AN ABSTRACT OF THE THESIS OF

<u>Michaela G. Lindahl</u> for the degree of <u>Master of Public Health</u> in <u>Public Health</u> presented on <u>May 2, 2003</u>.

Title: Development of an Integrated Patient History Intake Tool: A Delphi Study

Abstract approved

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Annette M. Rossignol

Objective – Identify patient history intake questions common to four fields of medicine – allopathic, naturopathic, chiropractic and Traditional Chinese Medicine to be included in an Integrated Patient History Intake Tool.

Background – The use of complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) is on the rise in the United States. 80% of those who used CAM therapies in 1990 did so in conjunction with allopathic medicine, and 70% of those who used CAM therapies did not tell their conventional practitioner. Lack of awareness of patients' use of CAM therapies may hinder practitioners' ability to provide adequate healthcare.

Methods – A three-round modified Delphi technique was utilized to generate consensus among 106 Oregon health care practitioners on the importance of specific

patient history intake questions. A panel of faculty members from Oregon Health and Sciences University, the National College of Naturopathic Medicine, the Oregon College of Oriental Medicine, and Western States Chiropractic College identified 321 patient history intake questions, which then were distributed to the Oregon healthcare practitioners. The healthcare practitioners were asked to rate the importance of each question through a series of two surveys over the period of eleven weeks. Suggestions for additional intake questions also were invited.

Results – The Delphi process narrowed the 321 initial questions plus 150 additional suggested questions down to a list of 52 intake questions to be included in the Integrated Patient History Intake Tool. There was an overall response rate of 47% with a 64% response rate to SURVEY I, and a 74% response rate for SURVEY II.

Discussion – The patient history intake questions have been identified for use in an Integrated Patient History Intake tool. This Delphi study illustrated the differences that are held unique for each paradigm of medicine. Determining unique characteristics of complementary and alternative medicine from allopathic medicine is an important aspect of building collaboration among allopathic and CAM providers within the state of Oregon. The proposed model of an integrated patient history intake form provides a platform from which to build further cooperation and awareness.

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Development of an Integrated Patient History Intake Tool: A Delphi Study

Ву

Michaela G. Lindahl

A THESIS

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I understand that my thesis will become part of the permanent collection of Oregon State University libraries. My signature below authorizes release of my thesis to any reader upon request.

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Michaela G. Lindahl, Author

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Development of an Integrated Patient History Intake Tool: A Delphi Study

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Introduction

Communication between complementary and alternative medicine (CAM) and allopathic practices may be enhanced through an integrated patient history intake. One goal of this Delphi study is to facilitate discussion among various medical disciplines regarding a comprehensive patient history. We gathered expert medical practitioners from four various medical disciplines to determine if there is a consensus on the importance of specific medical history questions during the initial patient intake. By determining the questions important to all four fields of medicine, a comparison among fields can be made.

There is a growing disillusion surrounding the terms complementary and alternative medicine, as well as allopathic or Western Biomedicine. These terms are understood to be controversial, and, unfortunately, there are no terms ideal or universally accepted. For the purposes of this study, the phrase "allopathic medicine," is used, instead of conventional, traditional or Western biomedicine, to refer to medicine practiced by holders of a medical doctor (MD) degree. The National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine (NCCAM) defines CAM practices as those health care practices that are not currently an integral part of allopathic medicine, and that are outside of conventional medicine and not taught in US medical schools [1]. NCCAM includes five categories, but for purposes of this study, the fields of complementary and alternative medicine were limited to naturopathic, chiropractic, and Traditional Chinese Medicine.

There is increasing evidence that shows widespread use of complementary and alternative medicines (CAM) therapy in the US population. A recent report analyzing lifetime use and age of onset of use showed that 67.6% of people surveyed had used at least one CAM therapy [2]. Use steadily increased with age across three age cohorts. Of respondents who used a CAM therapy, nearly half continued to use it many years later. Dr. Ronald Kessler, et al. in this report conclude that "use of CAM therapies by a large proportion of the study sample is the result of a secular trend that began at least a half century ago" [2].

The use of CAM is increasing and has even been termed the "invisible mainstream" of medicine in the United States today [3]. In 1990 and later in 1997, Eisenberg et al. conducted a series of studies to evaluate the trends of alternative medicine use in the United States [3]. The results illustrated the interesting shifts in health care usage in the US. Forty-two percent of participants reported using at least one of sixteen alternative therapies during the previous year [3]. Of those sixteen alternative therapies, the uses of herbal medicine, massage, megavitamins, self-help groups, folk remedies, energy healing, and homeopathy increased significantly from 1990 to 1997 [3]. In both the 1990 and 1997 surveys, patients most often sought alternative treatment for chronic conditions, including back problems, anxiety, depression, and headaches [3]. Compared to visits to all US primary care physicians, Eisenberg et al. reported that the number of visits to alternative practitioners was significantly higher [3]. According to the study, the total number of visits to alternative medicine practitioners increased forty-seven percent during the seven year span [3]. Kessler, et. al., suggests this trend demonstrates a continuing demand for

CAM therapies that will affect "health care delivery for the foreseeable future" [2]. Kessler also reports that "it seems likely that the proportion of people using CAM therapies will increase as insurance coverage for these treatments expands in the future" [2]. It is evident that the use of alternative therapies is becoming a significant mainstream part of health care in the United States.

The recent CAM series in *The Annuals of Internal Medicine* also suggests "national survey data do not support the view that use of CAM therapy in the United States primarily reflects dissatisfaction with conventional care. Adults who use both appear to value both and tend to be less concerned about their medical doctor's disapproval than about their doctor's inability to understand or incorporate CAM therapy use within the context of their medical management" [4]. Andrew Weil believes that patients are looking for

"greater empowerment in medical interactions. They want physicians who have time to sit down with them, help them understand the nature of their problems, and will not promote drugs and surgery as the only ways of doing things. They want physicians who are aware of nutritional influences on health and who can answer intelligently questions about the bewildering array of dietary supplements and natural therapeutic agents in health food stores. They want physicians who are sensitive to mind-body interactions and who are willing to look at patients as mental and emotional beings, spiritual entities, and with whom they can discuss options such as Chinese medicine" [5].

Despite the practice of CAM therapies evident in the United States today, no standardized referral system exists within the conventional medical model.

Fortunately, communication between allopathic medicine and practitioners of CAM continues to grow [6]. In a study of Oregon CAM practitioners, Dr. Robert Irwin found that over twenty percent of CAM professionals made more than 20 referrals per year to allopathic medicine providers [6]. Irwin reported that the strongest predictor

for a CAM practitioner to give a patient referral to an allopathic medical practice was previously receiving a referral from allopathic medical practitioner [6].

Although there is extensive use of complementary and alternative medicine,
CAM therapies are still controversial within the United States. Unlike allopathic
treatments, a minority of CAM treatments have been evaluated for efficacy and safety
according to the western standard of large randomized and controlled trials [6].

Moreover, CAM therapies are exempt from the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
regulation, further raising questions of quality, efficacy and safety among
conventional medical professionals [6].

As stated earlier, NCCAM includes five categories in their definition of complementary and alternative medicine. Those categories are alternative medical systems, mind-body interventions, biologically based therapies, manipulative and body-based systems, and energy therapies including bio-field medicine, and bio-electromagnetism [1]. The NCCAM definition includes practices varying from music therapy to Traditional Chinese Medicine. Because CAM is defined by what allopathic is not, there appears to be a high level of variability among fields included in complementary and alternative medicine. For some practices, there is solid scientific support, while others fall into the category of fraudulent medicine. Therefore, it is important to define the fields of complementary and alternative medicine compared in our study. As mentioned previously the current study limited complementary and alternative medicine to naturopathic, chiropractic, and Traditional Chinese Medicine.

According to Jonas, eighty percent of patients who used alternative therapies in 1990 did so in conjunction with allopathic medicine [7]. The majority of the patients

who sought CAM (70%) did not tell their conventional practitioner [7]. It is important that allopathic practitioners know about their patients' usage of CAM to strengthen physician-patient rapport, to ensure safety for their patients, and to gain a broader appreciation for alternative treatments for hard-to-treat illnesses.

Accumulating evidence suggests a benefit for alternative therapies; thus it is important for allopathic physicians to be knowledgeable of CAM therapies in order to communicate with their patients regarding their use of CAM [7].

According to Lisansky, "the practice of comprehensive clinical medicine requires a knowledge of the previous life patterns, social background, and family of every patient" [8]. A medical history is the cornerstone of a physician-patient relationship. In order to "diagnose accurately, to treat effectively, and to prevent complications and recurrences" a physician "elicits data about a patient's personal life stresses and about his relationship with his [/her] family and the social group of which he [/she] is a member" [8]. The information gathered "offers clues to both physician and patient indicating how and why this particular patient is afflicted with this specific illness at this time and how [the] family is reacting to it" [8]. History taking is one part of the diagnostic process, which is necessary in order for the physician and patient "to work together to achieve a new state of equilibrium in health for the patient and his [/her] family" [8].

The lack of knowledge and familiarity of the various types of CAM, and their benefits and uses, have potential to harm patients' health [6]. Patients' requests often are beyond the knowledge and experience of their primary care provider. It is necessary for allopathic and CAM medical practitioners to have an understanding of

each others' fields to foster greater understanding of the types of therapies practiced in the United States and to facilitate communication among the fields.

Kaptchuk and Eisenberg detailed the extent of CAM practice within the United States in a 2001 review of CAM practices. Chiropractic medicine, licensed as primary care, was found to be the largest alternative medical profession. It accounts for almost one-third of visits to CAM providers. Chiropractors are licensed to practice in all 50 states. Traditional Chinese Medicine, as practiced through Licensed Acupuncturists, is independently licensed as a health care profession in thirty-seven states.

Naturopathy is most common in the Pacific Northwest due to two prominent Naturopathic Colleges, Bastyr and the National College of Naturopathic Medicine.

Currently naturopaths are licensed in eleven states as primary care providers [9].

Portland, Oregon is a unique city in which to undertake collaborative research among allopathic, complementary and alternative medical providers. Portland is home to the Oregon Health and Sciences University (OHSU), the Western States

Chiropractic College (WSCC), the National College of Naturopathic Medicine
(NCNM), and the Oregon College of Oriental Medicine (OCOM). All of these academic centers are leaders in their fields in the value they place on critical thinking skills and the scientific model. All have experienced researchers, as well as educators. The fact that these four institutions call Portland home permits this city a unique quality for potential collaboration, understanding, and insight that is not found in other allopathic communities.

