TECHNICAL NOTE NUMBER 104

FOREST PRODUCTS LABORATORY - U. S. FOREST SERVICE - MADISON, WISCONSIN

OVERHEATING REDUCES STRENGTH OF ANIMAL GLUE

That long continued heating reduces the strength of animal glue solutions is demonstrated by the following tests made at the Forest Products Laboratory.

Solutions of a high grade joint glue and a veneer grade glue were heated for 48 hours at 104, 140 and 176 degrees Fahrenheit, and tested every few hours during this period for strength and viscosity.

In the first 7 hours of heating at 176 degrees the veneer glue lost approximately one-half its joint strength, and the high grade glue joints weakened al-The greatest loss in the strength of the most as much. glue joints occurred at this temperature. In the solutions kept at 104 degrees there was a sudden drop in the strength of the joints made with the high grade glue after 31 hours of heating, due possibly to a combination of bacterial and chemical action. The veneer glue joints showed a more gradual decrease at this temperature. most favorable of the three temperatures tried was 140 degrees, but even at this temperature an appreciable weakening in both glues was noted at the end of 7 hours. and longer heating caused greater loss.

The viscosity of the high grade glue declined more rapidly than that of the veneer glue, but at the end of the heating test the viscosity of the high grade glue still averaged higher than that of the veneer glue.

Covered glue pots were used in this experiment. When open glue pots are used the loss in strength caused by the heat is less apparent, since the loss is compensated to some extent by evaporation of the water.