since resided in Wallowa county. After teaching school for several years Mr. Burleigh commenced the publication at Joseph, Wallowa county, of *The Aurora*, a Populist paper, in 1893, of which he is still editor and manager. He was formerly a Republican, but became a Populist in 1891, and has since affiliated with that party.

REPRESENTATIVE T. J. CLEETON.

Hon. T. J. Cleeton, Representative from Columbia county, was born in Missouri in 1861. His early life was full of struggles for an education, and at the age of 18 he was able to teach school. After holding several public offices of a scholastic character in Missouri and Kansas, Mr. Cleeton came to Oregon in 1891, and located at St. Helens. Here he has continued his profession of teaching until elected to the 1895 Legislature. Mr. Cleeton gained special prominence at this session of the Legislature by offering and nominating Hon. Geo. W. McBride of St. Helens as a compromise candidate for U. S. Senator, the entire Republican vote (72) of the whole legislative assembly being thereupon cast for Mr. McBride.



 REPRESENTATIVE IRA S. SMITH.



Hon. Ira S. Smith, Representative from Polk county, was born in the county he represents in 1859, and was educated at La Creole Academy in Dallas, Or. After graduation he taught in this institution for two years. For five years he was engaged in the mercantile business at Independence, and was later elected Sheriff of Polk county. Mr. Smith was elected to the present Legislature as a Republican.

 REPRESENTATIVE E. J. DAVIS.

Hon. E. J. Davis, Representative from Umatilla county, was born in Vernon county, Wisconsin, September 26, 1862. He removed to North-Eastern Kansas with his parents in 1869. He received a high school education, after which he attended Drake University at Des Moines, Ia., and later took the full course at the Gem City Business College of Quincy, Ill., where he graduated in 1885. After leaving school he engaged in the hardware business with his brother in Norton, Kan., where he remained until 1889, when he removed to Milton, Umatilla county, Oregon, where he has since resided. He was married to Laura M. Renoe in 1887, and has two children. Mr. Davis is Secretary and Manager of the Milton Foundry and Machine Company; comes of a Republican family and has always been a staunch Republican.

 REPRESENTATIVE T. H. MCGREER.

Hon. T. H. McGreer, Representative from Wasco county, was born in California, his parents having emigrated from Kentucky to that State. After receiving an education at the public schools of San Francisco and Oakland College, Mr. McGreer at the age of 19 engaged in stock-raising. He came to Oregon in 1878 and settled at Antelope, his present home. After devoting a few years to mercantile pursuits Mr. McGreer has returned to his original pursuit of stock-raising. Mr. McGreer is a Republican.



REPRESENTATIVE E. H. THOMPSON.



Hon. E. H. Thompson, a member from Multnomah county, was born in Killingsworth, Conn., January 16, 1842. When 12 years of age he moved with his parents to Illinois. At the age of 16 he enlisted in the army and served for a brief period in the army of the Cumberland. He was then transferred to the navy and served three years under Porter. Mr. Thompson came to Oregon in 1882, and soon after his arrival associated himself with Andrew Clark and established the Portland Iron Works. He sold his interest in the latter concern seven years ago, since which time he has been engaged in the lumber business at Brower, where he now resides. He is a Republican in politics.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN A. JEFFREY.

John A. Jeffrey, Representative from Jackson county, was born in Arkansas in 1869. At the age of 5 years he started for Oregon with his father, arriving after many ventures in 1874, by way of Sacramento. Mr. Jeffrey's early education was received at the public schools of Jacksonville and the State Agricultural College. Mr. Jeffrey is an orator of the unstilted variety, and was elected to the 1895 Legislature as a Populist and silver man.

REPRESENTATIVE C. J. CURTIS.

Hon. C. J. Curtis, Representative from Clatsop county, was born in Michigan in 1853. He moved to California in 1877, to Oregon in 1879 and finally located at Astoria in 1883, and was admitted to practice law the same year. Mr. Curtis is the editor of the *Astoria Herald*, a popular paper, and has held several positions of trust in Clatsop county. He is also a prominent member of the Masons, Knights of Pythias, Elks, and Red Men. Mr. Curtis is a Republican, and was a strong anti-Dolph man during the '95 session.





REP. CALVIN STANLEY.

Hon. Calvin Stanley, Representative from Yamhill county, was born in Indiana in 1848. His early education was received in that State. Six years ago Mr. Stanley came to Oregon, locating in Newberg, which has been his home ever since. He is engaged in the mercantile business. Mr. Stanley has been a life-long believer in Republican doctrines.

REPRESENTATIVE J. E. BLUNDELL.

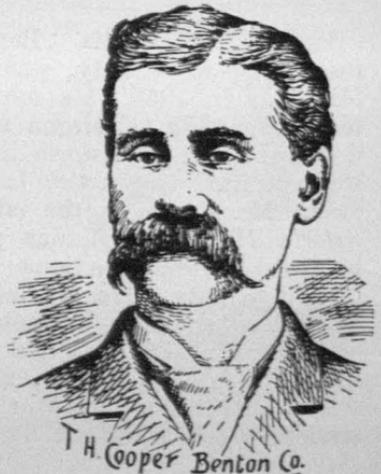
Hon. J. E. Blundell, "the smallest man in the house," is one of the Representatives from Douglas county: he is a Republican and lives at Canyonville. He was known as a "Dolph man" through the entire session.

REPRESENTATIVE J. C. YOUNG.

Hon. John C. Young, Representative from Baker county, was born in Salt Lake City, U. T., in 1851. He was engaged in the newspaper business for ten years, but is now engaged in mining at Baker City, Ore. Politically Mr. Young is a Populist and an ardent believer in free coinage of silver.

REP. THOMAS H. COOPER.

Hon. Thomas H. Cooper, Representative from Benton county, was born in Missouri in 1851. His parents removed to Oregon in 1852. Mr. Cooper has lived continuously in Benton county since that date, devoting his time entirely to farming. He is a Republican in politics.



REPRESENTATIVE J. S. BOOTHBY.



Hon. J. S. Boothby was born October, 1824, in Brown county, Ohio. At a very early age he worked as cabin boy on the Mississippi River, and when 19 years old he learned the steam engineering trade. Married Miss Peyton in 1844 in Illinois, left that State in 1849 for Kansas, where he took to farming; the drought knocked him out, and he then went to Missouri, locating near the town of Alexandria on the Mississippi River. At the outbreak of the war in 1861 he moved his family back into Illinois, and at once took sides with the Union by enlisting as a volunteer soldier from June, 1861, to June, 1864. Mr. Boothby took part in twenty-two battles with the Seventh Missouri Infantry, of which 1,200 men left home, and

but 134 officers and men returned at the close of the war. Mr. Boothby fought under Col. Stevens and Generals Logan and Grant. He lived in Illinois until 1872, when he and his family went to Kansas, and in 1879 came to Oregon. He resided in the Willamette Valley until 1893, and then moved to Eastern Oregon and now lives at Lexington, Morrow county, raising wheat and stock on his large ranch. During the campaign of 1894 he was elected by his county as a Representative to the Legislature on the stand he took regarding the finance question, being one of those men that has given this matter careful thought. Mr. Boothby says: "I take a stand in favor of the coinage of American silver, and believe the country can sustain the coinage of both gold and silver without injuring the parity of either metal; as silver is a great part of our resources, our country ought to take the lead and maintain bimetalism." Mr. Boothby also believes the State should help to open the Columbia River from The Dalles to the upper end of the obstruction, and control it in the interest of the State of Oregon, thereby relieving Eastern Oregon farmers from excessive freight rates. When Representative Boothby came to the 1895 Legislature he laid a bill before the House for opening this river, and although the Portland Chamber of Commerce attended the Legislature in a body (100 strong) to advocate this matter, yet it was defeated. Mr. Boothby is a Republican, but took a decided stand against U. S. Senator Dolph's re-election, holding out to the last, and thus finally gaining his point.

REPRESENTATIVE H. V. GATES.

Representative H. V. Gates of Washington county was born in Lowell, Mass., in 1848. At an early age he studied civil engineering, and was in the railway service twenty years. He served three years with the Sixth Iowa Cavalry in the late war. He came to Oregon in 1881, and for several years resided at Hillsboro, where he is largely interested in electric light and water plants. He is a Republican.

REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT G. SMITH.



Hon. Robert Glenn Smith, Representative from Josephine county, was born in Jacksonville, Oregon, November 27, 1864, and educated in the public schools of that town. He left school at the age of fifteen for the purpose of taking a position in the U. S. Surveyor-General's office in this State, which he held for two years, when compelled to leave on account of ill health. Subsequently followed school-teaching, clerking in a country store and the newspaper business. He located at Grant's Pass, in Josephine county, in 1884, and became employed in the drug business. In 1887 he began the study of law, and was appointed Deputy District Attorney and elected Police Judge of Grant's Pass.

Mr. Smith was admitted to the bar in 1889, and commenced the active practice of law at Grant's Pass. He has acquired a large practice which extends over the Southern part of the State, and has been active in politics, always as a staunch Republican. Mr. Smith was elected to the Legislature from Josephine county in 1894 on the Republican ticket, in the face of 200 Populist plurality of the previous election. At the 1895 session of the Legislature he was a strong supporter of Senator Dolph, and advocated the support of the caucus nominee. Mr. Smith was very popular among his confederates during the last session; he has the peculiar faculty of making his words tell, and when upon the floor of the house his speeches always attracted undivided attention. By his telling remarks and caustic argument during debate in the '95 Legislature, he earned for himself the name of "The Thunderer."

REPRESENTATIVE J. H. SCOTT.

