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# OREGON FARM RECORD BOOK

## *A One-Year Record*

To be used in conjunction with

the

### OREGON FARM INVENTORY BOOK

#### CONTENTS

Instructions .....	Page
Receipts:	Front Cover
Egg sales .....	1
Milk or cream sales .....	2
Livestock sales .....	3
Crops sales .....	4
Miscellaneous receipts .....	5
Expenses .....	6-29
Summary of receipts (cash basis) .....	30
Summary of expenses and capital sales .....	31
Summary of receipts (accrual basis) .....	32
Study of the farm business .....	33
Family labor and home raised products .....	34
Land use and crop yields .....	35
Schedules of credit .....	36
Payments to government for employees .....	Back Cover

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# Use of this book for Income Tax Computation

The main purpose of this book is to help you with your farm income tax reporting. It can be used by farmers filing under either the cash or the accrual systems. You will find that your receipts are summarized on page 30 if you use the cash system and on page 32 if you use the accrual system. Under either system the expenses are summarized on page 31.

Compare pages 30, 31, and 32 with the federal income tax Forms 1040F and Schedule D. You will find that these pages for the most part duplicate those income tax forms. This means you can transfer the information from these pages to the income tax forms. The depreciation schedule for capital items is not shown with the

expenses on page 31. It is felt that time will be saved and more accuracy will be attained if each depreciated item is transferred separately from last year's schedule.

For the most part, the expense classification on page 31 is like the one on page 3 of the income tax Form 1040F. *You needn't try to classify your expenses exactly like they appear in the income tax form.* The classification on page 31 is entirely adequate. For example, page 31 lists an expense entitled "tractor and truck expense." Page 3 of the income tax Form 1040F does not list this expense item. You only need to list "tractor and truck expense" on one of the spare lines provided in Table 3 of the income tax Form 1040F.

## STUDY OF FARM BUSINESS

It is hoped that many farmers will use this book to study their farm businesses. The last pages of this book and the Oregon Farm Inventory Book are designed to help do this. Egg production per

hen and milk production per cow can be found by following instructions at the bottom of pages 1 and 2.

## PAYMENTS TO THE GOVERNMENT FOR EMPLOYEES

Certain rules and regulations govern payments that must be made to governmental agencies for employees. To show all the details in the expense section would make the book cumbersome.

All such payments should be recorded in the "Labor" column of the expense section. However, you may find the form printed on the inside back cover useful in recording details of such payments.

## USE OF THIS BOOK WITH THE OREGON FARM INVENTORY BOOK

This book helps you keep and summarize your records for one year. The Farm Inventory Book contains a running inventory for six years. This is a decided labor saving feature of the system since it will not be necessary to copy the inventory from one record to another every year. You will want to check your inventories closely for new purchases and disposals of capital items when you prepare the depreciation table on the income tax Form 1040F.

The expense section of this book provides columns for new capital items such as land purchases, buildings built or remodeled, equipment purchased or completely overhauled, and breeding and

work-stock purchases. These are not current operating expenses, but capital expenditures. As you summarize this book at the end of the year you will find instructions telling you to transfer these items to the Inventory Book. You are to report the total cost of these capital items in the inventories and not merely the cash you have paid to date for them. See instructions and examples on the inside cover of the Inventory Book for methods of handling these capital items. Trading in old equipment on new equipment, remodeling buildings and overhauling equipment are special problems you will find discussed there.

## SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR THOSE USING THE ACCRUAL SYSTEM

It will save time and confusion if you report receipts and expense items only once. During the year, record cash receipts and expenses as they occur. At the end of the year, record receipts for sales made during the year but for which no money has been received. Enter as expense all bills for seed, feed, fertilizer, labor and other current operating expenses that have not been paid. These noncash receipts and expenses should be reported under the accrual system. They should not be reported under the cash system. Star these accrued

income and expense items and make sure you do not enter them again next year when cash is received or paid for them.

It is suggested that you record egg and milk receipts as under the cash basis. At the end of the year, you always have some milk and egg sales for which you have received no payment, and you were paid during the year for some milk and eggs delivered the year before. Since these receipts come *regularly*, you can consider the actual payment received this year as being this year's accrual receipt.

































































FARM INCOME FOR TAXABLE YEAR (Cash Basis)—page 1, Form 1040F

1. SALE OF LIVESTOCK RAISED				2. SALE OF PRODUCE RAISED				3. OTHER FARM INCOME			
KIND	FROM	QUANTITY	AMOUNT	KIND	FROM	QUANTITY	AMOUNT	KIND	FROM	QUANTITY	AMOUNT
CATTLE	PAGE 3			GRAIN	PAGE 4			CUSTOM WORK	PAGE 5		
HORSES	PAGE 3			HAY	PAGE 4			BREEDING FEES	PAGE 5		
SHEEP	PAGE 3			DAIRY PRODUCTS	PAGE 2			RENT RECEIVED	PAGE 5		
HOGS	PAGE 3			EGGS	PAGE 1			WORK OFF FARM	PAGE 5		
CHICKENS	PAGE 3			WOOL	PAGE 5			WOOD AND LUMBER	PAGE 5		
TURKEYS	PAGE 3							REFUNDS	PAGE 5		
								COOP DIVIDENDS	PAGE 5		
								GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS	PAGE 5		
<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>TOTAL</b>				<b>TOTAL</b>			

