Examining the Effectiveness of the Physical Activity Health Education Program for Persons with Multiple Sclerosis (HEMS): A Qualitative Examination

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Introduction

- Multiple sclerosis (MS) is an auto-immune disease affecting 400,000 people in the United States
- Physical Activity (PA) has been demonstrated to improve quality of life for persons with MS
- HEMS is a theoretically based program that aims to increase participation
 - No evaluation of the program for participant feedback has been completed

Purpose

 To complete focus groups with participants who completed the HEMS program to obtain feedback on the effectiveness of the program

Methods

Participants

- Eight HEMS participants
- 75% Female
- Mean age: 59
- MS Type: Relapsing remitting (88%); Secondary progressive (12%)

Procedures

- Two groups completed a 60 minute focus group discussion
- Questions explored:
 - 1. Usefulness of the program content
 - 2. Presentation program materials
 - 3. Barriers & adherence to the program
 - 4. Data collection procedures

"Goal setting have always worked for me so one thing I learned in here is that the goal or prize could be something like painting a room in your home" –HEMS Participant

Qualitative Analysis

- Investigator Triangulation Perspectives from three coders to establish trustworthiness
- Critical friend Staff separate from triangulation reviewed themes

Results

"The idea of looking at PA as counting as an exercise is helpful for me" -HEMS Participant

HEMS Meta-Themes

- Goal setting
- Environment: Supportive & open environment
- Structure of program
- Social support

Barriers to PA

Participant Meta-Themes

- Disability: cognitive, physical limitations, and fatigue
- Accessibility: transportation
- Environment: weather
- Knowledge: Lack of knowledge about PA & lack of social support



Improvement of program

far less accomplished" –HEMS Participant

Effectiveness

of Program

- •Measurement tools: Activity logs & pedometer
- •Additional self-compassion component
- **Facilitators**
- Social support
 - •Self efficacy may increase PA
 - •Goal setting
 - Access to MS exercise clinic

"If I set goals, physical activity goals but other goals as well, if I set them then I reach many of them. If I don't set them I seem to get

Knowledge of PA

Motivators

- Overcoming barriers
- Plans for future PA
- Intentions

"I used to work out by myself all the time, but it helps to have someone to be accountable to, to help you through and change things up" –HEMS Participant

Conclusion

- Overall, the participants found HEMS useful with the assessment tools/procedures needing the most improvement.
- Based on the focus group findings, the HEMS program could be modified to include:
 - 1. Additional module covering nutrition
 - Modified activity logs
 - Rearrangement of scheduling of HEMS program
 - 4. Implement mentor program

"I don't think there's a real level of understanding of where we are coming from all the time" –HEMS Participant