Hon. J. H. Scott, Representative from Linn county, was born in Iowa in 1850, emigrating to Oregon with his parents in 1853. The family settled in Douglas county, where they remained until 1866. In that year they removed to Linn county where Mr. Scott has since resided. All his life he has been a farmer, and his interests are all identified with the tillers of the soil. He was elected to the Legislature as a Republican in 1894.



REPRESENTATIVE J. A. WRIGHT.



Hon. J. A. Wright, Representative from Union Co., is a prominent and successful merchant of Sparta, Union Co., Oregon, was born in Bourbon county, Kentucky, October 23, 1855, and is the second son of ex-Governor James A. Wright of Indiana, who was a native of Pennsylvania, born in 1810 and came to Indiana at an early day. He was married to Miss Harriet B. Burbridge in Bourbon county, Kentucky. Mr. Wright's father was elected twice Governor of Indiana, served his State twice in the United States Senate and was a United States Commissioner to the first great World's Fair at Hamburg, and in Pierce's administration was appointed United States Minister to the Court of Prussia, and was returned under Lincoln's administration and died in the city of Berlin

in 1867. Our subject was educated in New York and New England. He is a graduate of Yonker's Military Institute, a graduate of Wilbraham Academy of Massachusetts, also a graduate of the Wesleyan University of Middletown, Conn., in 1879. He then entered the National Park Bank in New York city, and resigned an honorable position there to accept the position of Treasurer and Secretary of the West India Manufacturing Company, which position he held until 1883, when he came to Oregon to take care of a mining company in Baker county, and has since engaged in the mining business, being interested in some very prominent mines, both quartz and placer, in Sparta, Union county, in connection with which he conducts a large mercantile enterprise. In 1890 Mr. Wright was elected to represent Union county in the State Legislature on the Republican ticket, and was re-elected in 1892 on the same ticket to fill the same office, and again in 1894 received an overwhelming majority to represent again the interests of his constituents. Mr. Wright's interests in the State are all identified with the great mining resources of the State, and he has worked assiduously to aid its development and advertisement. His efforts in the cause of silver are well known, which he has expressed with his well-known vigor and candor. He has served as Commissioner on the World's (Oregon) Fair Commission, Governor Pennoyer having resigned in his favor, with great credit.

REPRESENTATIVE J. T. GOWDY.

Hon. J. T. Gowdy, Representative from Yamhill county, was born in Illinois in 1835, and has been self-supporting since the age of 12 years. He crossed the plains to Oregon in 1852, locating first in Marion county, and later in 1868 went to Yamhill county, where he has since resided, pursuing the vocation of a farmer. Mr. Gowdy is a plain, unvarnished man, and the 1895 Legislature was his initiation into political life. By creed he is a Republican.



REP. GEORGE W. DUNN.

Hon. George W. Dunn, Representative from Jackson county, was born in 1864. He is a native son and life-long resident of Jackson county, and, therefore, eminently adapted to representing it in the Legislature. In politics Mr. Dunn is a Republican.

REP. CORNELIUS B. SMITH.

Dr. Cornelius B. Smith, Representative from Clackamas county, was born in Seneca county, New York, in 1846. After graduating from the Medical College of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia he came to Oregon in 1880 and practiced medicine in East Portland until 1889. For the past five years Dr. Smith has followed his profession at Eagle Creek, he is a Republican.



REPRESENTATIVE J. E. DAVID.

Hon. J. E. David, Representative from Gilliam county, was born in Pennsylvania in 1845. Mr. David spent years in teaching school at various points, and finally moved to Gilliam county, where he has since resided, devoting his attention to farming and stock raising. Mr. David holds to the doctrines of the Republican party.





REP. T. FLEMING SMITH.

Hon. T. Fleming Smith, Representative from Linn county, was born in Illinois 54 years ago. In 1875 he came to Oregon, where he has since made his home at Halsey in Linn county. Mr. Smith is a stalwart Republican, but without bias where the best interests of the State are concerned.

REPRESENTATIVE STEELE L. MOORHEAD.

Hon. Steele L. Moorhead was born May 11, 1852, at Indiana, Pa., here he spent his youth until he attained the age of 17 when he went to Rockport, Missouri, there learning the printing trade on the *Atchison County Journal*: was afterwards editor and business manager of the same paper for six years. In 1888 he began the publication of the *Ness City Times* at Ness City, Kansas, and after having successfully conducted that journal for over three years, he moved to Oregon in 1891 and located at Junction City in Lane county, where he founded the *Junction City Times*, there being no newspaper in Junction City at that time. In November, 1892, Mr. Moorhead was elected City Recorder, and in 1893 Mayor of Junction City with only three votes against him, and one of those his own. In April 1894, during the County Convention held at Eugene, which was composed of 164 delegates, he received 162 on the first ballot as candidate for Representative of Lane county; at the election he had a plurality of 135 votes. During the 1895 Legislature he introduced two very important measures, one H. B. 21, providing for a majority verdict of nine on juries in civil cases, and H. B. 94, to prevent corporations (especially railroads) from black-listing employees. He was Chairman of the House Committee on Mileage and Per Diem, and at the close of the session was made Chairman of the House special committee to examine, correct, revise and publish the House Journal and Calendar of the



18th Bi-Ennial Session, a position which he was eminently qualified to fill on account of his varied abilities as an experienced newspaper man. Mr. Moorhead is a jolly good fellow, "all wool and 60 inches wide"; he is a prominent member of various secret orders, belonging to the Masons and Knights of Pythias.



REP. W. A. TEMPLETON.

Hon. W. A. Templeton, Representative from Linn county, was born in Missouri in 1845, and crossed the plains, while an infant, with his parents in 1847. Mr. Templeton has lived on a farm most of his life. He ran a pack train from the Umatilla Landing to the Idaho mines during the memorable year 1863-4. In 1890 Mr. Templeton was a candidate for Representative on the Republican ticket, and was defeated, only to be triumphantly returned in 1894.

REPRESENTATIVE C. D. HUFFMAN.

Hon. C. D. Huffman, Representative from Union county, was born in Portland, Ore., in 1852. After many early vicissitudes, at the age of 16 he went to Monmouth for an education, which he was compelled to work for. Later Mr. Huffman taught school, and has been engaged at intervals in this profession since completing his education. Mr. Huffman was elected to the legislative assembly as a Populist from Marion county, where he has been engaged in farming since 1890.

REPRESENTATIVE C. F. TIGARD.

Hon. C. F. Tigard, Representative from Washington county, is a native son of Oregon, having been born on the same farm in Washington county in 1862 where he now resides—on the Tigard donation land claim. Mr. Tigard is now engaged in hop-raising and also in the general merchandise business at Tigardville. He expresses himself as a firm believer in the free coinage of silver, and is a Republican.





REPRESENTATIVE A. R. LYLE.

Hon. A. R. Lyle is a Republican and represented Crook county during the 1895 Legislature, in the lower House. His home is at Cross Keys. He was chairman of the Committee on Counties and a member of the Public Library Committee.

REPRESENTATIVE F. L. MINTIE.

Hon. F. L. Mintie lives at Oswego and represented Clackamas county in the lower House of the 1895 Legislature; he is a Republican, and on the Senatorial question voted with the Dolph men. He was a member of three committees, namely: Internal Improvement, Labor, and Military Affairs.



REPRESENTATIVE O. F. PAXTON.

An adept parliamentarian and quick counselor, Hon. O. F. Paxton, of Portland, proved himself the great mainstay of the Multnomah delegation in the 1895 Legislature. He is a Republican, was a so-called Dolph man, and Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, one of the most important committees in the House; he was also a member of the Committee on Ways and Means.





REPRESENTATIVE CHRIS. P. YATES.

Hon. Chris. P. Yates, Representative from Washington county, was born in the State of New York in 1835. He graduated from a medical college, but his life has been devoted chiefly to newspaper work. He has traveled as special correspondent through Mexico, South America and Europe and the Western States. Mr. Yates served in the army during the war and was promoted. In 1872 he came to Oregon, and has been connected with the *Telegram* and the *Oregonian*. He now lives on a farm near Manning in Washington county; is a Republican and a staunch friend of silver.

REPRESENTATIVE C. A. SEHLBREDE.

Hon. C. A. Sehlbrede was born in Louisville, Ky., on December 10, 1851, of German parents. He lived on a farm until he was 21 years of age when he attended a business college. Mr. Sehlbrede then took up the study of law, and was admitted to the bar March 4, 1874. He practiced law at New Albany, Indiana, until the fall of 1877, when he moved to Oregon and settled at Salem in 1880, where he followed his profession. Mr. Sehlbrede married the only daughter of Hon. Geo. S. Downing, and in 1884 removed to Douglas county where he is now engaged practicing law in the thriving city of Roseburg. His clientage in this city has gradually increased until he is at present in possession of a very lucrative practice at the bar. Mr. Sehlbrede has taken an



active interest in the Roseburg Building and

Loan Association, and they owe much of their success to his earnest work as attorney for them. He is also an active member of the Christian Church, and the handsome church building of the organization at Roseburg is largely the result of the energy which he and his estimable wife have displayed in that direction. At present he is president of the State missionary board. Politically he is a Republican, and is today a recognized leader in his party in Oregon. He has never held a public office of any kind until he was elected as a member of the 1895 Legislature, with a plurality of over 300 votes against the combined Democrats and Populists in Douglas county. During the last session he was urged to become a candidate for the speakership of the house, but declined to enter the race, believing that he could better serve his constituents on the floor, where he would not be hampered by the additional duties this position would entail.

REPRESENTATIVE GEORGE SHUTRUM.



Hon. George Shutrum, Representative from Umatilla county, was born in New York State in 1848, and owing to the death of his parents was obliged to struggle for himself from the age of 8. He enlisted in the Ninth Illinois in 1864, and was mustered out at the close of the war in 1865. After temporary residence in several States Mr. Shutrum came to Oregon in 1876, and settled in Umatilla county without money or friends. He engaged in farming on a small scale in 1877, and today owns and farms 2,000 acres of land near Pendleton. Mr. Shutrum is a Republican.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN D. DALY.