Specifically, our Delphi study seeks to increase awareness of specific patient intake questions that are relevant, and important to all four fields as a way of defining

commonality. It does not, however, address medical practitioners' perceptions and attitudes toward other fields of medicine or the efficacy of CAM therapies specifically.

This study, as part of the National Institutes of Health National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine, Oregon Health and Sciences University School of Medicine Educational Grant (R25), was performed in collaboration with Western States Chiropractic College, National College of Naturopathic Medicine, and Oregon College of Oriental Medicine. The purpose of the grant is to promote CAM literacy within allopathic medical students.

As a result of the Delphi study, we developed an integrated patient history intake tool that will be incorporated into use at the Integrative Clinic at Oregon Health and Sciences University. The objectives of this study were to identify common patient history intake questions, create an intake tool that can be shared among medical practitioners from different fields seeing the same patients and thus enhance the cooperation of CAM and allopathic medical providers.

Methods

Expert rather than general or informal opinion often is sought in the development of critical educational tools. A Delphi technique is an approach to gather reliable data from experts in a large geographic region in a short period of time [10]. A conventional Delphi technique uses a three round process. In the first round researchers gather information, usually by soliciting participants for issues surrounding a topic. These issues may be a list of evaluation criteria, or questions needed on an examination tool. In round two the participants are asked to narrow the original points by ranking or rating in some manner. Often a Likert scale is used. In

round three, the participants are given feedback on the rankings or ratings of all the participants, and asked to rank or rate the points again. Clayton considered the Delphi technique as a way to obtain the most reliable consensus of opinion from a group of experts [10].

There are many advantages to a Delphi approach. First, it has the ability to collect and organize judgments in a systematic fashion. A Delphi study also allows researchers to gain input, establish priorities, and to build consensus through the use of expert opinion [10]. A Delphi technique, like any questionnaire-based study, also have disadvantages, including compliance issues and survey design challenges.

To obtain reliable expert opinion on the importance of specific patient history intake questions, a modified Delphi technique was employed. In a conventional Delphi technique participants are asked to supply information and opinions as to the points of issue in the first round of gathering information. In the modified technique, used in the current study, the Delphi panel, faculty members from each of the four participating institutions, supplied currently used patient history intake forms to generate the patient history intake questions of interest. These were then supplied to Oregon healthcare practitioners. The modified technique was advantageous because it reduced the amount of overlap of supplied intake forms used to generate the list of intake questions. We considered the intake forms supplied by each institution to be representative of those in use by practitioners. The remaining rounds of the Delphi technique were followed. In round two, participants were asked to tailor the list by rating the importance of the supplied questions and providing additional input through open-ended questions. In round three, participants were asked to rate the importance

of the questions according to the percentage of participants who rated each question "High" to finalize the list of intake questions to include in the final tool.

The Delphi study was approved by expedited review through the Institutional Review Board at Oregon State University in May 2002. A series of two surveys were carried out in eleven weeks during the fall of 2002. The surveys consisted of a cover letter explaining the intention to develop an integrative patient history intake tool to be used in conjunction with a proposed National Institutes of Health National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine Educational Grant (R25). The aim of the surveys was to identify those questions that the healthcare practitioners deemed important to include in a patient history intake form. A total of 106 questionnaires were sent to Oregon healthcare practitioners in the fields of allopathic medicine, naturopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine and traditional Chinese medicine.

Table 1. Delphi Study Format

Delphi Panel Faculty member from each institution

Participants Oregon Healthcare Experts – MD, ND, DC, LAc

Round One 1. Identify Topic and Goal

2. Gather Experts

3. Collect Initial Opinion Data

Round Two 1. Summarize and Share Opinions

2. Recollect New Opinion (Data)

Round Three 1. Summarize Data

2. Develop New Tool

Delphi Panel

In a conventional Delphi study, the Delphi panel would consist of those participants who completed the entire study. In terms of this paper the Delphi panel consisted of those members from each institution who provided information and expertise surrounding their field of medicine. Their expertise was used to establish face and content validity for the surveys generated. One faculty member from each of the following institutions: Oregon Health and Sciences University, the National College of Naturopathic Medicine, Western States Chiropractic College, and the Oregon College of Oriental Medicine sat on the Delphi panel. Panel members were asked to participate by the head personnel of each institution during the planning stages of the National Institutes of Health National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine Educational Grant for Oregon Health and Sciences University. Panel members are listed in Appendix A.

Oregon Healthcare Practitioner Participants

The Delphi panel identified the healthcare practitioners surveyed. Each member of the panel referred a list of approximately thirty practitioners in his/her field to be solicited for participation in the Delphi process. The practitioners from each field were inquired to participate through a solicitation letter (Appendix B), which was sent out approximately one week before the first survey. Due to incomplete, incorrect, or unavailable addresses supplied by the Delphi panel, only 106 participants received the solicitation letter and subsequently SURVEY I. A letter of informed consent (Appendix C) was included with each survey. All participants who received the first survey were considered the initial sample. Only healthcare practitioners from Oregon

were included in the Delphi process, even if original addresses were forwarded to an out-of-state address. Table 2 details the study participants.

Table 2. Study Participants

	Medical Doctors	Naturopathic Doctors	Chiropractic Doctors	Licensed Acupuncturists	Total
Sent solicitation letter	26	29	30	28	115
Retuned incomplete addresses	3	2	0	2	7
Out-of-state addresses	0	2	0	0	2
Included in initial sample	23	25	30	28	106

Round One: Development of SURVEY I

The Delphi panel contributed current use patient history intake forms to identify patient history intake questions to be included in SURVEY I. These forms were considered representative of history intake forms currently in use in the state of Oregon. The Delphi panel also contributed patient history intake questions that were asked orally during a patient history intake interview. Questions that were found to be redundant and overlapping were excluded from the initial survey. Table 3 details the itemization of SURVEY I and II. The patient history intake questions were defined to six categories: personal health history, drugs and medications, review of systems, lifestyle, family health, and social health. Table 4 details the total number of questions in each category for each survey. The initial survey totaled three hundred forty-three questions including nine demographic, six "importance of category", seven open

ended, and 321 patient history intake questions. SURVEY I questions are listed in Appendix D.

Table 3. Survey Questions

Question Type	SURVEY I	SURVEY II
Demographic	9	0
Category Importance	6	0
Open-Ended	7	0
Patient History Intake	321	463
Total	343	463

Table 4. Total Number of Category Questions for SURVEY I and SURVEY II.

Category	SURVEY I	SURVEY II
Personal Health	70	96
Drugs and Medications	16	27
Review of Systems	165	206
Lifestyle	40	69
Family Health	10	18
Social Health	6	25

A solicitation letter was sent to one-hundred-six (106) Oregon healthcare practitioners from the individual Delphi panel explaining the intention to develop an integrative patient history intake tool to be used in conjunction with a proposed National Institutes of Health National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine Educational Grant. One week later, SURVEY I was sent to the 106

healthcare practitioners along with an informed consent letter detailing the aim of the survey. Delphi members and researchers signed the informed consent letter to facilitate participants' returns. The participants were first asked to rate the importance of each category, as defined earlier, by answering Yes or No questions. Then the participants were asked to rate the importance of each patient history intake question on a scale of None, Moderate, High Importance, or No Opinion. At the end of each category, an open-ended question solicited additional questions from the participants to be included in that category. The participants also were invited to provide additional comments pertaining to suggested questions and the survey overall.

Approximately ten days after SURVEY I was sent out, another SURVEY I was mailed out to the 106 healthcare practitioners in order to improve response rate. The second mailing of SURVEY I included a current response rate card that detailed the response rate of each field to date.

Round Two: Development of SURVEY II

Sixty-nine healthcare practitioners returned SURVEY I, and sixty-eight completed the survey. Based on the overall response, and after further exclusion of redundant questions, 463 questions were grouped into three "percent response" sections in each category. The three "percent response" sections were: 75-100% of participants rated the following questions "High", 50-75% of participants rated the following questions "High", and less than 50% of participants rated the following questions "High". An additional 150 questions were suggested by participants, which were also included into the following survey. SURVEY II questions are listed in Appendix E.

SURVEY II was sent to the sixty-eight participants who completed SURVEY I. Participants were asked to rate each patient history intake question again based on the "percent response" rating given from SURVEY I. Approximately ten days after the first mailing of SURVEY II, a reminder survey was sent to the sixty-eight participants.

Round Three: Development of an Integrated Patient History Intake Tool

Fifty healthcare practitioners returned and completed SURVEY II. Following inclusion criteria, fifty-two questions were identified for the Integrative Patient History Intake Tool.

Inclusion Criteria

In order for a patient history intake question to be included in the final tool, the question needed to receive a rating of "HIGH" by 70% or more from the participants in each of the four fields, and agreement of that rating among the four groups of at least 75%. Inclusion criteria for three survey questions are demonstrated in Table 5.

Role of Funding Source

This research was funded by an educational grant from the National Institutes of Health National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine for the School of Medicine at Oregon Health and Sciences University. The research was conducted in collaboration with the National College of Naturopathic Medicine, Oregon College of Oriental Medicine, and Western States Chiropractic College. The funding agency did not have access to the primary data, nor did it review the manuscript before submission to Alternative Therapies.

Table 5. Inclusion Criteria for Three Example Questions

	Included	NOT Included	NOT Included
	Question 4a: List all medications, supplements, vitamins, medicinal herbs, and non-prescription medications that you currently take:	Question 23: Did you have any abnormalities at your last PAP exam?	Question 30b: Are you currently or have you ever been in a relationship in which you were physically hurt, threatened or made to feel afraid?
	Percent Rated HIGH	Percent Rated HIGH	Percent Rated HIGH
Medical Doctors	90.0%	67%	100%
Naturopathic Doctors	100%	92%	38.5%
Chiropractic Doctors	71.4%	46%	41.7%
Licensed Acupuncturists	50.0%	78%	10.0%
Inter-Group Percent Agreement	75%	50%	25%

Results

Fifty (50) of the one-hundred-six (106) healthcare practitioners invited to participate completed both surveys of the Delphi process (47.2%). The number of healthcare practitioners who responded to each survey is shown in Table 6. Table 6 includes the total number of experts of each participating group: medical doctors, naturopathic doctors, chiropractic doctors, and licensed acupuncturists.

