

*Research Report to the*  
**Oregon Processed Vegetable Commission**  
2008

**Title: Weed Control in Table Beets and Carrots**

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**Summary**

Projects evaluated the potential of controlling hairy nightshade with tankmixes of ethofumesate and s-metolachlor and determined table beet tolerance to s-metolachlor in a commercial production system. Hairy nightshade control with Dual Magnum improved nearly linearly as the rate of Dual Magnum increased. Hairy nightshade control improved significantly when Dual Magnum was tankmixed with Ethotron, and the increase in efficacy was most apparent with Ethotron tankmixed at 15 and 30 oz/A. In a commercial field, Dual Magnum significantly improved weed control, but may have reduced yield where irrigation was excessive.

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***1. Hairy Nightshade Control with Ethotron and Dual Magnum in Root Crops, Research Farm, Corvallis***

**Methods**

Fertilizer with 12-29-10 analysis was broadcast before planting at 300 lbs/A and shallow incorporated with a vertical tine tiller. Table beets and carrots were planted on May 19, 2008 in 25 ft long plots. Two rows of beets and one row of carrots were planted on 26 inch centers. An additional 200 lbs/A of fertilizer was banded at planting. Herbicides were applied with a CO<sub>2</sub> pressured back sprayer at 20 GPA and incorporated with ½ inch irrigation. Soil pH was 5.6, OM (LOI) 2.23% and CEC 18.9 meq/100g soil at planting. Plots were cultivated twice after hairy nightshade seedlings were counted and weed control was rated. The check plot was hand-weeded once in addition to cultivation. Beets were pulled from 8 ft of row on August 25 and carrots from 10 ft of row on September 8.

**Results**

Hairy nightshade was by far the most abundant weed in this experiment. The composite weed control rating at harvest accounted for nearly 80% of the variability in table beet yield and 61% of the carrot yield (Table 1 and 2).

Hairy nightshade control with Dual Magnum improved nearly linearly as the rate of Dual Magnum increased (Table 1). Hairy nightshade control improved significantly when Dual Magnum was tankmixed with Ethotron, and the increase in efficacy was most apparent with Ethotron tankmixed at 15 and 30 oz/A. Dual Magnum at 5.3 oz/A plus Ethotron at 30 oz/A reduced hairy nightshade emergence by 80% compared to Dual Magnum applied alone, but only 50% when Dual Magnum at 5.3 oz/A was applied with Ethotron at 15 oz/A. Dual Magnum at 5.3 oz/A and Ethotron at 30 oz/A maximized hairy nightshade control with acceptable crop injury. None of the treatments completely controlled hairy nightshade.