Hon. John D. Daly is the Representative to the lower house from Lincoln county; he was elected to this position in 1894 on the Republican ticket by a large majority. During the 1895 session he was a member of the Committee on Commerce, also the Committee on Railroads and Transportation.



REPRESENTATIVE J. M. LONG.



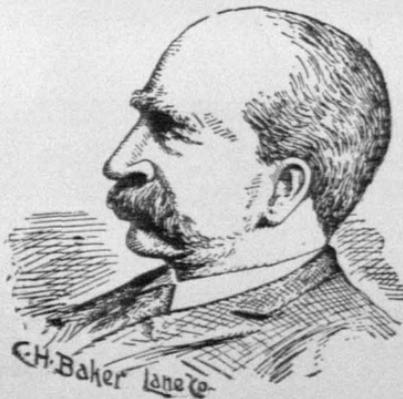
Hon. J. M. Long, one of the members from Multnomah county, is a Republican. He was re-elected to the Legislature in 1894 by a large majority on the Republican ticket. He is an attorney living in Portland; he was very active during the last session of the Legislature, being Chairman of the House Committee on Assessment and Taxation, and a member of the Judiciary Committee.

REPRESENTATIVE GEO. T. MEYERS.

Hon. Geo. T. Meyers was one of Multnomah county's nine Representatives in the lower house; he is a Republican, and what was known as a Dolph man. He was a member of the Committee on Fisheries and Chairman of the Committee on Penal, Reformatory and Charitable Institutions.



REPRESENTATIVE C. H. BAKER.



Hon. C. H. Baker was elected to the lower house of the Legislature from Lane county in 1894 and served through the 1895 session. He is a Republican and lives in Walterville. He was Chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs.

REPRESENTATIVE D. L. KEYT.



Hon. D. L. Keyt, Representative from Polk county, is a native son of Oregon, having been born near Perrydale in 1862. He was engaged in farming until 1890, since which time he has been a member of the general merchandise firm of Wise & Keyt of Perrydale. Mr. Keyt was nominated as a Republican for State Senator in 1892 and defeated with the rest of his ticket, but was returned as a Representative in 1894.

REPRESENTATIVE J. T. BRIDGES.

Hon. J. T. Bridges, Representative from Douglas county, was born in California in 1867. In 1870 his parents moved to Oregon and settled in Douglas county, where Mr. Bridges has since made his home. Since 1887 he has been engaged in the mercantile business at Drain, and is now classed among the prominent merchants of Southern Oregon. By political affiliation Mr. Bridges is a Republican.



REP. B. P. CARDWELL.



Hon. B. P. Cardwell, Representative from Multnomah county, was born in Illinois in 1832, and came to Oregon with his family as a pioneer of 1852. He settled with his family in Marysville, (now Corvallis) where he resided for several years. Mr. Cardwell later removed to Portland and engaged in the photograph business with Joseph Buchtel. During Lincoln's administration he was appointed a Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue, and held that position continuously for twenty-one years. In politics Mr. Cardwell is a Republican.

REPRESENTATIVE ORIN L. PATTERSON.



Hon. Orin L. Patterson, the subject of this sketch, though of Virginia lineage, is a Hoosier by birth, having been born December 14, 1867, in Hendricks county, Indiana, where his parents located several years previous. Mr. Patterson's boyhood days were divided between the school-room and the farm. Here he remained until he was 16 years of age, having at that time received a practical knowledge of the common and public school studies. He then entered the Central Normal College at Danville, Indiana, and remained for a period of two years. He then enlisted as an instructor in the public schools of his home state, and diligently endeavored to "pound"

knowledge into the "tow-heads" of Hoosierdom for a period of three years. In the spring of 1889, acting upon the advice of those interested in his welfare, he came to Oregon, locating at Heppner, where he associated himself with his brother, Otis Patterson, in the management and publication of the *Heppner Gazette*. In the fall of the same year he purchased *The Eagle* at Long Creek, Oregon. In the spring of 1891 *The Eagle* and the *Gazette* were combined under the ownership of the Patterson Publishing Company, composed of Otis, Alvah W., and Orin L. Patterson, the latter remaining at Long Creek as editor and manager of *The Eagle*. Mr. Patterson's every effort has been for the upbuilding of the little inland city in which he resides, and for the advancement of the best interests of Grant county. Recognizing his ability, and as a proper reward for his efforts, the citizens of Long Creek twice elected him to the office of councilman, and at the city election, February, 1894, elected him mayor of Long Creek. In the latter part of June, 1893, Judge Bellinger appointed him Commissioner of the United States Circuit Court, which position he has since very creditably filled. At the Republican State Convention in April, '94, the nomination of Joint Representative for Grant and Harney counties came to him unanimously, though entirely unsolicited on his part. His business connections rendered it almost impossible to make a personal canvass of the district, however, but he was elected by the largest plurality ever given a Republican for the same position in that district. Mr. Patterson is quite prominent in secret orders, holding a membership in each, the Knights of Pythias, Masonic and Independent Order of Odd Fellows. As a Republican and one who has always been identified with that party, Mr. Patterson is one of those who believe that the prosperity of our country was never greater than when it enjoyed adequate protection in every branch and department of business, trade and labor, aided by a circulating medium composed of both gold and silver, and both being used as a money of redemption. He advocates the rehabilitation of the less favored money metal of our country.

REPRESENTATIVE T. R. COON.



Hon. T. R. Coon, Joint Representative for Wasco and Sherman counties, was born in the Waldo Hills, near Salem, March 4, 1854. Educated in public schools and Willamette University, Salem; became a school teacher, receiving a life diploma in 1880; was principal in city schools in East Portland, Seattle and Astoria. He became a fruit-grower at Hood River in 1883 and continues in that business, being a strawberry specialist, shipping largely to Eastern cities. He was a member of the house in 1893, being the only one of four members returned to the 1895 Legislature. He helped organize the Northwestern Fruit-Growers' Association at Spokane in 1894, and was elected secretary of that organization in February, 1895. In the session

of '93 he was Chairman of Committee on Horticulture, and was a member of Committees on Agriculture and of Fisheries and Game. Was also member of joint Committees on Fisheries. In the session of 1895 he was Chairman of Committee on Horticulture and member of Committees on Fisheries and Game.

REPRESENTATIVE W. E. BURKE.

Hon. W. E. Burke, Representative from Multnomah county, was born in Clarke county, Wash., in 1866, and removed to East Portland with his parents in 1869. His education was received at the Willamette University in Salem. Mr. Burke is a firm believer in the future of this State, which he has proved by investing in land in several counties. Mr. Burke is a Republican, being elected on that ticket to represent Multnomah county in the 1895 Legislature by an overwhelming majority. During the last session he and Mr. Cole were the only two who stood out of the "Dolph combination" of the Multnomah delegation. Mr. Burke also served on two important Committees, namely: Assessment and Taxation, and Statistics and Immigration.



REPRESENTATIVE CLARENCE COLE.



Hon. Clarence Cole one of the members from Multnomah county, was born in Oswego, N. Y., June 24, 1858. His parents moved to Michigan the same year and settled on a farm, where he was brought up. He was educated at the public schools in Charlotte, Mich., and at the Normal School in Valparaiso, Ind. He read law three years at Grand Rapids, and was admitted to the bar in 1880, and began practice in Portland, Mich. He continued a successful and lucrative practice there five years until stopped by ill health. Mr. Cole came to Oregon in 1888, and settled in Portland in 1889. Soon after he was appointed by T. W. Pittenger Deputy Police Judge of the then city of

Albina. He served two years as Deputy District Attorney under Thomas A. Stephens and two years in the same position under W. T. Hume. Mr. Cole has never been anything but a Republican. He has a nice home in Albina and a wife and two children. He is an Odd Fellow and Woodman. Mr. Cole is unqualifiedly for free bridges for Portland and free silver for Americans; during the 1895 Legislature he took a prominent stand as an anti-Dolph man.

REPRESENTATIVE DAVID CRAIG.

Capt. David Craig, Representative from Marion county, was born in Toronto, Canada, February 8, 1852; he is of Scotch descent on his father's and French Huguenot on his mother's side. He removed with his parents in 1859 to a farm near London, Ontario. He took a business course in Dav's Commercial College, Toronto, in 1870 and 1871; came to Oregon in 1875 and has since lived in the Waldo Hills, near Macleay, where he is engaged in diversified farming and the breeding of blooded stock. He is progressive and original, always introducing new methods and handy contrivances on his farm. He is a deep thinker, has been a life-long student and is a strong friend of the public schools, believing it best to educate the masses and not the classes with public money. He helped to organize "I" Company, O. N. G., at Macleay in



1887, was then elected 1st Lieutenant and afterwards Captain of the Company. He was elected as a Republican to the eighteenth session of the Oregon Legislature; he says he has always been a Republican and expects to die a Republican.



REP. G. O. RINEARSON.

Hon. G. O. Rinearson, Representative from Clackamas county, is a lawyer by profession, and is 24 years old. He was elected to the Legislature from his district, in June 1894, by a large majority. He was born and raised in Clackamas county. Mr. Rinearson is recognized as one of the ablest parliamentarians and most forcible speakers in the House; during the 1895 Legislature he was prominently identified as one of the anti-Dolph leaders, and was also a member of two Committees, viz: Food and Dairy products, and Horticulture.

REPRESENTATIVE HENRY L. BARKLEY.

