

Chinese Disinterment Documents: Creating an Online Exhibit

Natalia M Fernández Oregon Multicultural Archives

> Northwest Archivists Conference April 27, 2012



A Collaborative Effort

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Libraries

The Documents



Digitization and Preservation



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Online Exhibit



Custodians of the Original Documents



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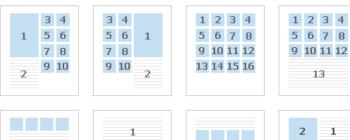
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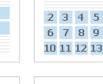


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The Online Exhibit

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The Oregon Chinese Disinterment Documents digital collection provides access to documents pertaining to the 1948-1949 disinterment of hundreds of Chinese immigrants' remains from cemeteries throughout Oregon.



The Documents Applications, Permits, and Notes

Introduction

A Brief History of the Chinese in Oregon, 1850-1950

Disinterment: Traditions

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Oregon Chinese Disinterment Documents

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The Documents

 The 1948 Disinterment
 Map of Cemeteries
 Northwest Oregon: Albany, Astoria, & Corvallis

 Northwest Oregon: Portland & Salem
 Eastern Oregon
 Southern Oregon
 Shipping Related

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Map of Cemeteries



Interactive Google Map of Oregon Cemeteries

Southern Oregon:

- Mountain View Cemetery, Ashland
- Old Ashland Cemetery, Ashland
- I.O.O.F. Cemetery, Coos Bay
- Sunset Cemetery, Coos Bay
- Linkville Cemetery, Klamath Falls**
- I.O.O.F. Cemetery, Lakeview
- Sunset Park, Lakeview

The disinterments took place at 17 cities and 23 cemeteries:

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Northwest Oregon: Albany, Astoria, Corvallis - Riverside Cemetery, Albany

- Riverside Cemetery, Albany
- Greenwood Cemetery, Astoria
- Oceanview Cemetery, Astoria
- Riverview (Lewis and Clark) Cemetery, Astoria
- Crystal Lake Cemetery, Corvallis, OR

Northwest Oregon: Portland and Salem - Lone Fir Cemetery, Portland*

- Riverview Cemetery, Portland
- I.O.O.F. Cemetery, Salem
- Private Property near Keizer School House, Salem

Eastern Oregon:

- Chinese Cemetery, Baker City
- Canyon City Chinese Cemetery, Canyon City
- I.O.O.F. Cemetery, The Dalles
- John Day Chinese Cemetery, John Day
- I.O.O.F. Cemetery, La Grande

- Evergreen Cemetery, Ontario



The Documents Applications, Permits, and Notes

Eastern Oregon

Libraries

Chinese Cemetery, Baker City, Oregon

Application and Permit to disinter 22 men: Wong Ngum, Wong Ngep Ting, Wong See Tye, Dong Nging, Chin Ngon, Wong Forn, Huey Park, Louis Yuen, Lum Yun, Lore Park, Jue Park, Leong Deo, Chin Hong Teung, Fong Wing, Lee Guay, Lock Sin, Lock Tin Guay, Fong Toong, Fong Don Ging, Jung Jee, Wong Nging, Lock Ching; page of notes regarding the disinterment (text in Chinese).

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Canyon City Chinese Cemetery, Canyon City, Oregon

Application and Permit to disinter Joong Shew.

I.O.O.F. Cemetery, The Dalles, Oregon

Application and Permit to disinter 14 men: Chuan Dai, Yuen Yuen, Jung Jung, Luy Luy, Chang Hang, Chung Quong Tai, Wong Chong, Lee You, Lung Ling, China Jim, Lee Moon, Leo Gooey, Long Duck, Sid Jueguck; notes regarding cemetery plots (includes some text in Chinese).

John Day Chinese Cemetery, John Day, Oregon

Application and Permit to disinter 10 men: Yoe Shing, Go Fun, Eng Shin You, Joong Sin Ngorn, Hoong Hin Shom, Yee Sing, Eng Yee Shim, Leong Yorn, Ng Bock Den, Ng Jeung Get (documents include some text in Chinese).

I.O.O.F. Cemetery, La Grande, Oregon

Application and Permits to disinter 9 men: Wong Sing, Huey Toon, Wong Ming Yee,

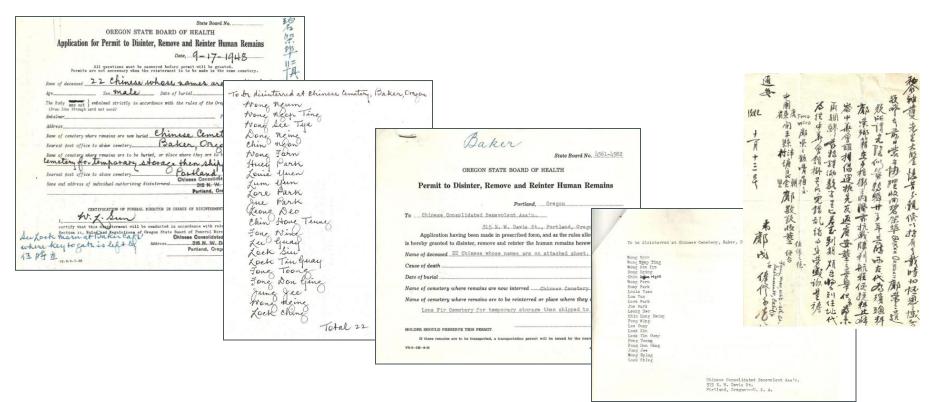


The Documents Applications, Permits, and Notes

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Chinese Cemetery Baker City, OR Application and Permit to Disinter 22 Men



The Documents Shipping Related Documents

Shipping Related



Hanset Sheet Metal Invoice

Invoice for Iron Boxes purchased at Hanset Sheet Metal by the Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association and shipped to Lone Fir Cemetery.