Table 6. Experts Involved in Each Stage of Delphi Process

	Medical Doctors	Naturopathic Doctors	Chiropractic Doctors	Licensed Acupuncturists	Total
Invited to Participate	23	25	30	28	106
SURVEY I					
Returned	16	15	22	16	69
Completed	15	15	22	16	68 (64%)
SURVEY II					
Returned	10	14	16	10	50
Completed	10	14	16	10	50 (74%)
Overall Response Rate	43%	56%	53%	36%	(47 %) 50 /106

Three hundred twenty-one (321) patient history intake questions were identified for inclusion in SURVEY I by the Delphi panel, which were grouped into six categories. Table 7 shows the number of questions that received a rating of "High" in each category, according to the "percent response" from the overall participants.

At the end of the third round, fifty-two patient history intake questions qualified for inclusion in the final Integrated Patient History Intake Tool. Therefore, at least seventy percent (70%) of each group of healthcare practitioners gave the question a rating of 'HIGH' and 75% of the groups agreed upon this rating. The final list of included questions can be found in Appendix F.

Table 7. Questions Rated HIGH by Total Participants of SURVEY I According to Category

Questions Rated HIGH by Total Participants

	75-100%	50-75%	< 50%
SURVEY I	41	179	93
Personal Health	9	25	34
Drugs and Medications	2	11	2
Review of Systems	25	115	37
Lifestyle	5	16	16
Family Health	0	9	1
Social Health	0	3	3

Discussion

The main findings of this Delphi study were a group of questions that four various fields of allopathic, complementary, and alternative medicine agreed upon as important to include in a patient history intake form. Of the 463 questions detailed in the surveys, the fifty Oregon healthcare practitioners agreed upon 11% of questions considered important by all to be included in a patient history intake.

Although the study set out to determine the areas of similarity among allopathic, complementary and alternative medicine, the study reported a greater difference (89%) than similarity (11%). It is necessary to define commonalities among allopathic and CAM, as the demand for CAM increases practice in the US; it is however also pertinent to determine to the extent of these similarities. This study demonstrated how different the four paradigms actually are in that 89% of patient history intake questions were not agreed upon. The uniqueness of each field, as seen in contrasting opinions

pertaining to patient history intake questions, illustrates the challenges allopathic, complementary and alternative medicine will face sharing an integrative tool and other patient assessment instruments. The numerous approaches to patient history intake questions may be one reason why communication is difficult among practices. Each discipline has a distinct view of the importance of certain intake and history questions. When practices are not asking the same questions as other disciplines it is difficult to communicate conclusions regarding patient care. Expert opinion, through the Delphi study, demonstrated the need for a true integrated and comprehensive approach to medical history taking that can be used in both allopathic medicine and complementary and alternative medicine for prevention measures, lifestyle assessment, and increased referrals.

An interesting point to make is that the final intake tool is most similar to a medical doctors history-taking tool. However, medical doctors do not have a review of systems section, which ended up being almost half of the question included in the final intake tool. Considering the review of systems section, the final tool corresponds with a naturopathic or Traditional Chinese Medicine intake form just as well as the medical doctors intake form.

Sources of error in this study include the modification of round one in gathering information, the lack of real time dialogue, and questionnaire fatigue. In round one, the Delphi panel supplied current use intake forms from their institutions. The Delphi panel considered these intake forms to be representative of current practice forms in the state of Oregon. By not gathering forms directly from the practitioners, however, the study may have neglected some intake questions. Due to the nature of a

Delphi process, face-to-face contact is mitigated by collection of opinion through questionnaire format. This process, therefore, does not allow for real time dialogue of the aim of the study to take place. Different participants, due to the lack of discussion, may have interpreted the goal of the research differently. Another source of error in this study can be attributed to survey fatigue. Our surveys, as seen in Appendices 2 and 3, were long, detailed and time intensive questionnaires. By the end of two surveys, participants commented that they were tired of the surveys and felt that this was too much information to be presented to patients at once. Fatigue may have affected some participants' answers as to the actual importance they would have attributed to any one question.

A small study population also limited our results. The study only surveyed 106 practitioners in the state of Oregon and our results can be generalized only to practices within the state of Oregon.

These possible sources of error notwithstanding, the purpose of this study was to bring together Oregon healthcare practitioners from allopathic, complementary and alternative medicine to identify a core group of questions that all fields considered important to include on an integrated intake tool. Our Delphi study illustrated differences that are held unique for each paradigm of medicine. Determining unique characteristics of complementary and alternative medicine from allopathic medicine, nonetheless, is an important aspect of building collaboration among allopathic and CAM providers within the state of Oregon. The proposed model of an integrated patient history intake form provides a platform from which to build further cooperation and awareness.

As our study was limited to a small sample population it would be appropriate to conduct this research with a larger, perhaps national, sample population. By doing so the results could be generalized to a greater population of practitioners. A larger study population also might highlight a stronger commonality than found here.

Even though our study set out to determine those questions that were important to allopathic and CAM practitioners, the assumption cannot be made that all of these questions are being asked within the practices surveyed. Therefore, future research is required to evaluate the correlation between importance attributed to questions on patient history intake forms and the actuality of the questions being asked, either on a form or in an initial patient interview. A statistical evaluation could highlight the gap between the demand to obtain all aspects of a health history and the current intake practices of allopathic, complementary and alternative medicine.

As a result of this study, further research understanding commonality and distinguishing differences amongst allopathic and CAM practitioners is warranted. This study clarifies a need to look at areas of shared knowledge among allopathic, complementary and alternative medicine. Through future research, differences can be defined in order for unique characteristics to be maintained while building a common integration of medical practice.

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APPENDICES

Appendix A: Delphi Panel Names

List of Delphi Panel Members

Meg Hayes, MD Oregon Health and Sciences University

Richard Barrett, ND National College of Naturopathic Medicine

David Peterson, DC Western States Chiropractic College

Lili Zheng, L.Ac. Oregon College of Naturopathic Medicine

Appendix B: Solicitation Letter

Department of Public Health 264 Waldo Hall Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331

October 18, 2002

Dear Health Care Provider,

In a few days you will be receiving a survey that is designed to determine those questions in a new patient history intake that are common to allopathic and complementary/ alternative medicine (CAM). Your name has been selected from the Oregon Medical Association, making you one of relatively few MDs that are being asked to participate in this study.

The survey has been developed and is being implemented by Michaela Meiser, a Masters of Public Health student from Oregon State University. Ms. Meiser is working with OHSU's School of Medicine, as well as the National College of Naturopathic Medicine (NCNM), Western States Chiropractic College (WSCC), and Oregon College of Oriental Medicine (OCOM), to identify the study area and assess survey results.

The research will help us determine those questions on patient history intake forms that are considered important to all disciplines. Survey analysis will result in the development of a new patient history intake form, which will be used in a NIH NCCAM Educational Grant through the School of Medicine at OHSU. This grant plans to launch 4-year longitudinal CAM curriculum at OHSU through a collaborative effort with NCNM, WSCC, and OCOM. The objective of this grant is to increase the awareness of CAM therapies for future medical practitioners and enhance the cooperation of CAM and allopathic medical providers. Also, there is the potential for publication of a new patient history intake form, which can be utilized by all four disciplines.

The survey is completely voluntary, and confidential. Your name will in no way be linked to your responses.

Please return your completed form for survey one by October 21, 2002 in the envelope provided. Thank you in advance for you participation in the study.

Sincerely,

Meg Hayes, M.D. Medical Director OHSU Health Centers EJH & Scappoose

Appendix C: Letter of Informed Consent

Department of Public Health 264 Waldo Hall Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331

October 25, 2002

Dear Health Care Provider:

You have been nominated by the Delphi Panel below to participate in the following Delphi study of a new patient history intake. Attached you will find a survey designed to determine those factors in a new patient history intake that are common to both allopathic and complementary/alternative medicine (CAM). These terms are understood to be controversial, and unfortunately we have found no term ideal or universally accepted. For the purposes of this study the term allopathic medicine is used, instead of conventional or traditional medicine, to refer to both medical doctors (M.D.) and doctors of osteopathy (D.O.). The terms complementary and alternative medicine will refer to chiropractic, naturopathic, and traditional Chinese medicine.

The intake and documentation of a patient medical history is the cornerstone of effective medical treatment. With the increase of complementary/alternative medical therapies available, many Oregonians use both allopathic and CAM therapies in conjunction for their medical needs. This Delphi study is designed to bring together medical practitioners from four different disciplines in order to determine those intake questions that are central to all four fields. This study will lead to the development of a new patient intake questionnaire to be used in an NIH NCCAM Educational grant by OHSU in conjunction with NCNM, WSCC, and OCOM. Also, this new patient history intake form will be submitted for publication so that the core intake form may be used by all four disciplines.

Your participation in this Delphi questionnaire is greatly appreciated. The details of the study are included in an attachment along with the survey. The questionnaire is estimated to take fewer than 25 minutes to complete. Your participation in this study is voluntary and you may refuse to answer any question. Only a small sample of practitioners will receive the surveys, so your participation is vital to the study. Please return the survey in the enclosed stamped envelope by **November 7, 2002.**

All responses will be kept completely confidential. Each survey will be coded in order to track responses, as well as to avoid duplicate questionnaires being sent to those who already have responded. All identifying information will be destroyed upon completion of the study. Please call Michaela Meiser at (541) 753–3992, if you have any questions. Should you have questions about your rights as a research subject, please contact the IRB coordinator, OSU Research Office, (541) 737-3437. Thank you again for your participation.

Michaela Meiser
Department of
Public Health
Oregon State University

Meg Hayes, M.D. Oregon Health and Sciences University

Anne Nedrow, M.D.