Hon. H. L. Barkley, Representative from Marion county, was born in Adam's county, Indiana, March 19, 1858. His parents moved to Ohio when he was but eight years of age. Mr. Barkley came to Oregon in 1888 and has lived in Marion county ever since in and near Woodburn. He has never been anything else than a Republican in politics and has always taken an active interest in the party. He canvassed his county in Ohio for the Republican ticket when James G. Blaine was the candidate for President. He has steadily refused to be a candidate, although many times urged to do so by his friends. It was only at the earnest solicitation of his friends that he consented to let his name be used in the campaign of 1894. At the time of the County Convention he was lying on his sick bed and at one time his condition was regarded as critical. He recovered, however, in time to take a part in the campaign during the latter part of May. His nomi-



nation coming at the time and under the circumstances was a fitting tribute of his worth. He has a host of friends in Marion county, irrespective of party, who were glad of the opportunity to testify to his fitness for the legislative halls of our State by rolling him up a heavy majority away ahead of his ticket. He is a man of more than ordinary ability, as sharp as a needle, and yet as tender as a maiden. He has a large fund of humor, is a ready and fluent talker and is inflexible in honor. He was styled the "Daniel Webster" of the Legislature. He is the presiding elder of the United Brethren church of the district which includes Marion county, a preacher of varied information, with a very forcible utterance, a conversationalist of unusual suavity and a warm friend, generous to a fault. As a legislator, he has compelled respect for his knowledge of men, his quick perception, his ready wit and uniform forbearance. He was one of the noted thirty anti-Dolph men and seconded the nomination of Senator George W. McBride, amidst great applause at the eleventh hour of the Eighteenth Legislature.

REPRESENTATIVE J. S. GURDANE.



Hon. J. S. Gurdane, Representative from Umatilla county, was born at sea while his parents were making a voyage. He came to America from Scotland, and was early left an orphan. At the age of 15 Mr. Gurdane returned to the sea, truly his native element, and for twenty years followed the life of a sailor. He served for five years in the American navy, and went through part of the Mexican war. Mr. Gurdane enlisted in the army in 1861, and served through the war of the Rebellion. In 1882 he moved to Umatilla county, Oregon, where he has since been engaged in farming and stock raising. He is a Republican.

REPRESENTATIVE M. J. HILLEGAS.

Hon. M. J. Hillegas, Representative from Lane county, was born in Ohio in 1841, and his early years were passed on a farm. He joined the Union army as a private in 1862, serving through the war, and was mustered out as a Lieutenant in 1865. Mr. Hillegas emigrated to Lane county, Oregon, in 1882, where he has since pursued farming as a vocation. He has always been a stalwart Republican, but an opponent of the demonetization of silver.

NATIONAL COMMITTEES AND HEADQUARTERS.

REPUBLICAN :

Thos. H. Carter, Chairman, Helena, Mont.
L. E. McComas, Secretary, Hagerstown, Md.

DEMOCRATIC :

Wm. F. Harrity, Chairman, Harrisburg, Pa.
Simon P. Sheerin, Secretary, Logansport, Ind.

PEOPLE'S :

H. E. Taubeneck, Chairman, Marshall, Ill.
J. H. Turner,) Secretaries, { Washington, D. C.,
L. J. McParlin,) { Lockport, N. Y.

A. P. A.

W. J. H. Traynor, President, Detroit, Mich.
Chas. T. Beatty, Secretary, Detroit, Mich.

PROHIBITION :

Samuel Dickie, Chairman, Albion, Mich.
W. T. Wardwell, Secretary, New York, N. Y.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN :

Geo. A. Steel, Portland, Chairman.
William Kapus, Portland, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC :

David T. Sears, Perrydale, Chairman.
Napoleon Davis, Portland, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S :

W. H. Spaugh, Harrisburg, Chairman.
L. H. McMahon, Salem, Secretary.
J. F. Hendrex, Harrisburg, Treasurer.

PROHIBITION.

G. M. Weister, Portland, Chairman.
Mrs. N. S. Dygert, Portland.
L. H. Amos, Portland.

A. P. A.

Ed. N. Deady, Portland, State President.
J. T. Hayne, Portland, State Secretary.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN OREGON.

Belgium—Th. J. O'Connor, Consul, Portland.
Chili—Fernando G. Ewald, Consul, Portland.
Denmark—Esper S. Larsen, Vice-Consul, Portland.
France—H. F. Tyson, Consular Agent, Portland.
Germany—Carl von Wintzingrode, Consul, Portland.
Great Britain—Peter L. Cherry, Vice Consul, Astoria.
James Laidlaw, Vice Consul, Portland.
Hawaii—John McCracken, Consul, Portland.
Russia—Gustave Wilson, Vice Consul, Portland.
Sweden and Norway—Arthur Wilson, Vice Consul, Portland.
Switzerland—Chas. Bircher, Consul, Portland.

Present Population of the United States.

JANUARY 1, 1895.

According to estimates made by Governors of the States and Territories :

States and Territories.	Estimated Population.	States and Territories.	Estimated Population.
Alabama.....	1,600,000	Montana	185,000
Alaska.....	(a) 32,000	Nebraska	1,250,000
Arizona	68,000	Nevada	44,000
Arkansas	1,300,000	New Hampshire	385,000
California	(a) 1,300,050	New Jersey.....	(e) 1,680,400
Colorado.....	425,000	New Mexico	190,000
Connecticut	790,000	New York.....	(f) 6,690,842
Delaware	179,700	North Carolina.....	1,700,000
District of Columbia.....	(b) 280,000	North Dakota.....	200,000
Florida	425,000	Ohio.....	(c) 3,825,000
Georgia	1,956,000	Oklahoma	250,000
Idaho	125,000	Oregon	(a) 350,000
Illinois.....	(c) 4,500,000	Pennsylvania.....	5,745,574
Indiana.....	2,406,504	Rhode Island.....	375,000
Iowa.....	(a) 2,010,000	South Carolina.....	1,270,000
Kansas.....	1,450,000	South Dakota.....	390,000
Kentucky	2,000,000	Tennessee.....	1,800,000
Louisiana.....	1,200,000	Texas	2,650,000
Maine.....	(h) 722,000	Utah	252,834
Maryland	1,122,890	Vermont	337,000
Massachusetts.....	(d) 2,472,749	Virginia	1,750,000
Michigan	2,241,500	Washington.....	(g) 395,589
Minnesota	1,500,000	West Virginia.....	(a) 857,325
Mississippi.....	1,352,800	Wisconsin.....	2,000,000
Missouri.....	3,000,000	Wyoming.....	80,000
Grand Total, January 1, 1895.....			69,171,707.

(a) Estimated for January 1, 1894. (b) By the Secretary of the Board of District Commissioners. (c) By the Secretary of State, at the request of the Governor, for January 1, 1894. (d) Estimated for the Governor by the Chief of the Bureau of Labor Statistics for January 1, 1894. (e) Estimated for the Governor by the Superintendent of School Census. (f) Estimated for the Governor by the Commissioner of Statistics, etc., for January 1, 1894. (g) Estimated by the Secretary of State for January 1, 1894. (h) Estimated by the State Auditor for 1892.

For the Indian Territory, of which no official estimate has been made, 125,000 may be added.

A Call for a New Party Based on the Free Coinage of Silver.

The American Bimetallic League's proclamation, on which the proposed new party is to be founded, was issued on Tuesday, March 6. The principles set forth are as follows:

First.—On this issue we declare ourselves unalterably opposed to a single gold standard and demand the immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver by its restoration by this government independent of any foreign power, of unrestricted coinage of both silver and gold into standard money at the ratio of 16 to 1 upon terms of exact equality, the silver coin to be full legal tender equally with gold, for all debts due, both public and private.

Second.—We hold that the power to control and regulate paper currency is inseparable from the power to coin money, hence that all currency intended to circulate as money should be issued and its volume controlled by the general government only, and should be legal tender only.

Third.—We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest-bearing bonds in time of peace, and demand the payment of all coin obligations of the United States as provided by existing law, in either gold or silver coin at the option of the government, and not at the option of the creditor.

The proclamation is signed by A. Warner, president American Bimetallic League, chairman; John P. Jones and William Stewart, United States Senate; J. L. McLaurin, South Carolina; Anson Wolcott, Indiana; George M. Merrick, Colorado; Henry Jones, Georgia; J. C. Green, California; Joseph Sheldon, Connecticut; C. J. Hillyer, District of Columbia; Byron E. Shear, Colorado; Mortimer Whitehead, New Jersey.

A committee was appointed to select a provisional National committee, to consist of one member from each State, Territory and the District of Columbia, to take charge of the movement in the several States and Territories.

The Electoral Vote.

The following is the electoral vote of the United States as based upon the Apportionment Act of February 7, 1891:

Alabama	11	Montana	3
Arkansas	8	Nebraska	8
California	9	Nevada	3
Colorado	4	New Hampshire	4
Connecticut	6	New Jersey	10
Delaware	3	New York	36
Florida	4	North Carolina	11
Georgia	13	North Dakota	3
Idaho	3	Ohio	23
Illinois	24	Oregon	4
Indiana	15	Pennsylvania	32
Iowa	13	Rhode Island	4
Kansas	10	South Carolina	9
Kentucky	13	South Dakota	4
Louisiana	8	Tennessee	12
Maine	6	Texas	15
Maryland	8	Vermont	4
Massachusetts	15	Virginia	12
Michigan	14	Washington	4
Minnesota	9	West Virginia	6
Mississippi	9	Wisconsin	12
Missouri	17	Wyoming	3
Total	444		
Electoral votes necessary to a choice	223		

OREGON LEGAL HOLIDAYS FOR 1895.

January 1. New Year's Day.
 February 22. Washington's Birthday.
 May 30. Decoration Day.
 July 4. Independence Day.
 September 2. Labor Day.
 November 28. Thanksgiving Day.
 December 25. Christmas Day.