**Table 1.** Effect of Ethotron and Dual Magnum on weed control in root crops, Corvallis, 2008.

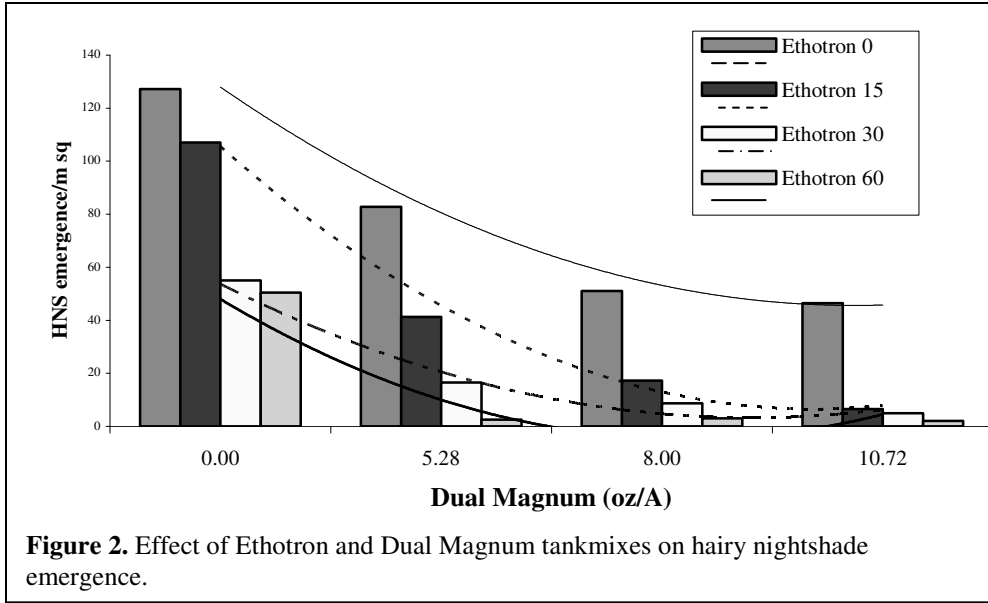
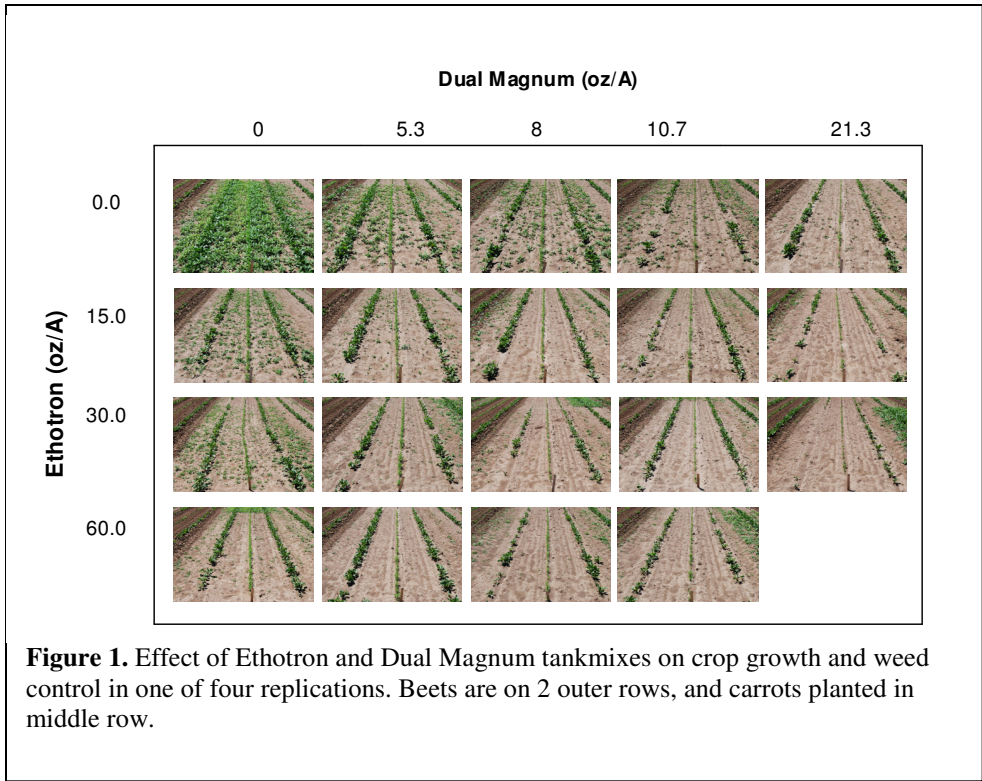
Tr. No.	Ethotron	Dual Magnum	Hairy nightshade emergence 4 WAP (18-Jun)	Weed control 5 WAP (25-Jun)					Weed control at harvest	
				Hairy nightshade	Shepherds-purse	Pineapple weed	Common purslane	Composite rating	Hairy nightshade	Composite rating
	<i>oz/A</i>	<i>oz/A</i>	<i>no/m sq</i>	-----%						
1	0	0.0	127	0	0	0	0	0	85	84
2	0	5.3	83	65	83	78	95	73	55	55
3	0	8.0	51	83	94	91	96	81	69	69
4	0	10.7	47	88	97	71	100	87	71	70
5	15	0.0	107	78	5	61	100	75	65	63
6	15	5.3	41	91	95	95	100	91	80	80
7	15	8.0	17	95	98	87	100	97	88	88
8	15	10.7	7	98	99	97	100	98	94	90
9	30	0.0	55	95	61	53	100	84	88	85
10	30	5.3	17	98	98	97	100	97	98	95
11	30	8.0	9	99	100	96	100	99	100	99
12	30	10.7	5	99	100	100	100	99	100	100
13	60	0.0	51	97	95	71	100	95	95	93
14	60	5.3	3	99	100	99	100	99	97	97
15	60	8.0	3	99	100	99	100	98	98	98
16	60	10.7	2	100	100	99	100	99	100	100
17	0	21.3	11	95	100	98	100	95	91	91
18	15	21.3	3	99	100	100	100	98	98	96
19	30	21.3	1	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
ANOVA			<.0001	<.0001	<.0001	<.0001	<.0001	<.0001	<.0001	<.0001
FPLSD			22	6.3	15	28.6	3.5	5.9	10.8	10