Oregon Health and Sciences University

Lili Zheng, L.Ac. Oregon College of Oriental Medicine

Richard Barrett, N.D. National College of Naturopathic Medicine

Dave Peterson, D.C. *Western States Chiropractic College*

Appendix D: Patient History Intake SURVEY I: Assessment of Expert Opinion

Patient History Intake Survey I Assessment of Expert Opinion









School of Medicine Oregon Health and Sciences University

Please return your completed questionnaire in the enclosed envelope to:

Department of Public Health

Oregon State University

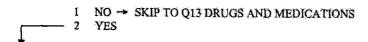
Corvallis, OR 97331-6406

Pr	actitioner Demographics
	Patient History Intake Survey
	ctions: Below are questions pertaining to your practice and personal demographics. Please respond to uestion by marking the answers as indicated.
Q1.	How many years have you been in practice? YEARS
Q2.	On average, how many hours per week do you see patients? HOURS PER WEEK
Q3.	On average, how many patients do you see in a week: PATIENTS A WEEK
Q4.	On average how many NEW patients do you see in a week: PATIENTS A WEEK
Q5.	Please estimate the number of hours you will spend/ have spent attending health care related conferences, meetings, seminars from January 1, 2002 to January 1, 2003: HOURS
Q6.	Please indicate professional degrees completed (Circle all numbers that apply)
	1. DOCTOR OF CHIROPRACTIC (D.C.)
	2 LISCENSED ACUPUNTURIST (L.Ac.)
	3 MEDICAL DOCTOR (M.D.) UNITED STATES LICENSE
	4 MEDICAL DOCTOR (M.D.) FOREIGN COUNTRY LICENSE
	5 NATUROPATHIC DOCTOR (N.D.)
	6 OSTEOPATHIC DOCTOR (O.D.)
Q7.	Please indicate which of the following best describes your primary professional identity (Circle only one number):
	2 DOCTOR OF CHIROPRACTIC (D.C.)
	2 LISCENSED ACUPUNTURIST (L.Ac.)
	3 MEDICAL DOCTOR (M.D.) UNITED STATES LICENSE
	4 MEDICAL DOCTOR (M.D.) FOREIGN COUNTRY LICENSE
	5 NATUROPATHIC DOCTOR (N.D.)
	6 OSTEOPATHIC DOCTOR (O.D.)
Q8.	AgeYEARS
Q9.	Gender (Please circle): FEMALE MALE

Patient History Intake Survey

Instructions: Following are questions being considered for a new patient history intake form. Please respond to each question as indicated.

Q10. Do you consider it important to ask about PERSONAL HEALTH history during a patient history intake? (Please circle one number)



Q11. Listed below are PERSONAL HEALTH questions, which are being considered for a patient history intake form. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

	Potential Questions	Indicate the level o		
a.	What hospitalizations or surgeries have you had? NO		HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Indicate the following illnesses you have had?NO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	AlcoholismNO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	AnemiaNO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	AppendicitisNO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	ArteriosclerosisNO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g,	Arthritis NO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h,	AsthmaNO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Cancer	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	Chicken PoxNO	TE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	CholeraNO	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Cold SoresNO	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Depression NO	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	DiabetesNO	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	EczemaNO	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
p.	Edema NON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
q.	Emphysema NON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
r,	Epilepsy	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
S.	Fever blistersNON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ţ,	Glaucoma	IE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
u,	Hepatitis NON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Ÿ.	Heart Disease	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
w.	Herpes NON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
X.	High Blood PressureNON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

Q11. Listed below are PERSONAL HEALTH questions, which are being considered for a patient history intake form. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Potential Questions		Indicate the level of importance of each question (Circle your answer)		
Indicate the fo	llowing illnesses you have had			•
у.	InfluenzaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINIO
Z.	Kidney Bladder TroubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
22.	MalariaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
bb.	Measles NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
cc.	Mental IllnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
đđ.	Multiple sclerosisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ee.	MumpsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ff.	PacemakerNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
gg.	PleurisyNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
hh.	PneumoniaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
u.	PolioNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
11.	Rheumatic feverNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
kk.	Scarlet fever NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
11.	StrokeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
mm.	Stomach UlcersNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
no.	Thyroid TroubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
00.	Typhoid feverNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
pp.	TuberculosisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
qq.	Venereal DiseasesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
rra	Whooping coughNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ss.	General trauma, accidents, injuries			
	(including residual problems)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Have you ever				
tt.	Had a broken boneNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
vu.	Had strains or sprainsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
yv.	Used a crane, crutch, or other support NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ww.	Been struck unconsciousNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
XX.	Had chronic or continuing conditions NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
yy.	Received chiropractic care, naturopathic care,			
	acupuncture, or massageNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

Q11. Listed below are PERSONAL HEALTH questions, which are being considered for a patient history intake form. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

ZZ.	Potential Questions Indicate the level of impresent question (Circle you When did you last go to a doctor's			
	office, medical clinic, or hospital?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
aaa.	What was the reason?NONE	MODERATE	НЮН	NO OPINION
Have you ever	had any of the following			
bbb.	ElectrocardiogramNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
cec.	X-raysNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ddd.	CT scanNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
eee.	Bone density scanNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
fff.	ElectroencephalogramNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ggg.	MammogramNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
hhh.	MRINONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
iii.	Spinal x-rayNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
jij-	Spinal examinationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
kkk.	Physical examinationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Do you have allergies to foods, drugs, or			
	other allergens in your environment			
	(cats, mold, dust)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
mmm.	What immunizations have you had?			
	(Diphtheria, polio, tetanus shot,			
	measles/mumps/rubella, pertussis)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
nnn.	What is your weight?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
000.	What was your weight one year ago?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ppp.	What is your height?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
qqq.	At what age were you at your			
	maximum weight?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Q12. Are there any more PERSONAL HEALTH questions that you feel are important to ask during a patient history intake? (Please list them below)

Drugs and Medications

Patient History Intake Survey

Q13. Do you consider it important to ask about DRUG AND MEDICATION history during a patient history intake? (Please circle)

1 NO → SKIP TO Q16 REVIEW OF SYSTEMS
2 YES

Q14. Listed below are questions relating to DRUG AND MEDICATION history, which are being considered for a patient history intake. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

	Potential Questions	Indicate the level each question (Ci		
a,	Please check any of the following			
	that you currently takeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Pain relievers (aspirin, Tylenol, etc.),NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	Diet pills/ appetite suppressantsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d,	Cortisone (cream or pills)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	Thyroid medication NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Sleeping pills NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Antacids (Rolaids or Tums)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	LaxativeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Tranquilizers	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	Other drugs / medicationsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	In what doses do you			
	take these medications?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
I.	How often do you take them?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	For what problems are you			
	taking them?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	List all supplements that you			
	currently takeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	List allergies / medication reactions and			
	indicate type of reactionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Q15. Are there any more questions about DRUG AND MEDICATION history that you feel are important to ask during a patient history intake? (List them below)

Patient History Intake Survey

Q16. Do you consider it important to take a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS during a patient history intake? (Circle)

1 NO → SKIP TO Q37 LIFESTYLE
2 YES

Potential Questions Indicate any of the following you have had		Indicate the level each question (Ci			
	а.	ChillsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	ConvulsionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	¢.	DizzinessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	ď.	FaintingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	FatigueNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	FeverNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	HeadacheNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	h.	Loss of sleepNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	i,	Loss of weightNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j.	Nervousness	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	k.	Depression NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	1.	NeuralgiaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	m,	NumbnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	n.	SweatsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	0.	TremorsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q18.	Ears				
	a.	Deafness NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Ear dischargeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c,	Ear noiseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Impaired hearingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Earaché NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	ſ.	Dizziness	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

Q19.	Head	Potential Questions	Indicate the level each question (Ci		
	a.	HeadacheNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Head injuryNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q20.	Eyes				
	a.	Crossed eyesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Failing / impaired visionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Far sightednessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Near sightednessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Glasses or contactsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	Eye painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	Tearing or drynessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	h.	Double visionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	i.	GlaucomaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j.	CataractsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	k.	BlurrinessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	l.	Dryness / RednessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	m.	FloatersNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q21.	Skin				
	a.	Bruises easilyNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	DrynessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Hives or allergyNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Skin eruptionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Varicose veins	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	Rashes or ItchingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	EczemaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	h.	AcneNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	ĭ.	Color change NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j.	LumpsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

		Potential Questions	Indicate the level each question (Ci		
Q22.	Nose a	ind Throat			
	a.	Frequent sore throatNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Nose bleedsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Sinus infectionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	TonsillitisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Sore tongueNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	Gum problems NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	HoarsenessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	h.	Dental cavities / decayNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q23.	Respir	atory			
	a.	Cough / Chronic coughNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Chest painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	C,	Spitting up phlegmNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Spitting up bloodNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	WheezingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	AsthmaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	BronchitisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	PneumoniaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	i.	Pleurisy NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j. -	EmphysemaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	k.	Difficulty or pain on breathingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	I.	Shortness of breathNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	m.	TuberculosisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	n.	CongestionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

		r			`
		Potential Questions	Indicate the level		
Q24.	Neck	ŀ	each question (C	ircle your	answer)
	a.	LumpsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Swollen glandsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	GoiterNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Pain and stiffnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q25.	Cardio	vascular			
	a .	Heart diseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	AnginaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Pain over heartNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	ď.	Poor circulationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Heartbeat (Rapid, slow, irregular)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	Low blood pressureNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	High blood pressureNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	h.	MurmursNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	i.	Rheumatic feverNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j.	Chest painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	k.	Swelling in anklesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	1.	Palpations, flutteringNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q26.	Neurol	ogical			
	a.	Fainting	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	SeizuresNONE	MODERATE	нісн	NO OPINION
	C.	ParalysisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Muscle weaknessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Numbness or tinglingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	Loss of memoryNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

Listed below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which are being considered for a patient history intake. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Indicate the level of importance of each question (Circle your answer)

Q27.	Gastrointestinal					
	a.	Trouble swallowingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	b.	Colon troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	c.	ConstipationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	d.	DiarrheaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	e.	Difficult digestionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	f.	Bloated abdomenNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	g.	Excessive hunger NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	h.	Gallbladder troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	i.	Intestinal wormsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	j.	Pain over stomachNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	k.	Poor appetiteNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	1.	Heartburn NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	m,	Change in thirstNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	n.	NauseaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	0.	VomitingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	p.	Vomiting bloodNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	q.	Frequency of bowel movementsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	r.	Blood in the stoolNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	s.	Belching or passing gasNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	t.	Jaundice (yellow skin)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	u.	Liver diseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	v.	HemorrhoidsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	

Patient History Intake Survey

Listed below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which are being considered for a patient history intake. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Indicate the level of importance of each question (Circle your answer)

Q28.	Genit	ourinary			
	2.	Pain on urinationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Increased frequency of urinationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Frequent urination at nightNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Inability to hold urineNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Frequent urinary tract infectionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f,	Kidney stonesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	Bed-wettingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b,	Blood in urineNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	i.	Prostate troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j.	Cloudy urine NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q29.	Musci	uloskeletal			
	a.,	Joint pain or stiffnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	ArthritisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	je.	Bursitis NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Foot troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Hernia NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	£.	Low back painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	Neck pain, stiffnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	h.	Pain between shouldersNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	i,	Broken bonesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j.	Muscle pain or spasmsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	k.	WeaknessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

Listed below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which are being considered for a patient history intake. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Indicate the level of importance of each question (Circle your answer)