ROSTER OF STATE OFFICERS

- Governor, Wm. P. Lord, Salem, salary per year, \$1,500 and incidentals.
 Secretary of State, H. R. Kincaid, Salem, salary per year \$1,500 and fees.
 State Treasurer, Phil. Metschan, Salem, salary per year, \$800 and fees.
 Attorney General, C. M. Idleman, Portland, salary per year, \$3,000.
 Supt. of Public Instruction, G. W. Irwin, Salem, salary per year, \$1,800 and traveling expenses.
 State Printer, W. H. Leeds, Ashland, fees.
 Adjutant General, B. B. Tuttle, Portland, salary per year, _____
 Fish and Game Warden, H. D. McGuire, Portland, salary per year, \$2,000 and \$500 for expenses.
 Food and Dairy Commissioner, H. B. Luce, Hillsboro, salary per year, \$1,000 and expenses.
 State Librarian, J. B. Putnam, Salem, salary per year, \$1,000.
 Supt. Insane Asylum, Dr. L. L. Rowland, Salem, salary per year, \$2,500.
 Supt. Penitentiary, A. N. Gilbert, Salem, salary per year, \$1,500.
 Supt. Reform School, R. Hendricks, Salem, salary per year, \$1,500.
 Supt. School for Deaf-Mutes, J. B. Early, Salem, salary per year, \$1,200.
 Supt. Asylum for the Blind, E. S. Bollinger, Salem, salary per year, \$1,000.
 State Health Officer, Dr. J. A. Fulton, Astoria, salary per year, \$1,000 and fees.
 State Health Officer, Dr. C. H. Tower, Coos Bay, salary per year, \$400 and fees.
 Boatman, E. T. Bradford, Astoria, salary per year, \$500 and fees.
 State Land Agent, T. W. Davenport, Salem.

The Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Supt. of Public Instruction, State Printer are all elected by the people every four years; the Game Warden, Food Commissioner and Librarian are elected every two years by the Legislature in joint session; the Adjutant General is appointed by the Governor; the Superintendents of the various State institutions, as above, are elected by the different State Boards governing those institutions of which the Governor is the moving power.

Commissioners for Oregon Residing in Other States.

RULES GOVERNING APPOINTMENTS, ETC.

The Governor may appoint as many Commissioners in each of the other States, or in a Territory of the United States, or in the District of Columbia, as he may deem expedient, who shall hold their offices for four years, and may, within the State, Territory or District for which they are appointed, and not otherwise, take and certify:

1. The proof or acknowledgment of a conveyance of real property within the State, or of any other written instrument to be used or operate therein:
2. The acknowledgment of satisfaction of any judgment or decree of a court of this State:
3. An affidavit or deposition to be used in any court of justice, or before any judicial officer of this State; and
4. To exercise any other power, and perform any other duty conferred or imposed upon them by this code or other statutes.

A Commissioner appointed under the last section shall, before he can exercise the powers therein conferred, provide himself with a seal of office, with the arms of this State engraved in the center thereof, and with the following inscription surrounding the same: "Commissioner for Oregon, _____;" the blank following the word "Oregon," to be filled with the name of the State, Territory or District for which such Commissioner is appointed, and take and subscribe an oath before a judicial officer in the county, city or town where he resides, faithfully to perform the duties of the office of a Commissioner to take affidavits, depositions, and the proof and acknowledgment of deeds out of this State, according to the laws thereof; and file such oath and an impression of such seal in the office of the Secretary of this State.

The description of the seal of the State of Oregon shall be an escutcheon, supported by thirty-three stars, and divided by an ordinary, with the inscription, "The Union." In chief—mountains, an elk with branching antlers, a wagon, the Pacific ocean, on which a British man-of-war departing, an American steamer arriving. The second—quartering with a sheaf, plow, and a pick-ax. Crest—the American eagle. Legend—State of Oregon.

NOTE.—The oath of office *must* be taken before a JUDICIAL officer, and the fee for the commission is \$2.50, to be paid to the Secretary of State at Salem.

LIST OF COMMISSIONS ISSUED AND DATE OF EXPIRATION:

- E. P. Sutherland, Los Angeles, Cal., May 1, 1895.
 Geo. F. Thompson, Walla Walla, Wash., May 14, 1895.
 Aug. W. Harning, care of Oregon Improvement Co., New York, May 14, 1895.
 L. S. Roberts, Spokane, Wash., May 19, 1895.
 D. B. Whittier, Boston, Mass., May 23, 1895.
 T. R. Crawford, Emmetsburg, Iowa, June 4, 1895.
 Geo. E. Traver, Tacoma, Wash., June 20, 1895.
 S. Steinheimer, 529 Broadway, New York, June 30, 1895.
 Geo. Stickney, Jr., Emmetsburg, Iowa, July 20, 1895.
 Geo. R. Du Bois, Los Angeles, Cal., August 5, 1895.
 W. R. McBride, Seattle, Wash., August 7, 1895.
 P. A. Hayne, Chicago, Ill., August 14, 1895.
 N. G. Rogers, Louisville, Ky., September 10, 1895.
 E. H. Carey, 10 Wall Street, New York, September 17, 1895.
 Geo. L. Fitzhugh, Walla Walla, Wash., September 25, 1895.
 A. Mackay, 59 Cedar Street, New York, September 25, 1895.
 L. W. Cleveland, New Haven, Conn., October 9, 1895.
 G. T. Knox, San Francisco, Cal., October 15, 1895.
 Leo Schwab, New York, November 5, 1895.
 Geo. H. Corey, New York, November 14, 1895.
 W. E. Samims, New York, December 5, 1895.
 E. B. Westcott, Walla Walla, Wash., December 17, 1895.
 S. Rosenheim, San Francisco, Cal., January 7, 1896.
 J. F. Lyons, San Francisco, Cal., January 7, 1896.
 Chas. Browning, Fairhaven, Wash., January 7, 1896.
 S. S. Carlisle, Seattle, Wash., January 14, 1896.
 J. M. Ellis, San Francisco, Cal., March 7, 1896.
 E. Jackson, New York, March 23, 1896.
 J. B. Denny, Seattle, Wash., April 4, 1896.
 C. R. Fenton, Spokane, Wash., April 7, 1896.
 J. E. Mitchell, Washington, D. C., April 26, 1896.
 F. A. Burnham, New York, May 3, 1896.
 C. E. Mills, New York, May 14, 1896.
 E. G. Reynolds, Kansas City, Mo., May 27, 1896.
 J. E. Mills, Sacramento, Cal., July 7, 1896.
 L. Meininger, San Francisco, Cal., July 27, 1896.
 E. F. Wellington, Rochester, N. Y., August 31, 1896.
 W. H. Clarkson, New York, October 7, 1896.
 L. F. Cooper, Crescent City, Cal., October 7, 1896.
 C. T. Lunt, New York, October 18, 1896.
 Geo. McCaffrey, Baltimore, Md., October 27, 1896.
 Wm. Hermann, San Francisco, Cal., November 22, 1896.
 J. P. R. Sherman, Boston, Mass., December 1, 1886.
 L. Sontag, San Francisco, Cal., December 28, 1896.
 Sam Jennison, Boston, January 14, 1897.
 J. A. Taylor, Walla Walla, Wash., January 14, 1897.
 S. W. King, Chicago, Ill., January 21, 1897.
 W. T. Hasdenbrook, New York, February 1, 1897.
 E. F. Corey, New York, February 8, 1897.
 W. J. Fell, Philadelphia, Penn., February 21, 1897.
 E. J. Jones, Boston, Mass., February 21, 1897.
 G. B. Baker, Dayton, Wash., February 21, 1897.

- F. B. Fenwick, New York, March 15, 1897.
 N. Monroe, Boston, March 15, 1897.
 R. W. D. Bryon, Albuquerque, New Mexico, March 17, 1897.
 E. B. Ryan, San Francisco, Cal., March 28, 1897.
 J. J. Deane, San Francisco, Cal., April 1, 1897.
 C. H. Phillips, San Francisco, Cal., May 1, 1897.
 F. C. Mosebach, San Francisco, Cal., May 8, 1897.
 W. B. Latham, San Francisco, Cal., June 20, 1897.
 V. Roseman, New York, June 24, 1897.
 J. T. Harrison, Cincinnati, O., August 8, 1897.
 F. P. Radcliff, Kansas City, Mo., August 8, 1897.
 Thos. F. Wardie, New York, August 29, 1897.
 E. E. Young, Boston, September 15, 1897.
 T. H. Cann, Seattle, Wash., December 16, 1897.
 M. C. Somat, New Orleans, La., Jan. 27, 1898.
 G. W. Hunt Philadelphia, Pa., February 13, 1898.
 T. J. Hunt, Philadelphia, Pa., March 14, 1898.
 F. D. Butrick, Boston, April 10, 1898.
 W. D. Mansfield, San Francisco, Cal., April 28, 1898.
 T. W. Folsom, New York, May 8, 1898.
 Jos. Braman, New York, May 22, 1898.
 T. H. Temient, San Francisco, Cal., May 22, 1898.
 J. B. Braman, Boston, Mass., June 12, 1898.
 Ella F. Braman, Boston, Mass., June 7, 1898.
 J. H. Hilliery, New York, June 12, 1898.
 Wm. Shillaber, New York, June 16, 1898.
 G. E. Reardon, Baltimore, Md., June 21, 1898.
 C. T. Stanley, San Francisco, Cal., June 26, 1898.
 J. K. Bartlett, Jr., Baltimore, Md., July 24, 1898.
 L. D. Craig, San Francisco, Cal., August 4, 1898.
 C. S. Bundy, Washington, D. C., August 7, 1898.
 C. D. Greene, St. Louis, Mo., September 13, 1898.
 E. B. Whitman, Walla Walla, Wash., October 4, 1898.
 Sam L. Taylor, Philadelphia, Pa., October 23, 1898.
 L. R. Kidder, New York, November 8, 1898.
 M. A. Foote, Chicago, Ill., November 28, 1898.
 J. L. King, San Francisco, Cal., December 7, 1898.
 C. H. Adams, Boston, Mass., January 4, 1899.
 J. J. Pitts, Massillon, O., January 10, 1899.
 S. S. Willard, Chicago, Ill., February 7, 1899.
 W. B. Daniels, Vancouver, Wash., February 12, 1899.
 T. S. Price, Fresno, Cal., March 7, 1899.
 R. H. Evans, Washington, D. C., March 18, 1899.