**Table 2.** Effect of Ethotron and Dual Magnum herbicides on beet and carrot growth and yield.

Crop	Tr. no	Ethotron	Dual Magnum	Emergence (18-Jun)	Stunting (25-Jun)	Phyto. (25-Jun)	Root no.	Yield	Avg. root wt	Grade
		oz/A	oz/A	no/4 ft	%	0-10	no./ft	t/A	lbs	% 1-3
Beets	1	0	0.0	41	0	0	5.0	31.9	0.66	50
Beets	2	0	5.3	36	0	0	5.6	26.0	0.52	63
Beets	3	0	8.0	36	8	0	4.6	30.7	0.70	52
Beets	4	0	10.7	36	8	0	4.2	33.1	0.77	53
Beets	5	15	0.0	38	5	0	5.2	29.1	0.63	65
Beets	6	15	5.3	38	4	0	6.0	36.8	0.67	61
Beets	7	15	8.0	41	13	0	5.5	41.3	0.78	45
Beets	8	15	10.7	34	20	1	4.1	43.5	1.07	35
Beets	9	30	0.0	32	6	0	4.8	39.3	0.86	51
Beets	10	30	5.3	36	18	1	4.4	42.0	1.01	41
Beets	11	30	8.0	35	24	2	3.9	40.8	1.20	30
Beets	12	30	10.7	36	20	1	5.6	43.5	0.84	46
Beets	13	60	0.0	34	9	0	5.2	41.6	0.83	45
Beets	14	60	5.3	29	25	1	5.3	38.4	0.80	52
Beets	15	60	8.0	38	26	2	4.1	41.8	1.07	30
Beets	16	60	10.7	34	31	2	5.1	40.2	0.85	42
Beets	17	0	21.3	37	21	1	6.5	39.0	0.64	55
Beets	18	15	21.3	27	35	1	4.5	38.7	1.00	34
Beets	19	30	21.3	30	45	3	4.7	41.2	0.92	38
ANOVA				<i>ns</i>	<i>&lt;0.0001</i>	<i>&lt;0.0001</i>	<i>ns</i>	<i>&lt;0.0001</i>	<i>&lt;0.001</i>	<i>&lt;0.001</i>
LSD				<i>13</i>	<i>12.8</i>	<i>0.97</i>	<i>1.6</i>	<i>6.97</i>	<i>0.13</i>	<i>18</i>
Carrots	1	0	0.0	49	0	0	12.7	18.1	0.14	-
Carrots	2	0	5.3	46	3	0	13.7	15.2	0.11	-
Carrots	3	0	8.0	48	8	0	15.5	20.1	0.13	-
Carrots	4	0	10.7	44	20	0	13.8	20.3	0.15	-
Carrots	5	15	0.0	50	0	0	15.4	17.6	0.12	-
Carrots	6	15	5.3	46	10	0	14.2	21.7	0.15	-
Carrots	7	15	8.0	52	13	0	15.8	22.6	0.14	-
Carrots	8	15	10.7	46	16	0	14.2	23.1	0.16	-
Carrots	9	30	0.0	43	5	0	15.1	21.2	0.14	-
Carrots	10	30	5.3	49	9	0	15.0	23.8	0.16	-
Carrots	11	30	8.0	45	18	0	13.7	22.9	0.17	-
Carrots	12	30	10.7	43	28	0	14.4	22.1	0.15	-
Carrots	13	60	0.0	45	9	0	16.0	25.0	0.16	-
Carrots	14	60	5.3	45	23	0	13.8	23.6	0.17	-
Carrots	15	60	8.0	43	23	0	12.9	23.5	0.18	-
Carrots	16	60	10.7	44	25	0	13.1	21.4	0.17	-
Carrots	17	0	21.3	47	33	0	13.8	21.0	0.16	-
Carrots	18	15	21.3	41	28	0	13.4	21.8	0.16	-
Carrots	19	30	21.3	42	35	0	11.9	20.9	0.18	-
ANOVA				<i>ns</i>	<i>&lt;0.0001</i>	<i>&lt;0.0001</i>	<i>0.04</i>	<i>&lt;0.0001</i>	<i>&lt;0.0001</i>	
LSD				<i>8</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>2.3</i>	<i>3.6</i>	<i>0.02</i>	