Q30.	Perip	pheral vascular			
	а.	Deep leg painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Cold hands / feetNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	C.	Varicose veins NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	ThrombophlebitisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q31.	Emo	tional			
	a.	DepressionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Mood swingsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Anxiety or nervousnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	ď.	TensionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q32,	Endo	ocrine			
	a.	HypothyroidNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Heat or cold intoleranceNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Excessive hungerNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q33,	Gene	ral reproduction / sex			
	a,	Are you sexually activeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Sexual DifficultiesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	DischargeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Pain during intercourseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e,	Venereal diseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	Sexual preference			
		(heterosexual, bisexual, homosexual)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

	Potential Questions		Indicate the level each question (Cir		
Q34.	Femal	e reproduction			
	a.	Age menses beganNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Irregular cycleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Length of cycleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	đ,	Painful menstruationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Bleeding between cycleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f.	Vaginal dischargeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	g.	Cramps or backacheNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	h.	Excessive flowNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	i.	Problems with pre-menstrual			
		symptomsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	j.	Birth control - what typeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	k.	Number of pregnanciesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	. J. r	Number of live birthsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	m.	Number of miscarriagesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	n.	Number of abortionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	0.	Difficulty conceivingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	p.	Complications with pregnancyNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	q.	Menopausal symptomsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	r.	Do you self-breast examNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	s.	Congested breastsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	t.	Lumps in breastNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	u.	Pain or tendernessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	v.	Nipple dischargeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	w.	Date of last PAP examNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	x.	Any abnormalities	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	у.	Date of last physicalNONE	MODERATE	HICH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

Listed below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which are being considered for a patient history intake. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q35.	Potential Questions Male Reproduction		Indicate the level of importance of each question (Circle your answer)		
	a.	HerniasNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	Testicular massesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Testicular painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Prostate diseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	e.	Venereal diseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	f,	Discharge or soresNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Q36. Are there any more questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS that you feel are important to ask during a patient history intake? (List below)

Lifestyle

Patient History Intake Survey

Q37. Do you consider it important to ask questions about a patient's LIFESTYLE during a patient history intake? (Circle)

! NO → SKIP TO Q40 FAMILY HISTORY
2 YES

	Potential Aventions	Indicate the level of importance of each question (Circle your answer)		
	Potential Questions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	noic jour	
a.	Did / Do you use tobacco / cigarettes? NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	When did you quit?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	How much tobacco did / do you use?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	For how many years did you use			
	tobacco?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	Do you use alcohol?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
T.	How many drinks of what kind?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Do you use recreational drugs?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	What kind of recreational drugs			
	do you use and how often?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Do you use caffeine?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	How much water do you			
	drink in a day?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	Do you use a seat belt?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
1.	Do you keep firearms in your home?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	If yes, are they locked and secured?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	What are your main interests			
	and hobbies?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	Do you exercise (Y/N)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
p.	How many days per week?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
q.	What type of exercise do you do?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
r.	Do you eat three meals daily?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
3.	What is your typical diet			
	(breakfast, lunch, dinner, snacks)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
t.	What is your sleep pattern?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey

Q38. Listed below are questions about a patient's LIFESTYLE, which are being considered for a patient history intake. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Potential Questions Do you:		Indicate the leve	of import	tance of answer)
₹.	Awaken rested?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
V .	Sleep well?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
W.	Average 6-8 hours of sleep a night?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
a.	Enjoy your work?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Spend time outside?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
C.	Take vacations?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Watch television?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	How many hours per day?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Have you ever been treated			
	for alcoholism?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Have you been treated			
	for drug dependence?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Do you wear:				
h.	Heel lifts? NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Sole lifts?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	Inner soles?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	Platform shoes?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
1.	What is the age of your mattress?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Do you use a headboard?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	How is the most of your day spent			
	(walking, standing, sitting, other)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	Do you feel stress has a negative impact			
	on your health and well-beingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Q39. Are there any more questions about a patient's LIFESTYLE that you feel are important to ask during a patient history intake? (List below)

Family Health History

Patient History Intake Survey

Q40. Do you consider it important to ask about FAMILY HEALTH history during a patient history intake? (Circle)

1 NO → SKIP TO Q45 SOCIAL HISTORY
YES

Q41. Listed below are FAMILY HEALTH questions, which are being considered for a patient history intake. Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

		rotentiai Questions			
	a.	Genogram:			 _
		Draw family tree of marriage /	Indicate the level of importance each question (Circle your answ		
		living situation / children / parents	each question (C	ircle your	answer)
		with notes on health and deaths etc NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	If anyone in your immediate family has or has	had any of the follo	wing with	details of who,
		alive or dead, what age of illness or death:			
		Alcoholism / Asthma / Birth Defects / Cance Disease / Hypertension / Kidney Disease / Men Thyroid disease/ High Blood Pressure / Hay Gallbladder disease / Tuberculosis /	tal Illness / Stoma	ch ulcers /	Stoke / Suicide /
		Goiter / Heart Murmur / CataractsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	Hereditary diseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	d.	Family health problemsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q42.	Father				
	a.	Describe your father's healthNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	If your father is deceased,			
		at what age did he die?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	What was the cause of death?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q43.	Mother	•			
	a.	Describe your mother's healthNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	b.	If your mother is deceased,			
		at what age did she die?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	c.	What was the cause of death?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q44.		ere any more FAMILY HEALTH history question history intake? (List below)	ns that you feel are	e importan	it to ask during a

Patient History Intake Survey

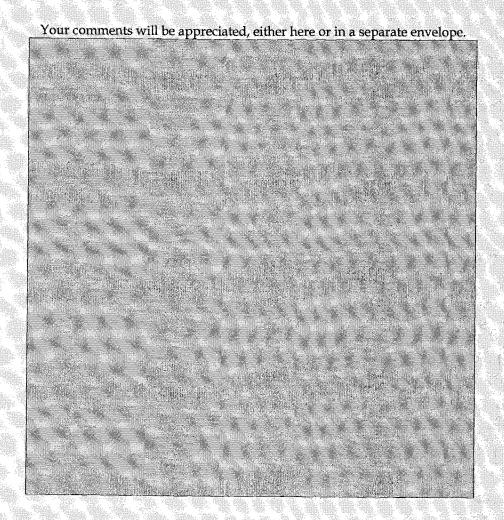
Q47.

- Q45. Do you consider it important to ask about SOCIAL history during a patient history intake? (Circle)
- 1 NO → SKIP TO Q48 LAST QUESTION 2 YES
- Q46. Listed below are SOCIAL history questions, which are being considered for a patient history intake.

 Please indicate how important you feel it would be to include each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Indicate the level of importance of **Potential Questions** each question (Circle your answer) a. Occupation (activities / hours).....NONE **MODERATE** HIGH NO OPINION b. Years of school completedNONE MODERATE HIGH NO OPINION C. Marital status (single, married, divorced/separated, widowed, remarried, living with someone)NONE **MODERATE** HIGH NO OPINION d. Living situation (alone, with roommate, with parents, with spouse, with children, with significant other)NONE **MODERATE** HIGH NO OPINION e. (DV for females > 18 years old) Are you currently or have you ever been in a relationship in which you were physically hurt, threatened, or made to feel afraid?NONE MODERATE HIGH NO OPINION f. How many children do you have?NONE MODERATE HIGH NO OPINION Are there any more SOCIAL history questions that you feel are important to ask during a patient

- history intake? (List below)
- Q48. Overall, are there any more questions that you feel are important to ask during a patient history intake? (List below or on the back cover) END OF SURVEY



Thank you for your help

Please return completed questionnaires by November 15, 2002 in the enclosed envelope to:

Department of Public Health

Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331-6406

Appendix E: Patient History Intake SURVEY II: Assessment of Expert Opinion

Department of Public Health 264 Waldo Hall Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331

December 16, 2002

Dear Health Care Provider:

Recently you received and completed the first of two questionnaires titled: PATIENT HISTORY INTAKE SURVEY I. *Thank you for your participation in the first part of this Delphi study*. Included in this mailing you will find another copy of the second questionnaire titled PATIENT HISTORY INTAKE SURVEY II. SURVEY II, in the hopes that you have simply misplaced the first mailing and are still willing to respond. SURVEY II includes questions found in SURVEY I ranked according to participant determined level of importance, along with additional suggested questions by SURVEY I participants. Please take the time to fill out this final survey in order to complete the Delphi Study.

The results of this study will be used to develop a new patient history intake form, which will be piloted in a new integrative clinic at Oregon Health and Sciences University. This clinic was established as part of a OHSU School of Medicine curriculum grant from the National Institutes of Health National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine. As mentioned previously, this is a collaborative effort between Oregon Health and Sciences University, the National College of Naturopathic Medicine, Western States Chiropractic College and the Oregon College of Oriental Medicine.

Your participation in this Delphi study is vital and greatly appreciated. Without completion of SURVEY II, SURVEY I results cannot be used. PATIENT HISTORY INTAKE SURVEY II is estimated to take approximately 30 minutes to complete. Your participation in this study is voluntary and you may refuse to answer any question. Thank you in advance for your participation in this research, if you have already mailed your completed survey. However, if you have not had a chance to finish the survey, the deadline has been extended to **December 23, 2002.**

All responses will be kept completely confidential. Each survey will be coded in order to track responses. All identifying information will be destroyed upon completion of the study. Please call Michaela Meiser at (541) 753–3992, if you have any questions. Should you have any questions about your rights as a research subject, please contact the IRB coordinator, OSU Research Office, (541) 737-3437. Thank you again for your participation.

Michaela Meise
Department of
Public Health
Oregon State
University

Anne Nedrow, M.D.
Oregon Health and Sciences
University

Richard Barrett, N.D. National College of Naturopathic Medicine

Meg Hayes, M.D. Oregon Health and Sciences University Lili Zheng, L.Ac. Oregon College of Oriental Medicine **Dave Peterson, D.C.** *Western States Chiropractic College*

Patient History Intake Survey II Assessment of Expert Opinion



WESTERN STATES CHIROPRACTIC COLLEGE





School of Medicine Oregon Health and Sciences University

Please return your completed questionnaire in the enclosed envelope to:

Department of Public Health Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331-6406

Patient History Intake Survey II

Instructions: Following are questions being considered for a new patient history intake form. Please respond to each question as indicated.

100% of Survey I participants indicated it was important to ask about PERSONAL HEALTH HISTORY.