RULES RESPECTING THE APPOINTMENT OF NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Application for appointment must be signed by the applicant, and recommended, in writing, by at least two well-known citizens of his county. A blank form for this purpose will be forwarded by the Secretary of State. It is the invariable rule of the Executive to date all Commissions on the day they are issued. Under no circumstances will a Commission be given a date prior to the actual date of appointment. Bonds executed at a date prior to the date of appointment will not be approved by the Governor: therefore blanks for the bond and oath of office will not be sent out until after the appointment is announced. The impression of the seal of the appointee must be made on the space designated therefor on the blank form for oath of office. The fee of the Secretary of State for attaching State Seal to and issuing the Commission is two dollars. The law requires each Notary Public to keep posted up in a conspicuous place in his office a table of the fees prescribed by law for his services as such officer. For such time as he shall neglect to post such table of fees, each Notary is subject to a fine of one dollar a day.

FOLLOWING IS A BLANK FORM FOR NOTARIAL APPLICATION.

To His Excellency, William P. Lord, Governor of Oregon.
 I hereby respectfully make application for an appointment as Notary Public for the State of Oregon. My residence is..... County; occupation..... Applicant.
 To the Governor: We respectfully recommend the above named..... for appointment as Notary Public.

MEMORANDA.

Each and every Notary Public, before he enters upon the duties of his office, shall take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and for the faithful discharge of the duties of his said office, and shall give a Bond to the Governor, with sufficient surety, in the penal sum of Five Hundred Dollars, conditioned for the discharge of the duties of his said office. (Hill's Code, Section 2318.)

Every Notary Public, before he enters upon the duties of his office, shall provide an official seal, and deposit an impression of the same, together with said oath and bond, in the office of the Secretary of State. (Hill's Code, Section 2324.)

EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- William P. Lord, Governor.
- H. R. Kincaid, Secretary of State.
- G. M. Irwin, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| C. H. Chapman, Eugene. | J. Burnham, Portland. |
| J. B. Horner, Corvallis. | J. D. Robb, Woodstock. |
| P. L. Campbell, Monmouth. | M. G. Royal, Weston. |
| Geo. Peebles, Salem. | Lillian M. Collison, La Grande. |
| J. H. Stanley, Hillsboro. | |

LIST OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS, ELECTED JUNE 4, 1894.

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|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| W. R. Privett, Baker City. | J. G. Stevenson, Eugene. |
| R. F. Holm, Corvallis. | George Bethers, Toledo. |
| H. S. Gibson, Oregon City. | A. R. Rutherford, Albany. |
| H. S. Lyman, Astoria. | Susan W. Moore, Malheur City. |
| J. G. Watts, Scappoose. | J. S. Graham, Salem. |
| J. H. Barklow, Bandon. | Anna J. Baisiger, Heppner. |
| W. R. McFarland, Prineville. | J. H. Ackerman, Portland. |
| Wm. S. Guerin, Langlois. | T. O. Hutchinson, Dallas. |
| J. A. Underwood, Roseburg. | C. E. Brown, Moro. |
| N. M. Bonham, Long Creek. | Lester P. Smith, Tillamook. |
| W. W. Kennedy, Condon. | Harriet C. Woodruff, Pendleton. |
| Charles Newell, Burns. | Nellie Stevens, Union. |
| Gus Newberry, Phoenix. | Mrs. Placidia E. Boyd, Enterprise. |
| Alice Carson, Grants Pass. | Troy Shelley, The Dalles. |
| Mrs. C. N. Gordon, Klamath Falls. | W. A. Bond, Forest Grove. |
| J. J. Monroe, Lakeview. | J. B. Stillwell, McMinnville. |

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD—TIMES AND PLACES OF HOLDING EXAMINATIONS.

The regular meetings of the State Board of Education and of the State Board of Examination occur on the first Monday in January and July in each year, at the capital of the State.

Persons desiring State diplomas or life diplomas may, at any time, make application at the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction at the capital of the State, when the Superintendent will make necessary arrangements with members of the State Board of Examiners for the necessary examination of said applicants.

REQUIREMENTS FOR EXAMINATION.

All applicants must furnish satisfactory evidence of the good moral character of said applicants prior to taking the examination. Should the applicant be personally known to the board, no further testimony will be required. Evidence of the length of service of the applicant as a teacher must also be submitted.

State papers issued by the State Board of Education, are as follows:—

STATE CERTIFICATE.

A person holding a first grade county certificate and having taught three years successfully under the same, and who is recommended by the County Board of Examiners, may receive a State certificate without examination. The fee for said State certificate is \$4.

STATE DIPLOMA.

A teacher holding a State certificate and who has taught four years successfully in the public schools of Oregon, shall be entitled to a State diploma; *provided*, he passes an examination under the regulations of the State Board, made and provided for holding the same in bookkeeping, composition, and physical geography. The grade of examination shall be a general average of 85 per cent, and the minimum allowed in any one branch shall not be less than 75 per cent. The fee required for State diploma is \$6.

STATE LIFE DIPLOMA.

Teachers who hold a State diploma and have taught not less than six years successfully in the public schools in this State shall be entitled to a State life diploma: *provided*, they pass an examination according to the directions of the State Board, in the additional branches to those of the State diploma, of Algebra, English Literature, Oregon School Laws, and General History, and are recommended by a county board of examiners. The fee for State life diploma is \$10. The foregoing applies to such teachers as have passed through the several grades of county certificates and have been teachers during the term in this State.

CERTIFICATES TO PERSONS HOLDING CERTIFICATES FROM OTHER STATES.

Teachers presenting certificates from other States, said certificates being of a State character, may, on the proper recommendation of good moral character, receive a State certificate from the State Board without examination.

Teachers presenting diplomas from other States which have been given upon the performance of work or examinations as are required in this State for like papers, may receive a corresponding diploma or certificate from the State Board, upon being well recommended as to moral character and on the payment of the required fee for the same.

Graduates from colleges or universities having received diplomas therefrom, may, upon examination, receive a State diploma under the rules and regulations governing the same. A State certificate gives the holder authority to teach in any county in the State for a period of two years. A State diploma gives authority for the holder to teach in any county in the State for six years. A life diploma gives the holder thereof authority to teach in any county in the State during life.

COUNTY EXAMINATIONS.

The County Board of Examiners consisting of the County School Superintendent and two professional teachers, shall hold county examinations in their respective counties, commencing every second Wednesday in February, May, August and November, for the purpose of examining all persons who may apply for first, second or third grade county certificates, on such questions as shall be provided by the State Board of Examiners. And said County Board shall have power to grant third grade

certificates to all persons applying for said third grade certificates, upon their passing said examination with a grade of general average of not less than 70 per cent in all branches required by law, and in no case falling below 40 per cent in any one branch. Said third grade certificates good for one year shall be granted only once to the same person. A person holding a third grade certificate shall pass an examination with a grade of general average of 80 per cent, and shall not fall below 60 per cent in any one branch. Applicants for second grade be not less than seventeen years of age and shall have taught not less than three months. Said second grade certificate shall be good for two years. Teachers holding second grade certificates, who are over eighteen years of age, and who have taught successfully not less than twelve months, may receive first grade county certificates upon passing examination in the required branches, with a general average of not less than 90 per cent in all branches, and shall not fall below 70 per cent in any one branch. First grade county certificates are good for three years. All county certificates are good only in the county where issued. A teacher obtaining a county certificate cannot be permitted to duplicate the same grade certificate in any other county.

Regents of State Normal School. (Monmouth, Or.)

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.—FEES AND MILEAGE.

O. F. Paxton, Portland, term expires May 20, 1899.
 Anthony Noltner, Portland, term expires May 20, 1899.
 Benj. Schofield, Cornelius, term expires May 20, 1899.
 J. B. V. Butler, Monmouth, term expires May 20, 1897.
 P. Haley, Independence, term expires May 20, 1896.
 J. C. White, Crowley, term expires May 20, 1897.
 J. J. Daly, Dallas, term expires May 20, 1895.
 Alfred Lacy, Spring Water, term expires May 20, 1895.
 Jacob Voorhees, Woodburn, term expires May 20, 1895.

Board of Regents State University at Eugene.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.—FEES AND MILEAGE.

S. H. Friendly, Eugene, term expires April 15, 1895.
 S. P. Sturgis, Pendleton, term expires April 15, 1905.
 Asabel Bush, Salem, term expires April 15, 1905.
 T. G. Hendricks, Eugene, term expires April 15, 1897.
 A. G. Hovey, Eugene, term expires April 15, 1903.
 Henry Failing, Portland, term expires April 15, 1903.
 C. C. Beekman, Jacksonville, term expires April 15, 1903.
 L. L. McArthur, Portland, term expires April 15, 1899.
 S. Hamilton, Roseburg, term expires April 15, 1901.

Board of Commissioners, 1st Southern Oregon District Agricultural Society.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.—FEES AND MILEAGE.