To line 1 of summary below

To line 2 of summary below

To line 3 of summary below

4. SALE OF LIVESTOCK AND OTHER ITEMS PURCHASED (Attach statement if table is too small)

Report in Table 4

1. Sale of all purchased breeding, dairy and workstock if size of herd was not reduced. (From page 3.) See note page 3 if herd was reduced.
2. Sale of purchased poultry if not reported in Table 1 above. (From page 3.)
3. Sale of purchased feeder livestock—cattle, sheep, hogs. (From page 3.)
4. Sale of capital items held less than 6 months. (From Miscellaneous receipts—page 5 and details in inventory.)

1. DESCRIPTION	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. SALE PRICE	4. COST ON OTHER BASIS	5. DEPRECIATION	6. PROFIT COL. 3 PLUS COL. 5 MINUS COL. 4
<b>TOTALS</b>					

ITEM 4 BELOW

SUMMARY OF INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS COMPUTED ON A CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS BASIS

1. SALE OF LIVESTOCK RAISED			6. EXPENSES (FROM PAGE 31)		
2. SALE OF PRODUCE RAISED			7. DEPRECIATION (COMPUTE SEPARATELY ON FORM 1040F)		
3. OTHER FARM INCOME			8. *NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION (USE FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES ONLY IF APPLIES TO YOU—SEE NOTE BELOW)		
4. PROFIT ON SALE OF LIVESTOCK AND ITEMS PURCHASED			9. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS (ADD LINES 6-8)		
5. GROSS PROFITS (ADD LINES 1 TO 4)					
10. NET FARM PROFIT (LINE 5 MINUS LINE 9) TO BE REPORTED IN SCHEDULE C, PAGE 2, FORM 1040					

\* Net operation loss deduction. For income tax purposes you are allowed to spread a net operating loss over as many as seven years if necessary—the year of the loss, the year before the loss and five years after the year of the loss. But you must file claims in a specified order. For example, if you found you had a loss when you prepared your income report in 1952 you

could go to your Internal Revenue representative and get a form whereon you could refund your 1951 return. If your 1952 loss exceeded your 1951 income you could apply the remaining loss on the 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956 and 1957 incomes, in that order, if necessary to recover the loss.



# FARM EXPENSES FOR TAXABLE YEAR (Both Cash and Accrual Bases)

1. ITEM	FROM PAGES 28-29	2. AMOUNT	3. ITEM	FROM PAGES 28-29	4. AMOUNT
LABOR HIRED	COL. 8		GAS, OIL, GREASE	COL. 4	
FEED, BEDDING PURCHASED	COL. 13		TAXES	COL. 14	
SEED AND OTHER CROP EXPENSE	COL. 12		INSURANCE ON PROPERTY (EXCEPT DWELLING)	COL. 14	
MACHINE HIRED AND CUSTOM WORK	COL. 6		INTEREST ON FARM NOTES AND MORTGAGES	COL. 14	
BUILDING, FENCE AND DRAIN REPAIRS	COL. 1		ELECTRICITY (FARM SHARE)	COL. 9	
GENERAL EQUIPMENT REPAIRS AND EXPENSES	COL. 2		TELEPHONE (FARM SHARE)	COL. 10	
TRACTOR AND TRUCK EXPENSES	COL. 3		CASH FARM RENT	COL. 14	
BREEDING FEES	COL. 7		AUTO EXPENSE (FARM SHARE)	COL. 5	
FERTILIZER AND LIME	COL. 12		MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES	COL. 18	
VETERINARY AND OTHER LIVESTOCK EXPENSES	COL. 7		HAULING MILK, DAIRY SUPPLIES	PAGE 2	
<i>Cash basis—enter on line 6 of summary, page 30.                      Accrual basis—enter on line 7 of summary, page 32.</i>					

## DEPRECIATION (page 3, Form 1040F)

The depreciation table of the income tax Form 1040F is not shown here since there is not enough room for more than a summary of it; and the Bureau of Internal Revenue prefers that

each piece of property be shown on the depreciation table separately. The Farm Inventory Book will be helpful in bringing last year's depreciation table up-to-date.