Q1. Below are PERSONAL HEALTH questions, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

75-100% of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance. Please rate the level of importance of these questions considering this information.

a. .	What hospitalizations or surgeries have you had?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Indicate the following illnesses you have had?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	CancerNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Depression NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	DiabetesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Heart DiseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	High Blood PressureNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	Multiple sclerosisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	StrokeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	General trauma, accidents, injuries			
	(including residual problems)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

50-75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

Indicate the following illnesses you have had:

j,	AlcoholismNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	AnemiaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
1.	Arteriosclerosis	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	ArthritisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	AsthmaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	EdemaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
p,	EmphysemaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
q.	EpilepsyNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ŗ.	Hepatitis	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
s.	Kidney Bladder TroubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
t,	Mental IllnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Q1. Below are PERSONAL HEALTH questions, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

Indica	ite the following you have had:			
v.	PacemakerNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Ÿ.	PolioNÓNE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
w.	Rheumatic feverNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
x.	Stomach UlcersNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
y .	Thyroid TroubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Z.	Tuberculosis	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
aa.	Venereal DiseasesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Have	you ever:			
bb.	Been struck unconsciousNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
cc.	Had chronic or continuing conditionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
dd.	Received chiropractic care, naturopathic care,			
	acupuncture, or massageNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ee.	When did you last go to a doctor's			
	office, medical clinic, or hospital?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ff.	What was the reason?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
gg.	Have you ever had a physical examination?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
hh.	Do you have allergies to foods, drugs, or			
	other allergens in your environment			
	(cats, mold, dust)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Less th	nan 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following quest	ions with a HIGH	l level of i	mportance.
ii.	AppendicitisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
jj.	Chicken PoxNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
kk.	CholeraNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
II.	Cold SoresNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
mm.	Eczema NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
nn.	Fever blistersNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0 0.	Glaucoma NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

MODERATE

HIGH

NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Q1. Below are PERSONAL HEALTH questions, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Took there 50 0/ of Comment	والأراب والأراز والمراب	11 - J	- TTYPTTY FA
Less than 50 % of Survey	Darticidants rated the 10	Mowing questions with	a HIGH level of importance.

	,			- Anna singer
qq.	HerpesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
rr.	MalariaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ss.	Measles NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
tť.	MumpsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
uu.	PleurisyNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
VV.	PneumoníaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ww.	Scarlet fever NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
xx.	Typhoid feverNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
уу.	Whooping coughNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Have you	u ever			
72.	Had a broken boneNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
222.	Used a cane, crutch, or other supportNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
bbb.	Had strains or sprainsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Have you	u ever had any of the following			
ecc.	ElectrocardiogramNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
dāā.	X-rays NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
eee.	CT scanNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
fff.	Bone density scan NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ggg.	ElectroencephalogramNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
hhh.	MammogramNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ili.	MRI	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ijj.	Spinal x-rayNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
kkk.	Spinal examinationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
111,	What immunizations have you had?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
mmm.	What is your weight?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
nnn.	What was your weight one year ago?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
000.	At what age were you at your			
	maximum weight?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ppp.	What is your height?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Q2. Below are additional PERSONAL HEALTH HISTORY questions suggested by Survey I participants. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

a.	What are your expectations with today's visit?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Date of last physical / any abnormalities?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	What is the history of present illness?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Including what makes this condition			
	better/worse, in am/pm?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	How would you describe your health?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	List any serious illnesses you have			
	/have had in the pastNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	What other health concerns do you have?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	Name of primary physicianNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
í.	How long have you been seeing him / her?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	Are they aware of the problem and what treatment			
	approaches are working or not working?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	What caused your symptoms to appear?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
l.	Was the onset gradual or sudden?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	How long have you had your symptoms?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	Have you had these symptoms before? When?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
G.	What did you do for them?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
p.	What causes your symptoms to increase / decrease? .NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
q.	What medical practitioners have you			
	seen for your current symptoms?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
r,	Please rank your pain on a scale of 0 - 10NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
s.	What traumas have you had in your lifetime?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
t.	Have you injured the same area in the past?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
u.	How has this injury /			
	these symptoms impacted your healthNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Ÿ.	Unusual or prolonged childhood or adult illness?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
w,	Do you experience fatigue?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
x.	Any history of motor vehicle collision?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
y.	Have you ever had a bad			
	reaction to an immunization?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Z.	Have you had blood or plasma transfusions?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
aa.	Childhood hyperactivity?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Drugs and Medications

Patient History Intake Survey II

99 % of Survey I participants indicated it was important to take a DRUG AND MEDICIATION history.

Q3. Below are questions relating to DRUG AND MEDICATION history, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

75 - 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

a.	Please check any of the following					
	that you currently takeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
b.	List allergies / medication reactions and					
	indicate type of reactionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
50	-75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions of	with a HIGH leve	l of import	tance.		
c.	Pain relievers (aspirin, Tylenol, etc.),NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
d.	Diet pills/ appetite suppressantsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
e.	Cortisone (cream or pills)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
ſ.	Thyroid medication	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
g.	Sleeping pillsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
h.	LaxativeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
i.	Tranquilizers	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
j.	In what doses do you					
	take these medications?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
k.	How often do you take them?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
i.	For what problems are you					
	taking them?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
m.	List all supplements that you					
	currently take	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.						
n.	Antacids (Rolaids or Tums)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
0.	Other drugs / medicationsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		

Drugs and Medications

Patient History Intake Survey II

Q4. Listed below are additional questions relating to DRUG AND MEDICATION history suggested by Survey I participants. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

a.	Please list all medications,			
	supplements, vitamins, medicinal herbs, and			
	non-prescription medicationsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	How long (duration) have			
	you taken each Rx or supplement?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	Please list any allergic reactions or			
	problems with medications	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
đ.	How many doctors prescribe your medications?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	Are all your health care providers aware of what			
	you are currently taking?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Have you reported problems you may be having			
	as a result of what you are taking?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Have you discontinued a prescribed			
	medication and why?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	What is the effectiveness, 0-10, of your			
	medications? Supplements?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Do you notice any side effects from medications? NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	Do you wish to know other treatment options utilizing			
	Chinese medicine for your health concern?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	Have you ever taken antibiotics?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
l.	Have you ever taken autidepressants?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

97 % of Survey I participants indicated it was important to take a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS.

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q5. GENERAL

50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

Indicate any	of the following you	have had
--------------	----------------------	----------

a.	Convulsions	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	DizzinessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	Fainting	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	FatigueNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	Headache NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Loss of sleepNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Loss of weightNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	Nervousness	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Depression NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	NeuralgiaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	NumbnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Sweats NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Tremors NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

n.	ChillsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0,	Fever NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Listed below are additional GENERAL questions suggested by Survey I participants.

p.	Compared to other people around you, do you consider					
	yourself to feel cold, hot, or average?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
q.	Sensation of cold, cool, warm, or hot? And where? NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
r.	Blood typeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
š.	How is your energy overall?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
t.	HIV status?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q	i. HEAD			
75	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions	with a HIGH lev	el of impo	rtance.
a.	HeadacheNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Head injuryNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q7	. EARS			
50	-75% of Survey I participants rated the following questions $^{\circ}$	with a HIGH leve	l of impor	tance.
a.	Deafness NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Ear noise NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	Impaired hearingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	DizzinessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Le: e.	s than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following quest			
e. f.	Earache NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	Ear dischargeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Lis	ted below is an additional EAR question suggested by Survey I	participants.		
g.	Excess waxNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Q8.	EYES			
50 -	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions w	ith a HIGH level	of import	ance.
a,	Failing / impaired visionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Eye painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	Double visionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
l.	GlaucomaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ų	Cataracts NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
•	Blurriness NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
		T 4 444 VASTE	Acceptance	

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q8	EYES				
Le	ss than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the followin	g questio	ns with a HIGH	level of im	portance.
à,	Crossed eyes	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Far sightedness	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	Near sightedness	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Glasses or confacts	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e,	Tearing	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Dryness / Redness	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Δ'n	CLIN				
Q9		Y-10 - 50		w.c.	
50	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following que	stions wit	h a HIGH level	of importa	nce.
2,	Bruises easily	IONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Hives or allergy	IONE.	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	Rashes or Itching	IONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Color change	IONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e,	Lumps	IONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
4					
Les	s than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the followin	g question	os with a HIGH	level of im	portance.
f,	Dryness	IONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Skin eruptions	IONE I	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	Varicose veins	ONE :	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Eczema	ONE I	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	AcneN	ONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ئد سو					
_	ted below are additional SKIN questions suggested by S		.77		
k.	Scaling N		MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
l.	Hair loss		MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Poor wound healing		MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	DandruffN	ONE I	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q1	0. NOSE AND THROAT						
50	50-75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.						
a.	Frequent sore throatNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
b.	Nose bleeds NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
c.	Sinus infectionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
d.	HoarsenessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.							
e.	TonsillitisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
f.	Sore tongueNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
g.	Gum problemsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
h.	Dental cavities / decayNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
Lis	ted below are additional NOSE AND THROAT questions sug	gested by Survey	l particips	ints.			
i.	Frequent coldsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
j.	Hay feverNÖNE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
k.	Grind teethNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
1.	Canker soresNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
Q11. NECK							
au -	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions	with a HIGH level	of import	ance.			
a.	LumpsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
b.	Swollen glandsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			
c.	GoiterNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION			

MODERATE

HIGH

NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q1	2. RESPIRATORY						
75	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following	ig questions	with a HIGH lev	el of impor	tance.		
a.	Chest pain	NONE	MODERATE	нісн	NO OPINION		
b,	Spitting up blood	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
c.	Difficulty or pain on breathing	NONE	MODERATE	нісн	NO OPINION		
d.	Shortness of breath	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.							
e.	Cough / Chronic cough	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
f.	Wheezing	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
g.	Asthma	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
h.	Prieumonia	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
i,	Emphysema	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
j,	Tuberculosis	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Les	s than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the follo	owing questi	ons with a HIGH	level of im	iportance.		
k.	Spitting up phlegm	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
I.	Bronchitis	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
m,	Pleurisy	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
n.	Congestion	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Listed below is an additional RESPIRATORY question suggested by Survey I participants.							
0,	Shortness of breath (worse at night or lying down	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Q13	. CARDIOVASCULAR						
75 -	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following	a anestions :	with a HICH leve	d of import	TÜNGA		
				=			
a.	Heart disease		MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
b.	Angina		MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
	High blood pressure		MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
d.	Chest pain	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q13. CARDIOVASCULAR

50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

a.	Pain over heartNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Poor circulationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ċ.	Heartbeat (Rapid, slow, irregular)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Low blood pressureNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	MurmursNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Rheumatic feverNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Swelling in anklesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	Palpations/ flutteringNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Listed below is an additional CARDIOVASCULAR question suggested by Survey I participants.