W. W. Scott, Central Point, term expires March 19, 1896.
 T. E. Hills, Ashland, term expires March 19, 1896.
 F. G. Day, Murphy, term expires March 19, 1896.

Board of Commissioners, 2nd Southern Oregon District Agricultural Society.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.—FEES AND MILEAGE.

Frank A. Stewart, Empire City, term expires, March 19, 1896.
 W. S. Vanderberg, Marshfield, term expires March 19, 1896.

Members of the Press at 1895 Legislature.

SENATE.

C. B. Irvine, Salem, The Statesman, Oregonian and Telegram.
 N. O. Kuhn, Portland, The Sun (Portland.)
 Ernest Bross, Portland, The Oregonian.
 W. H. Fletcher, Salem, Salem Post and Independent.
 A. W. Patterson, Heppner, Heppner Gazette and Long Creek Eagle.
 John R. Beegle, St. Helens, Oregon Mist.
 Benj. Worsley, Astoria, Daily Astorian.
 H. G. Mathies, Portland, The Oregon Blue Book.

HOUSE.

J. L. Reed, Portland, Daily Sun.
 Ben. Worsley, Astoria, Daily Astorian.
 Ernest Bross, Portland, Daily Oregonian.
 Frank Davey, Salem, Daily Statesman, Journal, Oregonian, Associated Press, Albany Herald.
 Mrs. W. J. Plymale, Jacksonville, Semi-Weekly Ashland Tidings.
 Otis Patterson, Heppner, Semi-Weekly Gazette.
 E. Clarke Bynon, Salem, Daily Penny Post.
 Miss Mary Plymale, Jacksonville, Weekly Southern Oregon Monitor (Medford).
 H. G. Mathies, Portland, The Oregon Blue Book.

LIST OF COLLEGES, ACADEMIES, ETC., IN OREGON.

The list given below presents the names and location of all the chartered institutions of learning in the State, including the universities, colleges, seminaries, academies, and private schools, so far as known:

Albany Collegiate Institute, Albany.
 Academy of the Sacred Heart, Salem.
 Academy of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Albany.
 Academy of the Holy Names, East Portland.
 Ascension School for Boys and Girls, Cove.
 Bishop Scott Academy, Portland.
 Friend's Polytechnic Institute, Salem.
 Grace Church Parish School, Astoria.
 Holmes' Business College, Portland.
 Independent German School, Portland.
 Jefferson Institute, Jefferson.
 La Creole Academy, Dallas.
 Leighton Academy, Cove.
 Lafayette Seminary, Lafayette.
 McMinnville College, McMinnville.
 Mineral Springs Seminary and Business College, Sodaville.
 Mt. Angel Seminary and College, Mt. Angel.
 Mt. Angel Academy, Mt. Angel.
 Notre Dame Academy, Baker City.
 Pacific College, Newberg.
 Philomath College, Philomath.
 Portland Academy, Portland.
 Portland Business College, Portland.
 Portland University, Portland.
 Santiam Academy, Lebanon.
 St. Helen's Hall, Portland.
 St. Mary's Academy, Portland.
 St. Michael's College, Portland.
 Sacred Heart School, Portland.
 St. Mary's Academy, Jacksonville.

St. Joseph's School, Portland.
 St. Mary's Academy, The Dalles.
 St. Paul's Academy, St. Paul.
 St. John's Academy, Oregon City.
 St. Joseph's Academy, Pendleton.
 State Agricultural College, Corvallis.
 State University, Eugene.
 State Normal School, Monmouth.
 State Normal School, Ashland.
 State Normal School, Drain.
 State Normal School, Weston.
 State Normal School, The Dalles.
 Tualatin Academy and Pacific University, Forest Grove.
 Verboots School, Cornelius.
 Wasco Independent Academy, The Dalles.
 Willamette University, Salem.

List of Insurance Companies Authorized to Transact Business in Oregon During 1895.

Alliance Assurance Company, London.
 Aetna Insurance Company, Hartford.
 American Fire Insurance Company, Philadelphia.
 American Central Insurance Company St. Louis.
 Caledonian Insurance Company, Edinburgh.
 Commercial Union Assurance Company, London.
 Connecticut Fire Insurance Company, Hartford.
 Continental Fire Insurance Company, New York.
 Firemen's Fund Insurance Company, San Francisco, Cal.
 Fire Association of Philadelphia, Philadelphia.
 German-American Insurance Company, New York.
 Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company, Germany.
 Hamburg-Magdeburg Fire Insurance Company, Germany.
 Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford.
 Home Mutual Insurance Company of California, San Francisco.
 Home Insurance Company, New York.
 Imperial Insurance Company, London.
 Lancashire Insurance Company, Manchester.
 Lion Insurance Company, London.
 London Assurance Corporation, London.
 London and Lancashire Insurance Company, London.
 Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, London and Liverpool.
 Manchester Fire Assurance Company, Manchester.
 National Fire Insurance Company, Hartford.
 New Zealand Insurance Company, Auckland, New Zealand.
 Northern Assurance Company, London.
 North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, London and Edinburgh.
 Norwich Union Fire Insurance Company, England.
 Orient Insurance Company, Hartford.
 Palatine Insurance Company, Manchester.
 Phoenix (Fire) Insurance Company of Hartford, Hartford.
 Phoenix Assurance Company of England, London.
 Queen Insurance Company of America, New York.
 Royal Exchange Fire Assurance Corporation, London.
 Royal Insurance Company, Liverpool.
 Scottish Union and National Insurance Company, Edinburgh.
 Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Company, Springfield.
 Sun Insurance Company, San Francisco.
 Sun Insurance Office, London.

The Insurance Company of North America, Philadelphia.
 Union Assurance Society, London.
 Westchester Fire Insurance Company, New York.
 Western Assurance Company, Toronto.
 State Insurance Company, Salem.
 British Foreign and Marine Insurance Company, London.
 Sea Insurance Company, London.
 Thames and Mersey Marine Insurance Company, Liverpool.
 Ætna Life Insurance Company, Hartford.
 Bankers' Life Association of Des Moines, Des Moines.
 Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford.
 Covenant Mutual Benefit Association, Galesburg.
 Equitable Life Assurance Company, New York.
 Fidelity Mutual Life Association, Philadelphia.
 Fidelity and Casualty Insurance Company, New York.
 Hartford Life and Annuity Company, New York.
 Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association, New York.
 Manhattan Life Insurance Company, New York.
 Massachusetts Benefit Association, Boston.
 Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, Springfield.
 Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New Jersey, Newark.
 Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, New York.
 National Life Insurance Company, Montpelier.
 New York Life Insurance Company, New York.
 Northwestern Masonic Aid Association, Chicago.
 Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
 Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company, San Francisco.
 Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, Philadelphia.
 Standard Life and Accident Insurance Company, Detroit, Michigan.
 Travelers' Insurance Company, Hartford.
 Union Central Life Insurance Company, Cincinnati.
 Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, Portland, Me.
 Washington Life Insurance Company, New York.
 American Surety Company, New York.
 Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, London.
 Preferred Accident Insurance Company, New York.
 Union Casualty and Surety Company, St. Louis.

State Board of Horticulture.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—FEES AND MILEAGE.

President, J. R. Cardwell, Portland, term expires April 1897.
 Treasurer, H. E. Dosch, Portland, term expires April, 1897.
 Second District, John Minto, Salem, term expires April, 1899.
 Third District, Levi Morris, Talent, term expires April, 1893.
 Fourth District, Emile Shanno, The Dalles, term expires April, 1899.
 Fifth District, G. A. Hobbs, Milton, term expires April, 1899.
 Secretary, Geo. I. Sargent, Portland, elected by the Board.

Pilot Commissioners.

ELECTED BY THE LEGISLATURE IN 1893—TERM, TWO YEARS.

J. A. Brown, Portland, \$400 per year and fees.
 B. F. Packard, Astoria, \$400 per year and fees.
 John Fox, Astoria, \$400 per year and fees.
 W. L. Robb, Astoria, Clerk, \$600 per year.

Railroad Commissioners.

ELECTED BY THE LEGISLATURE IN 1893—TERM, TWO YEARS.

- J. B. Eddy, Pendleton, \$2,500 per year.
 I. A. Macrum, Portland, \$2,500 per year.
 H. B. Compson, Klamath Falls, \$2,500 per year.
 Lydell Baker, Portland, Clerk, \$2,000 per year.

State Board of Dental Examiners.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—FEES AND MILEAGE

- Dr. J. R. Cardwell, Portland, term expires June 19, 1898.
 Dr. John Welch, Portland, term expires June 19, 1898.
 Dr. S. J. Barbour, Portland, term expires June 19, 1898.
 Dr. E. G. Clarke, Portland, term expires June 19, 1898.

State Board of Medical Examiners.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—FEES AND MILEAGE.

- Dr. W. H. Saylor, (A) President, Portland, term expires February 28, 1900.
 Dr. B. E. Miller, (H) Secretary, Portland, term expires February 28, 1899.
 Dr. W. A. Cusick, (A) Salem, term expires February 28, 1899.
 Dr. W. E. Carle, (A) Treasurer, Oregon City, term expires February 28, 1897.
 Dr. G. W. McConnell, (E) Newberg, term expires February 28, 1896.
 Meets first Tuesday of January and July each year.

State Board of Pharmacy.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—FEES AND MILEAGE.

- M. M. Davis, Yaquina, term expires May 15, 1897.
 J. M. A. Laue, Portland, term expires September 27, 1899.
 S. B. Gould, Pendleton, term expires May 20, 1895.
 D. J. Fry, Salem, term expires May 20, 1896.
 L. W. Moody, Portland, term expires December 6, 1896.

Trustees State Reform School at Salem.

- Governor W. P. Lord.
 Secretary of State H. R. Kincaid.
 Superintendent of Public Instruction G. W. Irwin.