**Table 3.** Herbicide application data.

Date	Tuesday, May 20, 2008
Application timing	Preemergence Surface
Start/end time	8-10 A
Air temp/soil temp (2")/surface	69/66/64
Rel humidity	85%
Wind direction/velocity	0-3 SE
Cloud cover	100%
Soil moisture	Rained 0.13 during the night prior to treatment
Plant moisture	-
Sprayer/PSI	BP 25 PSI
Mix size	2100 mls
Gallons H2O/acre	20
Nozzle type	4-XR-8003
Nozzle spacing and height	4 nozzle boom 20/24
Soil inc. method/implement	Total of 0.5 inches of rain fell/irrigation was applied with 48 hrs after planting



## II. Table beet tolerance to Dual Magnum in a commercial production field.

### Methods

Table beets were planted in a field near Dayton, Oregon on May 22, 2008. Roneet was preplant incorporated and Pyramin was banded over the row at planting. Dual Magnum treatments (see Table 4) were applied broadcast immediately after planting at 10.7 oz/A (0.64 lbs ai/A) to 16 foot strips the length of the field (2120 ft). Crop emergence was measured in 18-3 foot row lengths in each plot on June 10. Beets were machine harvested on Sept 3, and the area that was harvested was measured with GPS.

### Results

Yield was greater in Test 3 (Roneet+Pyramin+Dual Magnum) than Test 5 (Roneet+Pyramin). The yield in Test 4 was probably low because of a reduced stand that occurred where the irrigation sprinklers drained on the first irrigation set. Test 4 was also a mix of beets harvested from Test areas 3 and 4 (see footnote). Revenue per acre was higher in the Test 5 because of smaller beets. These results suggest that Dual Magnum had a slight effect on beet emergence early in the season, which caused larger beets and less value per acre even though yield was greatest where Dual Magnum was applied. Weed control definitely improved with Dual Magnum, however, even when applied over Roneet + Pyramin (Test 3).

**Table 4.** Effect of Dual Magnum on table beet emergence, grade, and yield in a commercial field near Dayton, OR

Test	Treatment	Beet emergence (June 10)	Harvest (truck load) data									Estimated yield	Est. value
			Time in	#1	#2	#3	NV	LVS	LRG	SMAL	OTH		
		<i>no/3 ft</i>	-----%-----									<i>t/A</i>	<i>\$/A</i>
3	Roneet + Pyramin+ Dual Mag	74	9/3/2009 14:07	14	41	2 1	24	2	5	2	2	38.8	2157
4*	Roneet+ Dual Mag	71	9/3/2009 14:07	21	44	6	29	6	0	1	2	26.2	1593
5	Roneet+ Pyramin	76	9/3/2009 14:07	25	55	7	13	8	0	2	2	32.3	2410

\*70% of the beets harvested in this test were from Test Area 4 (Roneet + Dual Magnum) and 30% were from Test Area 3.