i.	Fainting	NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
----	----------	------	----------	------	------------

Q14. NEUROLOGICAL

75-100 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

a.	SeizuresNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Paralysis	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
C.	Muscle weaknessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
đ.	Numbness or tingling	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OBMION

50-75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

e.	FaintingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Loss of memoryNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Listed below are additional NEUROLOGICAL questions suggested by Survey I participants.

g.	Poor circulation NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	Loss of balance NONE	MODERATE	нісн	NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q	15. GASTOINTESTINAL			
75 - 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question with a HIGH level of importance.				
a,	Blood in the stoolNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
50	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions	with a HIGH leve	l of impor	tance.
b.	Trouble swallowing	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	Colon troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	ConstipationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	DiarrheaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Difficult digestionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Bloated abdomenNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	Gallbladder troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
50	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions	with a HIGH leve	l of impor	tance.
i.	Pain over stomachNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	Poor appetiteNONE	MODERATE	нісн	NO OPINION
k.	Change in thirstNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
İ,	VomitingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Vomiting bloodNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	Frequency of bowel movementsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	Jaundice (yellow skin) NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
p.	Liver diseaseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	NauseaNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.				
r.	Belching or passing gasNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
s.	HemorrhoidsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
t.	Intestinal wormsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

MODERATE

HIGH

NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q	15. GASTOINTESTINAL					
Listed below are additional GASTOINTESTINAL questions suggested by Survey I participants.						
u.	Change in appetiteNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
V.	Bad breathNÖNE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
w.	Change in bowel habitsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
X.,	Mucous in stoolNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
y.	Abdominal pain / crampsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Z.	Any strong / foul smell or					
	burning with bowel movements?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Q	16. GENITOURINARY					
75	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question v	vith a HIGH leve	l of impor	tance.		
a.	Pain on urinationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
50	50 – 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.					
b.	Increased frequency of urinationNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
C.	Frequent urination at nightNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
d.	Stress incontinence	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
e.	Frequent urinary tract infectionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
f.	Kidney stonesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
g.	Blood in urineNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
h.	Prostate troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
, i.,	Cloudy urineNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following question with a HIGH level of importance.						
j.	Bed-wettingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Listed below is an additional GENITOURINARY question suggested by Survey I participants.						

MODERATE

HIGH

NO OPINION

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q1	7. MUSCULOSKELETAL					
75-100 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.						
a.	Low back painNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
b.	Neck pain, stiffnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
c,	WeaknessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
50	– 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions v	vith a HIGH leve	l of impor	fance.		
d.	Joint pain or stiffnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
e.	BursitisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
f.	Foot troubleNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
g.	Pain between shouldersNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
h.	Broken bonesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
i.	Muscle pain or spasmsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Le	Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following question with a HIGH level of importance.					
j.	ArthritisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Lis	ted below is an additional MUSCULOSKELETAL question su	ggested by Surve	y I partici	pants.		
k.	Family history of osteoperosisNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Q18. PERIPHERAL VASCULAR 75-100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question with a HIGH level of importance.						
		ittii a mign ievei	or nubori	ance.		
a.	Deep leg painNONE	MODERATE	HJGH	NO OPINION		
50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.						
b.	Cold hands / feetNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
c.	Thrombophlebitis	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q	18. PERIPHERAL VASCULAR					
L	Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following question with a HIGH level of importance.					
a,	Varicose veinsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
o	19. EMOTIONAL					
75		***	- 1-1			
f #	= 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question	with a HIGH leve	el of impo	ortance.		
a.	DepressionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
50	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions v	vith a HIGH leve	l of impo	rtance.		
b.	Mood swingsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Ċ.	Anxiety or nervousness	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
d.	TensionNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Li	sted below are additional EMOTIONAL questions suggested by	y Survey I partici	pants.			
e.	SadnessNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
f.	AngerNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
g.	IrritabilityNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
h.	Mood swingsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
i.	GuiltNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
j.	High stress NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
k.	Easily susceptible to stressNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
ì.	Suicidal thoughtsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Q2	0. ENDOCRINE					
50 -	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions w	ith a HIGH level	of impor	rtance.		
а.	HypothyroidNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
b.	Heat or cold intolerance NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
			*******	110 OFHION		
Les	s than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following question	on with a HIGH I	evel of in	nportance.		
c.	Excessive hungerNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		

Review of Systems

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q20. ENDOCRINE					
Listed below are additional ENDOCRINE questions suggested by Survey I participants.					
d. Excessive thirstNON	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
e. Night sweatsNO	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Q21. GENERAL REPRODUCTION / SEX					
50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following question	ins with a HICH love	i of impor	tans		
4 H		a or unbor	tance.		
a. Sexual DifficultiesNON	The second secon	HIGH	NO OPINION		
b. DischargeNON	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
c. Pain during intercourseNOb	NE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
		·			
Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following q	uestions with a HIGI	I level of i	mportance.		
d. Are you sexually active?	JE MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
e. Sexually Transmitted DiseaseS (STDs)NON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
f. Sexual orientation					
(heterosexual, bisexual, homosexual)NON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Listed below are additional GENERAL REPRODUCTIVE qu	estions suggested by	Survey 1	participants.		
g. Other sexual difficultiesNON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
b. History of sexual abuseNON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
i. Genital warts or herpesNON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Q22. MALE REPRODUCTION					
75 - 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following questi	ons with a HIGH lev	el of impo	rtance.		
a. Testicular masses	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
b. Testicular painNON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
c. Prostate diseaseNON	E MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q	22. MALE REPRODUCTION					
50	50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.					
đ.	HerniasNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
e.	Discharge or soresNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Li	sted below are additional MALE REPRODUCTIVE questions	suggested by Sur	vey I parti	cipants.		
f.	Do you have difficulty getting					
	or keeping an erection?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
g.	Do you have difficulty completing intercourse?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
h.	Do you have difficulty fathering children?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
i.	Do you do self - testicular exams / breast exams?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
j.	Do you have diminished sex desire?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
k.	If sexually active, what type of birth control					
	and/ or disease prevention is being used?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
Q2	3. FEMALE REPRODUCTION					
	 FEMALE REPRODUCTION 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question v 	rith a HIGH leve	l of impor	tance.		
		vith a HIGH level	l of impor	tance. NO OPINION		
75 a.	– 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question v	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
75 a.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
75 a.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION		
75 a. 50 b.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam?	MODERATE with a HIGH level MODERATE	HIGH of Import HIGH	NO OPINION ance. NO OPINION		
75 a. 50 b.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question w Any abnormalities at last PAP exam?	MODERATE with a HIGH level MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH of Import HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION ance. NO OPINION NO OPINION		
75 a. 50 b. c.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam?	MODERATE with a HIGH level MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH of import HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION ance. NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION		
75 a. 50 b. c. d.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam? NONE - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions was Irregular cycle NONE Length of cycle NONE Painful menstruation NONE Bleeding between cycle NONE	MODERATE with a HIGH level MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH of import HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION ance. NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION		
750 b. c. d. e.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam? NONE - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions was Irregular cycle NONE Length of cycle NONE Painful menstruation NONE Bleeding between cycle NONE Vaginal discharge NONE	MODERATE with a HIGH level MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH of Import HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION ance. NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION		
750 a. 50 b. c. d. e. f. g.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam? NONE - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions was Irregular cycle NONE Length of cycle NONE Painful menstruation NONE Bleeding between cycle NONE Vaginal discharge NONE Excessive flow NONE	MODERATE HIGH of import HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION ance. NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION			
755 a. 50 b. c. d. e. f. g. h.	- 100 % of Survey I participants rated the following question was Any abnormalities at last PAP exam? NONE - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions was Irregular cycle. NONE Length of cycle. NONE Painful menstruation. NONE Bleeding between cycle. NONE Vaginal discharge. NONE Excessive flow. NONE Problems with pre-menstrual symptoms. NONE	MODERATE HIGH of import HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION Ance. NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION			

MODERATE

HIGH

and/ or disease prevention is being used?.....NONE

NO OPINION

Review of Systems

Patient History Intake Survey II

Below are questions pertaining to a REVIEW OF SYSTEMS, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

Q2	3. FEMALE REPRODUCTION			
50	- 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions	with a HIGH leve	l of impor	tance.
h.	Number of pregnanciesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
í,	Number of live birthsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j,	Number of miscarriagesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	Number of abortionsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
1.	Difficulty conceivingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Complications with pregnancyNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	Menopausal symptomsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	Do you self-breast exam?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
\mathbf{p}_{\star}	Lumps in breast?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
q.	Pain or tenderness in breasts?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
r.	Nipple dischargeNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
S.	Date of last physicalNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Les	s than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following quest	ions with a HIGH	l level of i	mportance.
w.	Age menses beganNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
X.	Congested breastsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
y .	Date of last PAP examNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
List	ed below are additional FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE questio	ns suggested by S	urvey I pa	rticipants.
Z.	Do you have heavy hair growth on face or body?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
aa.	Do you have diminished sex desire?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
bb.	Do you have poor or infrequent orgasm?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
cc.	Hot flashesNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
dd.	Breast swelling?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

97 % of Survey I participants indicated it was important to ask about a patient's LIFESTYLE.