Trustees Oregon Soldiers' Home at Roseburg

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—FEES AND MILEAGE.

- S. B. Ormsby, Argenti, term expires February 21, 1899.
 B. F. Alley, Florence, term expires February 21, 1899.
 Wm. Galloway, McMinnville, term expires February 21, 1897.
 John P. Robertson, Salem, term expires February 21, 1897.
 Henry Rust, Baker City, term expires February 21, 1897.

Regents Eastern Oregon Normal School at Weston.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—FEES AND MILEAGE.

P. Worthington, Weston, term expires April 3, 1897.
 W. M. Steen, Weston, term expires April 3, 1897.
 W. G. Lynn, Helix, term expires April 3, 1897.
 R. M. Powers, Weston, term expires April 3, 1899.
 G. W. Webb, La Grande, term expires April 3, 1899.
 Nathan Pierce, Pendleton, term expires April 3, 1899.
 J. H. Raley, Pendleton, term expires April 5, 1901.

Regents' Agricultural College.

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR—FEES AND MILEAGE.

D. M. Guthrie, Dallas, term expires December 1, 1895.
 A. F. Miller, Sellwood, term expires December 1, 1895.
 W. Galloway, McMinnville, term expires December 1, 1896.
 S. H. Holt, Phoenix, term expires December 1, 1896.
 J. H. Albert, Salem, term expires December 1, 1898.
 J. Simpson, Siuslaw, term expires December 1, 1898.
 Jeff. Myers, Scio, term expires December 1, 1897.
 D. A. McAllister, La Grande, term expires December 1, 1897.

State Library.

Mr. J. B. Putnam has been the State Librarian for the last ten years. The library is located at Salem in the upper story of the State House, adjoining the Supreme Court rooms. About 20,000 volumes are contained here, the money value of the library being nearly \$60,000. Among the books received from many of the States are State blue books, hand-books, manuals, etc. Most of the books in the collection are law-books. The sum of \$2,500 was appropriated for 1895-6 to purchase additional books.

Oregon State Farmers' Alliance.

President, John Eberhart, Molalla.
 First Vice-President, J. Clem, Linn county.
 Second Vice-President, Geo. Ogle, Molalla.
 Secretary-Treasurer, E. H. Cooper, Carns.
 Chaplain, John Bryant, Jordan.
 Lecturer, John Casto, Oregon City.
 Steward, M. Davidson, Scappoose.
 Doorkeeper, Geo. W. Weeks, Salem.
 Executive Committee, S. H. Holt, E. C. Hamilton, J. D. Wilkerson.
 Delegate to National Alliance, J. C. Luce of Grant county.

The following planks from the platform of the organization will give an idea of its objects and aims:—

"We believe the time is ripe for co-operative effort, and as several co-operative stores have demonstrated their usefulness, we urge as a means of relief that our people generally patronize them.

"We further recommend the establishment of co-operative plants and industries, such as creameries, canneries, tanneries, mills, stores, etc., and by co-operative buying and selling concentrate our trade and avoid needless middlemen's profits. We also recommend the study of various works on co-operation, especially, 'How to Co-operate,' by Myrick; 'Trials and Triumphs of Labor,' by De Bernardi; 'Universal Prosperity,' by Wenning; Gronlund's 'Co-operative Commonwealth,' and Bellamy's 'Looking Backward;' and we ask the press of the State to publish these resolutions and place before the people articles on co-operation."

U. S. Weather Bureau.

The Oregon State Weather Service was created by an act of the Legislature, approved February 25, 1889. Similar organizations exist in every State of the Union. The State Weather Services co-operate with the National Weather Bureau in the collection of climatic data, in the compiling and publication of the same, in the distribution of the weather forecasts, in brief, through the medium of the State Weather Services the National Weather Bureau reaches the people and is enabled to extend its work to and in every community of the country. The Oregon Service is supported by appropriations made for the purpose by the Legislature at each bi-ennial term. There are no salaried officers, there is no expense for rent, furniture, postage, etc., hence a small appropriation is all that is necessary, which is used to purchase thermometers, rain gauges and other meteorological instruments; these instruments so purchased are distributed to such individuals within the State as may desire to act as voluntary observers and who will agree to take care of the instruments, read them at a stated time each day and at the end of the month render a report to the central office, which is located in the Oregonian Building, Portland, Oregon. The National Government details a Weather Bureau officer to manage the State service and in Oregon Mr. B. S. Pague is the director. The United States pays his salary, office and other expenses, furnishes forms for recording observations, penalty envelopes for mailing and other expenses. It is seen that the appropriation of \$1000 made by the Legislature is expended for the building up of the Oregon Weather Service and the supplying of instruments to the various voluntary observers. The work of the Weather Service is primarily for scientific purposes; the collection of data concerning the climate, a study of these data for the purpose of affording a better understanding as to the course and movement of storms and in the end to facilitate the improvement of the National Weather Bureau's forecasts. All advancement in civilization has been due to education, a resultant of which was scientific research from which evolves the superb development of mankind of today. This being an undeniable fact, it is both fitting and proper that legislation should be in favor of any systematic course of scientific research, hence the wise provision of the Oregon Legislature of 1889 in the organization of the Oregon Weather Service and successive legislation in keeping the organization in good working order. The scientific value of the weather service is acknowledged, but that is far from being the only value the service is to the people. The service has for the past six years made careful examination through a corps of several hundred correspondents into the effect of the weather upon agricultural operations, and has published during each growing season a result of such examinations in the form of weekly bulletins, which have been most extensively published in the various newspapers of the State. By means of these bulletins the public has had authentic and reliable information as to the gradual growth and progress of the agricultural products of the State. Such information was not to be had from any source previous to the organization of the State Weather Service. The daily weather data collected by the corps of meteorological observers in the State is compiled at the central office and published monthly in a neat pamphlet, the pamphlet ranging in size from 20 to 40 pages, gives a plain, full account of the weather which prevailed in the State during the month, and being published by a recognized authority and from an official source, it forms one of the best means of disseminating throughout the country information concerning Oregon's climate, her resources and her productions. The State Weather Service has issued three bi-ennial reports giving a resume of the weather observations made

within the State, a discussion of the same, the soils of the State and their productive capacity, the cereal production of the State and the irrigation now developed within the State. The third bi-ennial report, issued in January, 1895, is a most thorough and comprehensive review of Oregon's climate, and it will be of great benefit in disseminating information concerning the State.

The Weather Bureau weather forecasts indicating the probable weather for the coming 36 hours, are now distributed to about 400 places in the State; these are of the greatest benefit to farmers, to builders and contractors and to all those whose interests are affected by atmospheric changes. A resume of the weather conditions for 1894 (which was about a normal year in Oregon) is herewith given in order to show the character of the work of the Weather Service and the climate of Oregon.

ANNUAL METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY FOR 1894.

A summary of the meteorological observations made within the State of Oregon during the year 1894 will, no doubt, be of value to its citizens for information, if for no other purpose, and it will prove of the greatest value to those of other States when inquiring concerning Oregon and its climate.

The year 1894, as a whole, from a weather point of view, was nearly normal. The most marked feature of the year was the excess of rainfall, especially in Clatsop, Coos and Curry counties, bordering upon the Pacific ocean. The average precipitation for the counties bordering upon the Pacific ocean was 93 inches, for the counties in the Willamette valley 49 inches, for the counties of Southern Oregon 33 inches, and the same in the counties in the Columbia river valley. In the counties lying south and east of the Blue mountains—the stock country of Oregon—the average is 18.06 inches. The excess of precipitation ranged from 8.40 inches along the coast to 0.54 of an inch in the southeastern section. The heaviest rainfall in the State was at Glenora, near the summit of the Coast mountains in Tillamook county, amounting to 139.98 inches. This is purely a local precipitation produced by the topography of the country surrounding. At Bandon, Coos county, and Langlois, Curry county, 103.97 and 109.95 inches respectively fell. The least amount of precipitation occurred at Vale, Malheur county, where only 10.15 inches fell. A noticeable similarity is to be observed in the climate of Douglas, Josephine and Jackson counties, in Southern Oregon, and of that portion of Oregon 300 miles farther to the north, lying along the Columbia river, to the east of the Cascade mountains. The mean temperatures of these sections are, respectively, 51.5 and 51.1 degrees, and the average precipitation 33.26 and 32.65 inches. In fact, the mean temperature of Oregon, save that portion lying east and south of the Blue mountains, is practically the same throughout, though the extremes are materially different. Along the coast the extremes are 88 and 25 degrees; in the Willamette valley, 98 and 20 degrees; in Southern Oregon and the Columbia river valleys, 100 and 1 degrees above zero; to the south and east of the Blue mountains, 100 and 11 degrees below zero. The warmest place in Oregon, as shown by the mean temperature, is Langlois, in Curry county; as shown by the maximum temperature it is Pendleton, Umatilla county; as shown by the highest minimum temperature, it is Gardiner, Bandon and Langlois.

The coldest place in Oregon, as shown by the mean temperature, is Burns, Harney county, with a mean of 37.3 degrees, as shown by the minimum temperature, which is 32 degrees below zero. Bandon, in Coos county, had the lowest maximum temperature, viz: 78 degrees.

The snowfall was unusually heavy during the year, the heaviest being at Hood River, in Wasco county, where the total amounted to 135.5 inches—over 11 feet. Joseph, Wallowa county, had 61.5 inches; Baker City, 56.6 inches; along the coast there fell from 1 inch at Gardiner to 15 inches at Astoria; in the Willamette valley and in Southern Oregon, from 4 to 29 inches fell. The greatest of all events occurring during the year—due to meteorological conditions—was the flood in the Columbia and tributary rivers. In June the rivers rose from 6 to 20 feet higher than ever before known, and did considerable damage.