## LONG TERM CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES—Schedule D

Enter sales (not trade-ins) of capital items (machinery and equipment, auto, and some livestock under certain conditions) which have been held over six months. The form that this table represents carries forward to Form 1040 only one-half of the net profit, all of any net loss, made on the sale of capital items. For example, if a profit of \$100 were made in the sale of one item and a loss of \$20 was made on another, the net profit would be \$80 and \$40

would be carried to the 1040. Therefore, a saving can be made by reporting the sale of qualified capital items in Schedule D. See note at the bottom of page 3 for instructions on handling a decrease in livestock numbers. Consult qualified income tax authority for assistance in handling difficult situations.

1. KIND OF PROPERTY	2. DATE ACQUIRED	3. DATE SOLD	4. SALE PRICE	5. DEPRECIATION ALLOWED	6. COST OR OTHER BASIS	7. EXPENSE OF SALE AND COST OF IMPROVEMENTS
<b>TOTALS</b>						

Total gain or loss (column 4 plus column 5 minus sum of columns 6 and 7) \$..... Copy this table in Form Schedule D.

# FARM INCOME FOR TAXABLE YEAR (Accrual Basis)

## FARM INVENTORY (page 2, Form 1040F)

	ON HAND AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		PURCHASES DURING YEAR		RAISED (NO.)	DIED OR CONSUMED (NO.)	SOLD DURING YEAR		ON HAND AT END OF YEAR	
	FROM PAGES	INVENTORY VALUE	FROM	AMOUNT PAID			FROM	AMOUNT RECEIVED	FROM PAGES	INVENTORY VALUE
CROPS, FEED, SEED, ETC.	50-51		Include under "Expenses"				Record below		50-51	
DAIRY CATTLE	52-53		PAGE 29				PAGE 3		52-53	
BEEF CATTLE	52-53		PAGE 29				PAGE 3		52-53	
SHEEP	52-53		PAGE 29				PAGE 3		52-53	
POULTRY	52-53		PAGE 29				PAGE 3		52-53	
HOGS	52-53		PAGE 29				PAGE 3		52-53	
HORSES	52-53		PAGE 29				PAGE 3		52-53	
<b>TOTALS</b>										
	LINE 4 BELOW		LINE 5 BELOW						LINE 1 BELOW	
							EGGS	PAGE 1		
							MILK OR CREAM	PAGE 2		
							CROPS (SPECIFY):	PAGE 4		
							WORK OFF FARM	PAGE 5		
							CUSTOM WORK	PAGE 5		
							GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS	PAGE 5		
							REFUNDS, COOP DIVIDENDS	PAGE 5		
							SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	PAGE 5		
							OTHER INCOME	PAGE 5		
							<b>TOTAL INCOME</b>			
									LINE 2 BELOW	

### SUMMARY OF INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS COMPUTED ON AN ACCRUAL BASIS

1. INVENTORY OF LIVESTOCK, CROPS AND PRODUCTS AT END OF YEAR				7. EXPENSES		
2. SALES OF LIVESTOCK, CROPS AND PRODUCTS DURING YEAR				8. DEPRECIATION (COMPUTE SEPARATELY ON FORM 1040F)		
3. TOTAL (ADD LINES 1 AND 2)				9. NET OPERATING LOSS DEDUCTION (SEE NOTE BOTTOM PAGE 30)		
4. INVENTORY OF LIVESTOCK, CROPS AND PRODUCTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR						
5. COST OF LIVESTOCK AND PRODUCTS PURCHASED DURING YEAR				10. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		
6. GROSS PROFITS (LINE 3 MINUS SUM OF LINES 4 AND 5)						
11. NET FARM PROFIT (LINE 6 MINUS LINE 10) TO BE REPORTED IN SCHEDULE C, PAGE 2, FORM 1040.						

# STUDY OF THE FARM BUSINESS

## I. SUMMARY OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES (Cash Basis)

CASH RECEIPTS				CASH EXPENSES			
ITEM	FROM	AMOUNT		ITEM	FROM	AMOUNT	
CAPITAL GAINS SALES	PG. 31, COL. 4			FARM EXPENSES (OMIT INTEREST PAID)	PAGE 31		
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	PG. 30, SUMMARY LINE 5			PURCHASE OF LIVESTOCK	PG. 29, COL. 16, 17		
				PURCHASE OF CAPITAL ITEMS	PG. 29, COL. 15		
<b>TOTAL CASH RECEIPTS</b>				<b>TOTAL CASH EXPENSES</b>			

## II. SUMMARY OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES (Accrual Basis)

CASH RECEIPTS				CASH EXPENSES			
ITEM	FROM	AMOUNT		ITEM	FROM	AMOUNT	
CAPITAL GAINS SALES	PG. 31, COL. 4			FARM EXPENSES (OMIT INTEREST PAID)	PAGE 31		
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	PG. 32, SUMMARY LINE 2			PURCHASES OF LIVESTOCK	PG. 32, SUMMARY LINE 5		
				PURCHASES OF CAPITAL ITEMS	PG. 29, COL. 15		
<b>TOTAL CASH RECEIPTS</b>				<b>TOTAL CASH EXPENSES</b>			