Q24. Below are LIFESTYLE questions, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

75 - 100 % of Survey I	participants rated the	e following questions v	vith a HIGH level of i	importance.
------------------------	------------------------	-------------------------	------------------------	-------------

a.	Do you smoke or chew tobacco?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b,	Do you use alcohol?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
č.	Do you use recreational drugs?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Do you exercise (Y/N)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	How many days per week?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

MODERATE

HIGH

NO OPINION

50-75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

f. When did you quit (smoking / chewing)?NONE

g.	How much tobacco did / do you use?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	For how many years did you use			
	tobacco?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	How many drinks of what kind?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	What kind of recreational drugs			
	do you use and how often?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k,	Do you use caffeine?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
1.	How much water do you			
	drink in a day?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	What type of exercise do you do?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n.	What is your typical diet			
	(breakfast, lunch, dinner, snacks)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	What is your sleep pattern?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Do you:

p.	Awaken rested?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
q.	Sleep well?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Lifestyle

Patient History Intake Survey II

Q24. Below are LIFESTYLE questions, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

Da	you:		o and armining a	2000
r.	Enjoy your work? NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
S.	Have you ever been treated	*****		
••	for alcoholism?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
t.	Have you been treated			W. 1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (
	for drug dependence?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
u.	Do you feel stress has a negative impact			
	on your health and well-beingNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Les	is than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following quest	ions with a HIGH	level of i	nportance.
v.	Do you use a seat belt?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
w.	Do you keep firearms in your home?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
X.	If yes, are they locked and secured?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
y.	What are your main interests			
	and hobbles?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Do	you:			
Z.	Eat three meals daily?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
aa.	Average 6-8 hours of sleep a night?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
bb.	Spend time outside?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
cc.	Take vacations?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
dd.	Watch television? (Hours / day)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
Do	you wear:			
ee.	Heel lifts?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ff.	Sole lifts?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
gg.	Inner soles?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
hh.	Platform shoes?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ii.	What is the age of your mattress?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ij.	Do you use a headboard?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
kk.	How is the most of your day spent			
	(walking, standing, sitting, other)?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Q25. Listed below are additional LIFESTYLE questions suggested by Survey I participants. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

a.	What is the nature of their work and			
	how does it impact their problem?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	What sports in high school / college?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c.	Do you wear shoes with high heals?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Ever used a lift in shoes or orthodics?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	When you regain your health,			and the second second
	what activities do you want to participate in?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	What type of foods do you eat?			
	(fast foods, organic, etc) NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Do you use heated oil, dairy, sugar, refined foods?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	Do you work swing shifts?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Do you drink coffee, tea or soft drinks?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	How many per day?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	How is your family life?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
,	7			
l.	Rate your stress level?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?NONE	MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION
m. n.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?NONE If so, what is the nature of the stress?NONE		7-4	
m.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?NONE If so, what is the nature of the stress?NONE How do you react to it?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m. n.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?NONE If so, what is the nature of the stress?NONE How do you react to it?NONE Sources of stressNONE	MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION NO OPINION
m. n. o.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?NONE If so, what is the nature of the stress?NONE How do you react to it?NONE	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION
m. n. o. p. q.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?NONE If so, what is the nature of the stress?NONE How do you react to it?NONE Sources of stress	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION
m. n. o. p.	Do you experience too much stress in your life? NONE If so, what is the nature of the stress? NONE How do you react to it? NONE Sources of stress NONE How do you relax and reduce stress? NONE	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION
m. o. p. q.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION
m. n. o. p. q.	Do you experience too much stress in your life? NONE If so, what is the nature of the stress? NONE How do you react to it? NONE Sources of stress NONE How do you relax and reduce stress? NONE Do you experience insomnia? NONE Dreams? Remember? Recurring? NONE Do you have any problems with your sleep? NONE	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION
m. o. p. q.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION
m. n. o. p. q. r. s.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION NO OPINION
m. n. o. p. q. r. s.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION
m. n. o. p. q. r. s.	Do you experience too much stress in your life?	MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE MODERATE	HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH	NO OPINION

Lifestyle

Patient History Intake Survey II

Q25. Listed below are additional LIFESTYLE questions suggested by Survey I participants. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

у.	What is your best / worst time of day?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
z.	When you exercise, what is the length of time that you exerciseNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
aa.	What do you spend time worrying about?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
bb.	Are you happy?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ce.	Are you an optimist?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
dd.	Have you made changes in your lifestyle to benefit your health?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ee.	Have you ever thought you might need help for drugs or alcohol?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ff.	How do you know when you need to address your stress levels?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
gg.	Do you wear a bike helmet?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
hh.	Do you speed?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ii.	Do you wear orthodics?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Q26. Listed below are additional FAMILY HEALTH HISTORY questions suggested by Survey I participants. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

a.	Any family history of lifestyle irregularities?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	Any family history of physical,			
	mental, sexual abuse?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
ë.	Family health history - siblings, grandparents,			
	aunts, uncles, cousins -			
	(including cause and age of death)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
d.	Family history of colon problemsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
e.	Family history of STDsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
f.	Any other serious illness that			
	blood relatives have had?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Actively care-giving for a family memberNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	How has family illness affected your life?			
	(time, money, emotions)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Family Health History

Patient History Intake Survey II

92 % of Survey I participants indicated it was important to ask about FAMILY HEALTH HISTORY.

Q27. Below are FAMILY HEALTH HISTORY questions, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

50-75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

a. If anyone in your immediate family has or has had any of the following with details of who, alive or dead, what age of illness or death:

b. Hereditary disease NONE MODERATE HIGH NO OPINION
c. Family health problems NONE MODERATE HIGH NO OPINION

Less than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following question with a HIGH level of importance.

d. Genogram:

Draw family tree of marriage / living situation / children / parents with notes on health and deaths atc

a. Describe your father's health

50 - 75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

Q28. Father

	Commission (1904)	MODERATE	HIOH	NOOPINION
b.	If your father is deceased,			
	at what age did he die?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
¢.	What was the cause of death?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

NONE

MODERATE

UICIL

NO OPPLION

079. Mathan

Qz	9. Mother			
2.	Describe your mother's healthNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
b.	If your mother is deceased,			
	at what age did she die?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
c,	What was the cause of death?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION

Social History

Patient History Intake Survey II

97 % of Survey I participants indicated it was important to ask about SOCIAL HISTORY.

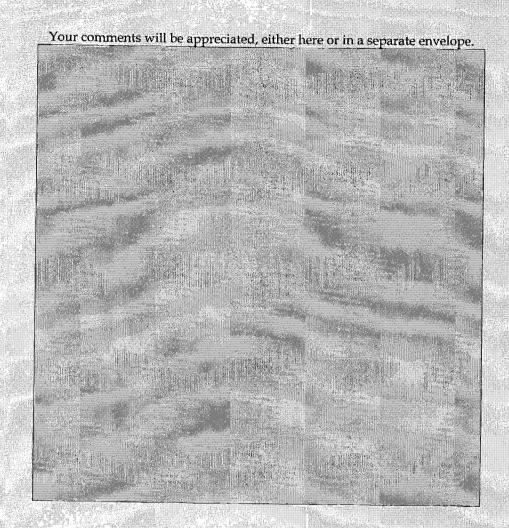
Q30. Below are SOCIAL HEALTH questions, which were included on Survey I, ranked according to participant determined level of importance. Please evaluate the questions again considering this information, and then indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

50-75 % of Survey I participants rated the following questions with a HIGH level of importance.

a.	Occupation (activities / hours)NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
b.	Are you currently or have you ever been in a relationship in which you were physically hurt, threatened, or made to feel afraid?	MODERATE	нібн	NO OPINION	
c,	How many children do you have?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
Le	ss than 50 % of Survey I participants rated the following quest	ions with a HIGI	I level of i	mportance.	
d.	Years of school completedNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
e.	Single, married, partnered, divorced/separated, widowed, remarried	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
f.	Living situation (alone, with roommate, with parents, with spouse, with children, with partner)	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
Q3	Q31. Listed below are additional SOCIAL HISTORY questions suggested by Survey I participants. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.				
a.	Do you like your work?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
b. c.	How long have you been at your current or previous occupation	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
d.	(friends, family, counselor, church, social clubs)	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
e.	a charitable or religious organizationNONE Are you happy with your life as it is now?	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	
	If not, please explain	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION	

Q31. Listed below are additional SOCIAL HISTORY questions suggested by Survey I participants. Please indicate how important, if at all, you feel it would be to ask a patient each of the following questions on a patient history intake form.

f.	How many children are you currently living with			
	and your relationship to them?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
g.	Nearest living relative?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
h.	How close are you to your family?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
i.	Is your marriage under stress?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
j.	Are you sastified with your health, money, career,			
	spirituality, social support, relationshipsNONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
k.	Where does extended family live			
	and how often do you see them?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
1,	Do you have any pets?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
m.	Gang affiliation? NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
n,	Military history?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
0.	Have you ever been under arrest?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
p.	Do you have an advanced directive?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
q.	Have you ever received mental health care?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
r.	Who referred you?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION
S.	Date of Birth?NONE	MODERATE	HIGH	NO OPINION



Thank you for your help

Please return completed questionnaires by **December 20, 2002** in the enclosed envelope to:

Department of Public Health Oregon State University Corvallis, OR 97331-6406

Integrated Patient History Intake Form

Date Completed:	Date of Birth:
PLEASE FILL OUT THE FOLLOW	VING QUESTIONS AS INDICATED
What is the history of your present illness?	
How long have you had these symptoms?	
What causes your symptoms to increase or	decrease (include time of day [am/pm])?
Please rank your pain on a scale of $0 - 10$	
PERSONAL HEALTH HISTORY	
What is your occupation (activities and hou	ars)?
List all hospitalizations or surgeries have y	ou had (Age or Date):

Integrated Patient History Intake Form

PERSONAL HEALTH HISTORY

TERSOTTE HEALTH HISTOR	<u>. </u>				
Circle the following illnesses you h	ave had	•			
Cancer		High	Blood Pressure		
Depression		Нера	titis		
Diabetes		Mult	Multiple sclerosis		
Epilepsy		Strok	e		
		Heart	Disease		
General trauma, acci	idents, in	njuries	(including residual problems))	
Do you smoke or chew tobacco?	YES	NO	ON OCCASION		
Do you use alcohol?	YES	NO	ON OCCASION		
Do you use recreational drugs?	YES	NO	ON OCCASION		
Do you exercise?	YES	NO	ON OCCASION		
How many days per week do you exercise?					
Thow many days per week do you e	reicise:				
DRUGS AND MEDICATIONS					
List all medications, supplements,	vitami	ns, me	dicinal herbs, and non-preso	cription	
medications that you currently take:		,	Table 1	1	
	-				
List all allergies and / or medication	reactio	ns and	indicate the type of reaction:		
and of incuration		TIN MIIM	indicate the type of feaction.		

Integrated Patient History Intake Form

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS

Please circle any of the following that you are currently experiencing or have experienced in the past:

1	I	1
HEAD	NECK	NEUROLOGICAL
Headache	Pain and stiffness	Seizures
Head injury		Paralysis
	CARDIOVASCULAR	Muscle weakness
RESPIRATORY	Heart disease	Numbness or tingling
Chest pain	Angina	
Spitting up blood	High blood pressure	MUSCULOSKELETAL
Difficulty or pain on breathing	Chest pain	Low back pain
Shortness of breath		Neck pain, stiffness
Asthma	GENITOURINARY	Weakness
	Blood in urine	Joint pain or stiffness
GASTOINTESTINAL	Prostate trouble	Muscle pain or spasms
Blood in the stool		
Vomiting blood	PERIPHERAL VASCULAR	EMOTIONAL
	Deep leg pain	Depression
		Suicidal thoughts