Libraries

July - August, 1948

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United Sheet Metal Works Invoice

Invoice for 35 "Boxes as per sample" purchased at United Sheet Metal Works by the Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association.

August 20, 1948



Coastwise Line, Agents Shipment Booking Receipt

Shipment of "570 boxes of human bones" from Portland to Hong Kong.

June 15, 1949



TADA

EADS Transfer & Storage Co. Letter

Description of boxes.

June 20, 1949

Shipping Related

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EADS Transfer & Storage Co. Invoice

VIC

Invoice for shipment of 93 boxes plus labor.

July 5, 1949



Pacific Far East Line, Inc. Bill of Lading

Bill of Lading for Shipment of "93 BXS HUMAN BONES" Shipper: China Tradeways, Co. for account of Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association From: Portland, Oregon to Tung Wah Hospital, Hong Kong, China

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July 5, 1949



Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association Letter

Letter written by W.L. Sun, Executive Secretary and Secretary on American Relations, CCBA to Fred Chinn, General Manager of China Tradeways Co.

September 9, 1949

Tung Wah Hospital Letter

Letter from the Chairman of the Tung Wah Hospitals in Hong Kong to the CCBA stating that the shipment has arrived.

September 20, 1949









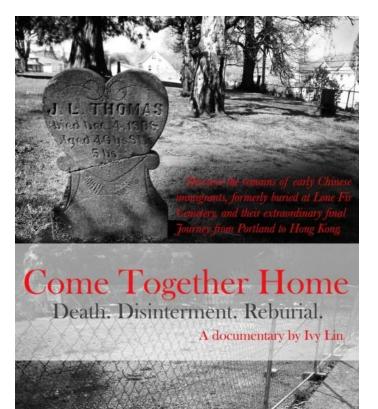
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Lone Fir Cemetery Bock 14 Memorial



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Ivy Lin Documentary



A New Tradition and Further Resources

Bringing Ancestors to the United States

Many of the Chinese who first immigrated to the United States during the middle 19th and early 20th centuries expected their stay to be temporary. In the event that they did not return to their homeland alive, they made arrangements for their remains to be in the United States only temporarily. Although some chose to remain buried in their new home, for almost a century the practice to be disinterred and returned to China was most common.

However, in the 1930s and 1940s, the shipment of human remains was discouraged due to political instability within China after the Japanese invasion in 1937 and establishment of the People's Republic in 1949. Then, just a few decades later, a new trend emerged. As the historic record proves, though diplomatic relations between China and the United States have been tumultuous, beginning in the 1970s a more stabilized political relationship encouraged Chinese immigration and permanent residence in the U.S. With each decade more and more immigrants achieved citizenship and established themselves and their families in the United States. Since the purpose of disinterment is to move remains into the care of a living descendent, the shipment of remains has reversed directions. In the 1970s there has been a steady increase in the number of remains shipped from China to the United States.

It is customary for the oldest living relative to decide to rebury the ancestors in the United States and, ideally, a family member travels to China to personally accompany the remains. If this is not possible,



The Old Tradition

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Tung Wah Hospital Coffin Hall in Hong Kong Photo Credit: Ivy Lin, 2009

Tung Wah Hospital, established in 1869, was the destination of the shipment of bones from Portland in 1949. This photograph is representative of how the Chinese remains were stored.

The Coffin Hall serves as temporary location to house the remains before being picked up by relatives or shipped to their final destinations within China.



List of Resources

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Oregon State Parks curator Christina Sweet reviews records donated to public radio with reporter Tom Banse Photo Credit: Northwest News Network

Museums and Archives

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The State of Oregon

Located in John Day, Oregon, the <u>Kam Wah Chung State Heritage Site</u> serves as a time capsule of Oregon's early Chinese immigrants. In the late 1880's Chinese businessman Lung On and herbal doctor Ing Hay immigrated to Oregon and became business partners. The structure from which they worked and lived is preserved just as they left it and contains the tools, herbs, artifacts and more that bring to light the legacy of the Chinese workforce in Oregon. In 2010 Lung On's and Ing Hay's stories were highlighted in an episode of Oregon Experience: <u>Kam Wah Chung</u> <u>Oregon Experience Episode</u>

The <u>Oregon Historical Society</u> located in Portland, Oregon, and established in the early 20th century contains thousands of artifacts, photographs, maps, and documents. The research library's photograph collection contains numerous images of Chinese immigrants from the late 19th and early 20th centuries.



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Oregon Public Broadcasting

Tom Banse, Regional Correspondent for the Northwest News Network, researched and reported on the documents for OPB, with assistance from Colin Fogarty.

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Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Association

Marcus Lee and Rebecca Liu shared their knowledge of Oregon Chinese history and continue to be heavily involved and dedicated to the Block 14 Memorial project

Portland State University Archives

Cristine Paschild, Head of Special Collections & University Archivist for the PSU, organized the digitization of the documents.

Oregon Multicultural Archives

Natalia Fernández, Oregon Multicultural Librarian, organized the creation of the digital collection, with assistance from the OSU Special Collections and University Archives Research Center staff, especially Trevor Sandgathe and Chris Petersen, as well as various student workers including Laura Cray, Oliver Padilla, and Lauren Doege.

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