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JAGS code for SSVS & abundance model for lesser prairie-chickens

```
model{

  ## Priors
  for(k in 1:nyear){ ##k = number of years
    beta.p[k] ~ dnorm(0,0.1)
  }

  for(i in 1:R){ ## R = number of sites
    eps[i] ~ dnorm(0,tau.lam) #abundance random effect
    eps.p[i] ~ dnorm(0,tau.site.p) #detection random effect
  }

  alpha.lam ~ dnorm(0,0.1)
  tau.lam <- 1/(sd.lam*sd.lam)
  sd.lam ~ dunif(0,15)
  tau.site.p <- pow(sd.site.p,-2)
  sd.site.p ~ dunif(0,15)
  tau.p <- 1/(sd.p*sd.p)
  sd.p ~ dunif(0,15)

  for(s in 1:ncov){

    ### gam is the inclusion indicator for SSVS ###
    beta[s] ~ dnorm(0, prec[s])
    gam[s] ~ dbern(0.5)
    prec[s] <- 1/variable[s]
    variable[s] <- (1-gam[s])*0.01 + gam[s]*10
  }

  ## Likelihood for true abundance
  for(i in 1:R){ #sites
    for(k in 1:nyear){ #years
      N[i,k] ~ dpois(lambda[i,k]) #latent abundance state
      log(lambda[i,k]) <- alpha.lam + X[i,k,] %*% beta[] + eps[i]

    }

  }

  #observation model for replicated counts
  mu.lp[i,k] <- beta.p[k] + eps.p[i]
  for(j in 1:T){ #loop over temporal reps (2)
    y[i,j,k] ~ dbin(p[i,j,k],N[i,k]) #detection
    p[i,j,k] <- 1/(1+exp(-lp[i,j,k]))
    lp[i,j,k] ~ dnorm(mu.lp[i,k],tau.p)
  }
}
```

```
}  
ik.p[i,k] <- mean(p[i,,k])  
}}
```

```
#derived quantities
```

```
for(k in 1:nyear){  
totalN[k] <- sum(N[,k])  
mean.detection[k] <- mean(ik.p[,k])  
}  
}
```