## III. SUMMARY OF FARM BUSINESS (Cash or Accrual Basis)

ITEM	FROM	THIS YEAR		PAST YEARS FOR COMPARISON			
1. TOTAL CASH RECEIPTS (SECTION I—CASH BASIS) OR (SECTION II—ACCRUAL BASIS) ABOVE							
2. INCREASE IN CAPITAL INVESTMENT, IF ANY (PAGE 54, THIRD TO LAST LINE OF INVESTMENT TABLE)							
3. TOTAL INCOME (LINE 1 PLUS LINE 2)							
4. TOTAL CASH EXPENSES (SECTION I—CASH BASIS) OR (SECTION II—ACCRUAL BASIS) ABOVE							
5. DECREASE IN CAPITAL INVESTMENT, IF ANY (PAGE 54, THIRD TO LAST LINE OF INVESTMENT TABLE)							
6. VALUE OF UNPAID FAMILY LABOR—OTHER THAN OPERATOR AND ALL BUT ONE OPERATOR IN CASE OF PARTNERSHIP (PAGE 34)							
7. TOTAL EXPENSES (LINES 4, 5 AND 6)							
8. OPERATOR FARM INCOME (LINE 3 MINUS LINE 7)							
9. INTEREST ON CAPITAL INVESTMENT (PAGE 54, LAST LINE OF INVESTMENT SECTION)							
10. OPERATOR LABOR INCOME (LINE 8 MINUS LINE 9) <i>This is the return to the operator for his labor and management</i>							
11. VALUE OF OPERATOR'S LABOR (ESTIMATE SALARY REQUIRED TO HIRE A MAN TO ASSUME DUTIES OF OPERATOR)							
12. RETURN TO CAPITAL (LINE 8 MINUS LINE 11)							
13. PERCENT RETURN ON CAPITAL (LINE 12 DIVIDED BY AVERAGE CAPITAL \$ _____ PAGE 54, SECOND TO LAST LINE)							
14. HOME-RAISED PRODUCTS USED IN HOUSEHOLD (PAGE 34)							
15. OPERATOR LABOR EARNINGS (LINE 10 PLUS LINE 14)							

## FAMILY LABOR FORCE

MEMBER OF FAMILY	MONTHS WORKED	RATE PER MONTH	VALUE
OPERATOR			
FAMILY LABOR OTHER THAN OPERATOR (NAME):			
<b>TOTAL FAMILY LABOR OTHER THAN OPERATOR</b>			

## HOME RAISED PRODUCTS USED IN HOUSEHOLD

PRODUCT	QUANTITY (POUNDS, BUSHELS, ETC.)	PRICE	TOTAL VALUE
HOGS:                      NUMBER			
CATTLE:                      NUMBER			
VEAL:                      NUMBER			
SHEEP:                      NUMBER			
HENS AND ROOSTERS:      NUMBER			
EGGS:                      DOZEN PER WEEK $\times$ 52			
MILK:                      QUARTS PER DAY $\times$ 365 (IF WANT TO CONVERT TO POUNDS OF MILK MULTIPLY BY 2.15)			
CREAM:                      PINTS PER WEEK $\times$ 52 (IF WANT TO CONVERT TO POUNDS OF 4% MILK MULTIPLY BY 7.3)			
HOME RAISED POTATOES USED			
OTHER HOME RAISED VEGETABLES USED			
HOME RAISED FRUITS, BERRIES, NUTS, ETC.			
WOOD BURNED FOR FUEL			
<b>TOTAL VALUE</b>			



# SCHEDULES OF CREDIT FROM BANKS, STORES, LIVESTOCK DEALER, INDIVIDUALS

NAME OF CREDITOR			NAME OF CREDITOR			NAME OF CREDITOR		
USE OF CREDIT			USE OF CREDIT			USE OF CREDIT		
DATES SECURED	AMOUNTS		DATES SECURED	AMOUNTS		DATES SECURED	AMOUNTS	
TOTAL OBTAINED DURING YEAR			TOTAL OBTAINED DURING YEAR			TOTAL OBTAINED DURING YEAR		
DATES REPAID	AMOUNTS		DATES REPAID	AMOUNTS		DATES REPAID	AMOUNTS	
TOTAL REPAID DURING YEAR			TOTAL REPAID DURING YEAR			TOTAL REPAID DURING YEAR		
AMOUNT OUTSTANDING END OF YEAR			AMOUNT OUTSTANDING END OF YEAR			AMOUNT OUTSTANDING END OF YEAR		



